PACE FIVE

Cleveland Sta SHELBY, N. C.

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		Secretary and Foreman
		News Editor
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We wish to call your attention to the fact that it is and has seen our cu tom to charge five cents per line for resolutions of respect, rards of thanks and obituary notices, after one death notice has been published. This will be strictly adhered to.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

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FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1936

Gaston Means who claimed to be the real kidnaper of the Lindbergh baby has always courted trouble. What if officials should believe him once and give him the juice along with Hauptmann?

JONES PAYS THE FREIGHT

As long as Washington does the spending and each section of the country gets its share, we delude ourselves into believing that it costs nothing locally. It should be borne in mind that every community will eventually have to pay its part for "running the show." There is no getting around the fact that "Jones pays the freight." Every tax goes back to the consumer sooner or later.

President Roosevelt is trying to curtail expenditures. In doing so, he is running into difficulties. Communities are so pleased with having money come from Washington that when the flow dwindles, letters and telegrams are rushed to members of Congress urging them to use their influence to keep a CCC camp, complete a WPA a PWA project, in fact retain everything we now have and get more if possible.

Such a situation as this is quite embarrassing to President Roosevelt and members of Congress in an election year. Tax payers might as well learn that the money stream from Washington can't keep up indefinitely. It must and will gradually dry up and as long as the let-up is general throughout the nation and no favoritism is shown here or there, we should resign ourselves to a curtailment program.

THE WET EAST AND REVENUE

the problem of how to handle revenue that comes from the sale of liquor is almost as big a problem as liquor is itself.

Down East the 17 counties which secured the passage of legislation in the last days of the last General permitting them to operate liquor stores, do not want to be deprived of revenue by reason of state

This issue might be projected into the gubernatorial campaign. Each of the four candidates seem willing for local option but neither has gone far enough to amplify his position on liquor revenue.

The wet counties have profited greatly by liquor sales. They want to keep that revenue. In the event of state control, the state would likely demand half of the

Therefore, the 17 wet eastern counties declare that they will vote dry in a state referendum rather than see the value state go wet and deprive them of needed revenue to run local affairs. The representatives who come from the wet counties may form a bloc that holds the deciding vote in the coming session.

Coming events promise interesting developments. Division of the revenue is becoming a question as mooted as liquor itself.

WEATHER INFLUENCING LEGISLATION

The condition of the weather is playing an important part in the trend of legislation. In fact, the recent flood disaster is completely reversing the thought of Congress on pending matters.

Curtailment of the CCC camps had been ordered and was about to be enforced when the flood waters came and inflicted a damage of hundreds of millions in the stricken area. The rich top-soil that was washed away inspired a demand from Congress that CCC camps be continued. Congress has gone further and is appropriating millions of dollars more than it had intended to build dams across the raging streams and thereby control floods of the future.

"Big business" was about to be soaked with higher tax levies. The 'lood water, aroused sympathy for and appreciation of businesses big enough to rebuild their damaged properties and promptly restore service to the public. Public utilities such as gas, electric, railroad, telephone and telegraph companies operating in the flooded areas lost millions from the flood. If these companies did not have the reserves with which to rebuild, there would be prolonged suffering in those areas. Large industrial plants are rushing to get their houses back in order and the sooner they do, the sooner will thousands of employees be back on their work and

-At the time of the flood, a Congressional committee was investigating the American Telephone and Telegraph Co., the world's largest private business enter-- prise which admits "monopoly." The masses of people this country frown down on monopoly, the present derinterpation has been shooting legislative durte at

"big business," yet the recent disaster has caused the people and the government to more fully appreciate that bigness and strength of business enables them to rebuild and restore. Hence, the new revenue bill now pending in Congress may be kinder and more sympathetic than originally intended. The disaster, therefore, was a lucky break for "big business" in spite of "air huge losses.

THE NEED OF THE NATION

Thomas R. Marshall, a former vice-president of the United States, once said that what the country needed most was a good five-cent cigar. That time has arrived

The most urgent need today are comfortable and modern homes that may be acquired at a minimum of cost. A recent press dispatch stated that the Federal Housing Administration had perfected, after a year or so of study, a small family residence that can be built for \$1,200. Just how many conveniences this particu lar priced house has, we do not know, but the cost should be in line with the means of the great masses of people with moderate incomes.

Traveling through Georgia recently we saw tenant houses without even window glass. Only a slab door swung on hinges, closed the openings in bad weather. We need not go to Georgia to find tenement houses on farms and in cities that are unfit places in which to live. We have them in Shelby and throughout the county.

Fortunately for this moderate climate, heating systems are not necessary, but every house in which human beings live should be ample in size to properly house the family that occupies it, every house should be screened, the roof should be free from leaks, the walls, ceiling and flooring close enough built to keep out the cold. Yes it should have sanitary arrangements, proper-plumbing where city water is available and if not, a surface toilet built according to health board specifications.

When a family is furnished such a home the members are encouraged to properly care for the property and beautify the interior and exterior, whether that home is owned by them or rented from a landlord.

Every facility for financing the erection of a home is furnished to the thrifty and ambitious person. Banks, building and loans and the government itself are willing to make loans to home owners.

