

Timely Questions On Farm Answered

Question. How often should tobacco be primed to get the best quality leaf?

Answer: This depends upon seasonal condition, but as a general rule, the plants should be primed at least once each week. Only uniform, ripe, and well developed leaves should be primed. The harvesting should begin as soon as the bottom leaves turn yellow, but if the leaves are well matured the first or bottom leaves may be pulled a little greener than later primings. Care in pulling and handling the leaf will add as much to the quality as any other factor, and especial care should be taken to never bruise the leaf.

Question: Is there anything I can do to prevent limberneck in my poultry flock?

Answer: This trouble is caused by chickens eating material, usually of a protein nature, such as a dead chicken, moldy manure piles, hog troughs, which has undergone decomposition, and all birds should be confined until the cause is found and removed. The flock should be given epsom salts at the rate of three-fourths of a pound to two and one-half gallons of water for one day after confinement. This is a frequent occurrence at this time of the year when the flock is on free range and for that reason care should be taken to keep the range clean and free of decomposed animal matter.

Question: What can I do to protect my late cantaloupes from worms?

Answer: The pickle worm and the melon worm are the two most destructive pests at this time and they can be controlled by frequent applications of 75 per cent rotenone dust containing 25 per cent sulphur. The dust should be applied at the rate of 15 to 20 pounds an acre, depending upon the size of the plants. Treatments should begin as soon as the worms appear and continue at inter-

Floyd Explains 1938 Cotton Sales Quotas

The cotton marketing quota for a farm this year will be the actual production or the normal production (whichever is greater) on the acreage allotment for that farm, plus cotton from any previous crop the producer may have on hand.

But if a farmer knowingly overplants his allotted acreage, his quota will be the normal production on his allotment unless the county committee finds proof that his actual production is above normal, said E. Y. Floyd, AAA executive officer at State College.

On a farm where two or more growers share in the crop and where the allotment is not exceeded, each grower will be entitled to a share in the marketing quota equal to his share in the cotton produced. Where the allotment is overplanted, the county committee will divide the quota equitably among the growers.

A grower who is dissatisfied with his quota, which will be announced later, may have it reviewed by a local committee if he puts in an application for review within 15 days after his quota announcement is mailed to him.

Growers will be given cards showing how much cotton they will be permitted to sell this year without penalty. Sales in excess of the quota are subject to a penalty of two cents a pound. Growers who plant more than their allotments will also lose payments offered under the agricultural conservation program.

Producers on farms whose total production does not exceed 1,000 pounds will be exempt from the two-cent penalty in connection with the marketing of any or all of their cotton.

Values of seven days as long as they are present. Best results will be secured if the stems, foliage, and leaves are completely covered with the dust.

Warns Farmers About Quack-Cure Peddlers

"If a slick-tongued salesman comes round and tries to sell you a 'sure-cure' for sleeping sickness in horses, send him on his way before he has a chance to get any of your money," Dr. C. D. Grinnells, veterinarian at the N. C. Agricultural Experiment Station, warns Tar Heel farmers.

Last year's outbreak of this fatal disease in horses, and the approach of the 1938 season for another outbreak, have encouraged peddlers of nostrums to attempt to cash in on the situation over a wide area.

The disease is limited almost entirely to farm horses. The symptoms are of a nervous type as shown by the mental condition of affected animals, abnormal movements, and paralysis. These symptoms are often preceded by a marked depression in the animal's spirits. The animal at first appears dull, then gradually lapses into unconsciousness.

The only preventive for sleeping sickness so far discovered is vaccination, and to be effective it must be given at least 20 days before the disease occurs. In other words, vaccination must be given before the animal shows any signs of disease.

Other safety first measures are: Keep horses away from swampy or creek-bed pastures, allow horses to graze in daytime if possible but keep them in the stable at night, take precautions to protect horses from mosquitoes and insects, avoid strange watering troughs and contact with horses on other farms. If horses stumble, stagger, or appear sleepy, call a veterinarian at once.

MISS HAMRICK ENTERTAINS

Miss Gladys Hamrick delightfully entertained a number of her friends at a bridge party Tuesday evening. After several progressions, Mrs.

Agnes Williams was awarded high score prize for the ladies, and Edward Weeks for the men.

Delicious refreshments were served by the hostess following the game.