Not everybody can have the home of their dream, but they can start in a modest way and enlarge as their income will permit.

This matter of home-ownership is one of the greatest needs of the nation today. The millions of shanties should be abandoned for more habitable places and there is no better time to begin than now while the government as well as every other agency is lending encouragement.

Flat Rock Stages A Big Dog

Lawsuit

a big law uit was hell at the

home of judge i. c. justis our local

moore, the secont son of holsum

it was proved by the party of the

party of the secont part.

retired and gone to bed.

thought.

By GEE McGEE

I Didn't Know It

I spent a few hours last week at the place where I was bred and born. The olg gully behind the barn maggis-trate, over a dog. the said wasn't so big after all. The spot dog was run into and killed by the where I used to jump in that gully, party of the first part, vizzly: hort a distance then (apparently) of moore, the secont son of boleum about 50 feet, was there all right. moore, and him and his ford was but the gully, after all these years, being sued by skinny littleton, the was about 5 feet deep.

I had a hard time locating the fence corner where I always dug first part that the dog was in the doodles; the fence was gone and so middle of the highway road, but were the doodle dens. The old the party of the secont part provsmokehouse where I generally hid ed that the said dog was standing when I outran mother who had a on the right hand side of the road healthy switch in her strong right attending to his own bizness when hand was not there, nor was there the said ford dodged out towars any sign of it ever having been him an killed him mallis-afore-

The peachtree where all of us skinned cats had disappeared. The dog was well repper-sented with rock that my head struck when I witnesses, his charracter was above fell out of the shade tree was easily reproach (meaning the dog, and years, found in the front yard and I had not the lawyer), and he had nevver no trouble in locating the identical chased otter-mobels to the sattisedge where my cranium contacted faction of the jury, he was kind and that rock; a large piece of it was gentle to the familey and nevver chipped off. Some folks say I never barked at nothing at night after got over that lick.

I couldn't find the old stump where I kept my pet bull-frog. He was a fine frog, and could jump smelt whiskey on the ford after it a little bit faster than I could push had contacted the dog betwixt his a stick right behind him, I spent nake and back hind legs, but his many a hot hour catching flies for evverdence was throwed out onner that frog, but he always appreciated count of he onced owned this dog them. I was even glad to find one and was verry much attached to for him in the gravy. His name was same by association and affection.

The room in the big house where pretty good poleesman but ain I always slept in a trundle-bed worth much as a witness. seemed mighty small. It wasn't ceiled when I lived in it, and it still ain't ceiled. I found the nails in the sum of 1\$, and ordered the otterkitchen where mother used to hang mobeel attached to sattisfy the said her red pepper pods and squash claim, an a-peal was taken and it seed and the nook behind a rafter will go to the suppreme coart which where I hid my 2 or 3 ears of pop- killed the n. r. a. and the processing corn to keep my brothers and sis- taxes, so the party of the first part ters from popping it up.

ncboddy can run over his repperta-The old well was just like it was tion with a dog as a fair honnes at the top, but the bottom of it was man and a sensible driver. not so far down as it was when I had to draw water for 4 mules, 2 ways hoped visitors would drop a to time more will be rote when the nickel or something thru so's we suppreme clart hands down some find it, but mever realized thing.

that ambition.

1 our friend. Gee McGee informed the maggistrate, he says

tion to what he said nohow, he is a

the jury found for the dog in the

yokes of oxen and 2 mileh cows, as for the one he killed, but the party well as for an old steam engine of the secont part says he wouldn't during sawing and ginning seasons, give old rover for a dozen dogs even 1 loved loss it did when I if they had peddergrees as long as was a boy except the old fire place the missy-sippi rivver. he meant and the cracks in the floor in the bread and meas to his familey encompany room (we had 3 rooms, during possum and rabbit hunting counting everything) where we al- season, he allso set birds from time

mike Clark, rid,

204 W. Marion St. Phone 499 Shelby, N. C. he agreed to furnish 2 other dogs

Star Ads Get Results corry spondent.

Washington

By HERBERT PLUMMER (Associated Press Staff Writer)

WASHINGTON .- Politicians here Michigan, prominently mentioned liquor, Therefore, I think I am capfor the Republican presidential able to advise on this great and sernomination, tripped badly when he ious problem. Now, yet us get to the in roduced his resolution in the senate calling on the

farm administration to make public all benefit payments in excess of \$10,000.

Some go so far as to say it is the first major political misstep which can be charged against him since his name has figured in all discussions of the prob-

able G. O. P. nomination at Cleve-

While he stoutly maintained he bearing upon the milite priley involved," publication of these figures would have wide repercussions on the political front.

Cached in the files of the farm administration are records of benefit payments which, if made public. would necessitate a lot of explaining in a national election year such the destiny of our great commonsome of the most prominent political personages in the country, including those who have both prais- these inside of the city limits? ed and criticized the administration's program.