Those playing and enjoying the evening were: Misses Helene Nixon, Evelyn Riddick, Ruth Davenport, Jocelyn Whedbee, Mary Towe, and Mrs. Agnes Williams, Mrs. Walter Oakey, and Henry Clay Sullivan, Walter Edwards, John Pitt, Jesse Parker Perry, Irvin Nixon, R. S. Monds, Jr., Lawrence Towe, Edward Weeks, and the hostess, Miss Hamrick.

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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF HERTFORD BANKING CO.

Of Hertford, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business on June 30, 1938.

ASSETS

1 Cash, balances with other banks, and cash items in process of collection	\$ 64,293.85
3 United States Government obligations, direct and fully guaranteed	71,339.60
4 State, county and municipal obligations	279,562.37
6 Corporate stocks	4,600.00
7 Loans and discounts	192,354.84
9 Banking house owned, furniture and fixtures	10,450.26
11 Other real estate owned	19,570.81
15 Other assets	25,828.13
16 Total assets	\$667,999.86

LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL

17 Deposits of individuals, partnerships and corporations:	
(a) Demand deposits	\$190,139.85
(b) Time deposits evidenced by savings pass books	318,146.68
(c) Other time deposits	5,113.30
18 United States Government and postal savings deposits	52,466.78
19 State, county and municipal deposits	12,657.02
21 Certified and officers' checks, letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash, and amounts due to Federal Reserve bank (transit account)	600.96
22 TOTAL DEPOSITS	\$579,124.59
28 Dividends declared but not yet payable	24.00
29 Other liabilities	9,509.47
30 Total liabilities excluding capital account	\$588,658.06
31 Capital account:	
(a) Capital stock and capital notes and debentures*	\$ 50,000.00
(b) Surplus	12,500.00
(c) Undivided profits	16,091.80
(d) Reserves	750.00
(e) Total capital account	79,341.80
32 Total liabilities and capital	\$667,999.86

33 On date of report the required legal reserve against deposits of this bank was \$49,787.41. Assets reported above which were eligible as legal reserve amounted to \$64,293.85.

34 Deferred obligations not included among above liabilities, which are subordinated to claims of depositors and other creditors: None. Undeclared dividends on preferred stock and unpaid interest on capital notes and debentures, accrued prior to end of last dividend or interest period None.

*This bank's capital is represented by \$25,000.00 capital notes and debentures sold to Reconstruction Finance Corporation and \$25,000.00 sold to public; 250 shares of first preferred stock, par value \$100.00 per share, retractable at \$100.00 per share; and 250 shares of common stock, par \$100.00 per share.

MEMORANDA

35 Pledged assets (except real estate), rediscounts and securities loaned:

(a) U. S. Government obligations, direct and fully guaranteed, pledged to secure deposits and other liabilities	\$ 57,000.00
(e) TOTAL	\$ 57,000.00

36 Secured and preferred liabilities:

(a) Deposits secured by pledged assets pursuant to requirement of law	\$ 57,000.00
(e) TOTAL	\$ 57,000.00

I, R. M. Riddick, Jr., Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, and that it fully and correctly represents the true state of the several matters herein contained and set forth, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. M. RIDDICK, JR., Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
E. Q. WHITE.

W. F. C. EDWARDS,
CHAS. WHEDBEE,
T. P. BRINN,
Directors.

State of North Carolina,
County of Perquimans.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 9th day of July, 1938, and I hereby certify that I am not an officer or director of this bank.
(Seal) E. Q. WHITE, Notary Public.

My commission expires August 22, 1938.

Here's How
to
KEEP COOL!

Make It a Cool, Cool Summer . . .
. . . Beat The Heat This EASY WAY

Forget all about scorching sidewalks and heavy bundles and clumsy packages and hot sticky clothes. Forget about crowded aisles. Plan a shopper's holiday every day this Summer—reach for the phone at home or wherever you are and do your shopping this modern, simplified way. Here's the cool cool way to enjoy shopping!

SAVE THESE NAMES AND PHONE NUMBERS

<p>J. C. Blanchard & Co. NO. 2</p> <hr/> <p>Central Grocery NO. 58</p> <hr/> <p>Walker's NO. 164</p> <hr/> <p>Darden Brothers NO. 36</p>	<p>Morgan's Modern Grocery NO. 10-J</p> <hr/> <p>Roberson's Drug Store NO. 77</p> <hr/> <p>Hertford Hardware NO. 90</p> <hr/> <p>Simon's NO. 18-W</p>
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