Charge "Snooning" cans and anti-New Dealers have peror in 1768. condemned so strongly-prying into the private affairs of the indivi-

Republicans were outspoken in their oposition to the so-called "pink slip" law which made income tax returns available to the public. and were instrumental in having it repealed. They have pounced on the Black lobby committee for endeavoring to obtain copies of private And there have been telegrams. other examples where alleged "snooping" on the part of the government has aroused their ire.

Injects Sectionalism Issue From the standpoint of the coming campaign, there is another imaspect to be considered. both by Senator Vandenberg as a possible G. O. P. presidential candidate as well as by his party.

The west is admittedly the battleground for the 1936 campaign. Records of benefit payments to farmers imder AAA reveal the fol-

lowing interesting comparisons: For two years that AAA was in operation, forty-two counties in the state of Iowa received total benefit payments of more than a million dollars each. For three years under AAA, only five counties in the state of Mississippi received total benefit payments exceeding that amount, and the state of Arkansas only eight. Arkansas and Mississippi contain huge plantations. In the state of Texas, over a period of three years, thirty-four counties were recipients of benefit payments in excess of a million dollars. In Kansas, the home state of Govboth sides had lawyers and the ernor Landon, thirty-three counties received benefit payments of more than a million dollars in two

> It's easy to se what a political hornet's nest the Vandenberg resolution, if carried out, could stir up.

Helen Adams Keller was born at Tuscumbia, Ala., in 1880. When him and the rest of the familey had she was two, an attack of scarlet fever deprived her of sight, smell the poleesman swore that he and hearing.

Announcements

FOR CORONER andornee myself a candidate
of Cleveland county, subject
on of the Democratic primary,
Your vote will be appreciated
DR. D. M. MORRISON.



PUREOIL Service Staton W. Ernest Austell

ORDER BEAM'S

Coal High-Heat -Low-Ash Stovewood

WOULD LET STATE MANUFACTURE LIQUOB To Editor of The Star:

I noticed an article written by Mr. J. R. Anderson concering the whiskey question. I think he is right except he doesn't go far enough. I am 89 years old and have never Sena or Vandenberg of taken a drink of any intoxicating bottom of this great evil.

I suggest that the state make a good article and put the price so low that the bootlegger cannot compete with this price. As a result, he will be bound to quit his job. As long as the situation remains as it is, it is playing into his hands and many, otherwise, honest men, engage in the making and selling of whiskey on account of the high price of government whiskey as it now stands.

There are two great factors with which we are confronted, namely: youth and motherhood. Are we as a great nation and state to answer for the ill effects to both of these? The remedy I propose is as fol

lows :Let the state manufacture or was "asking only for information purchase sealed packages with revenue stamps attached and place same in reputable places, preferably drug slores, allowing them a small fixed profit for handling. Require them to sell to no one under 21 years of age and submit names of purchasers to the state at stated intervals.

Upon the motherhood and youth as this. AAA checks during the past wealth depends. Why place the three years have been mailed to handling of whiskey in the county cutside of the city limits when we have more protection for both of

Shelby, N. C.

The principality of Jind, an In-Vandenberg's proposal also runs dian state, was founded in 1763, counter to the very thing Republi- and recognized by the Mogul em-

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T'llman's Store General Merchandise Casar, N. C.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE

Union Trust Company

OF SHELBY, N. C.

INCLUDING BRANCH OFFICES AT RUTHERFORDTON, FOREST CITY, LAWNDALE AND FALLSTON, N. C.

> SHELBY, N. C. **MARCH 4TH, 1936**

RESOURCES

TELESOCITORIS	
Loans and Discounts	\$529,848.37
United States Bonds	300 323 59
North Carolina State Bonds	54.767.70
Other Stocks and Bonds	27.998 00
Banking Houses	75,000 00
Furniture and Fixtures	7 961 02
Other Real Estate Owned	75 469 41
Other Assets	19 909 14
Cash on hand and due from banks	863.466.59
TOTAL	\$1,953,117.81

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock (Common)\$150,000.00 Capital Stock (Preferred)\$100,000.00 Undivided Profits	\$250,000.0
Reserves for Contingencies, etc.	51 7CE :
Re-Discounts Other Liabilities (Insurance Dept.)	ATOM
Deposits	1 614 040



STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

SHELBY, N. C. **MARCH 4TH, 1936**

(As Condensed from Report to Comptroller of the Currency.)

RESOURCES

cong and Dissessed	
oans and Discounts	\$1.181.617.45
nited States Bonds	284 010 38
. C. State Bonds	105 670 82
ther Stocks and Bonds	100 429 29
tock in Federal Reserve Bank	22 500 00
lear Estate Owned	81 685 77
urniture and Fixtures	3 150 00
tner Assets	1 529 19
ash on hand and due from banks	1,095,108.70
TOTAL	\$2,875,701.60

· LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock (Preferred) Capital Stock (Common) Surplus	_\$250,000.00 _\$250,000.00 \$50,000.00
Undivided Profits Reserves for Interest and C	95 009 55
Bills Payable	(Deferred Credits) 24.686.16
Re-Discounts	NONE
Deposits	2,050,164.47

\$2,875,701.60





FOR GREATER RESULTS IN SELLING_TRY STAR ADV