

TOWN AND FARM IN WARTIME

Ration Reminder

Gasoline—"A" book coupons No. 7, good for four gallons outside the East Coast shortage area, must last through September 21. Within the shortage area "A" book coupons No. 6, good for three gallons each. "B" and "C" coupons cut to two and one-half gallons in twelve of the North-eastern states of the shortage area. "B" and "C" coupons good for three gallons in the remaining five states of the Eastern shortage area. All gasoline coupons in the possession of car owners must be endorsed with the owner's license number and state of registration.

Sugar—Stamp No. 13 good for 5 pounds, through August 15. Stamps Nos. 15 and 16 are good through October 31 for 5 pounds, each for home canning purposes. Housewives may apply to their local ration boards for more if necessary.

Coffee—Stamp No. 22 (1 pound good through August 11.

Fuel Oil—Period 5 coupons valid in all zones through September 30. Period 1 coupons in new fuel oil rations are good for ten gallons each. Occupants of oil-heated homes are urged to return their applications for next year's fuel oil rations to their War Price and Ration Boards promptly.

Shoes—Stamp No. 18 (1 pair) is valid through October 31.

Meat, etc.—Red stamps P, Q, R and S, expire July 31. Red stamp T is valid July 25, expires August 31; U is valid August 1, expires August 31; V is valid August 8, expires August 31; W is valid August 15, expires August 31.

To Equalize Gasoline Rations

Equalizing of gasoline rationing throughout the United States east of the Rocky Mountains will be recommended by the Petroleum Administration for War within sixty days. This action, aimed to spread the burden of war equally among all people, will probably result in some increase in gasoline rations in the East and some decrease in the Middle West and Southwest, according to Petroleum Administrator Ickes. It is not anticipated that there will be enough gasoline for driving which is not necessary.

Corn Needed For War Industries

Farmers who sell their corn to a country elevator buying for the Commodity Credit Corporation before August 10, are guaranteed extra payments to cover any increase in corn prices between the date they sell and October 31. Marvin Jones, War Food Administrator, has commended farmers who sell corn to relieve shortages in war industries and for feed, and has announced that more than 6 million bushels have been purchased since July 1.

Home Canning Jars

More home canning jars and covers were made in the first five months of this year than in the entire year of 1942, in anticipation of an unprecedented volume of home canning. Housewives will profit from a study of directions that come with each box of jars and covers, for the new three-piece canning top—glass lid, metal screw band, and rubber ring—must be used differently from other types of covers. Quality of jars and covers produced this year, says WPB, is high.

Soldiers Get Jobs

Men discharged from the armed services because of disabilities have a direct contact with the Veterans Employment representative in their own home town through a division of the United States Employment Service. Every attempt is made to inform the veteran of his re-employment rights under the Selective Service Act, help him get special training through the Veterans Administration, and to help him get a job in actual war production work.

No New Tires For Spares

New tires will not be rationed as spares in the next few months except to such persons as firemen and doctors, OPA announced recently. Drivers that do not have a fifth tire usable for a spare occasionally, may get a certificate for a used or recapped tire for that purpose.

Home Repairs Are Essential

Wartime restrictions on building new homes make it important that houses should be kept in good repair, according to Federal Housing officials. New home building is largely restricted to war industry areas and the majority of American families must depend on their present housing for the duration of the war.

War Prisoners In U. S.

Prisoners of war interned in the U. S. total 65,058. The War Department has announced. Of these, 45,355 are Germans, 19,641 are Italians, and 62 are Japanese. The Japanese are interned at Camp McCoy, Wisconsin, and the others in 37 prisoner of war camps situated in 20 states.

Burlap Bags

Farmers who grow potatoes, and potato packers, can now buy as many burlap bags as they did in 1941, according to a recent ruling by the War Production Board. Previously, they could only buy half that amount.

How To Hard-Surface Machine Parts

How to make new and worn machinery parts last longer by a method known as hard-surfacing is described in an illustrated manual issued by the Office of Defense Transportation. Full directions are given to welders

for repairing tractor, automobile, and truck and trailer parts. Copies of the manual may be obtained free from the central office in Washington, or from field offices of the ODT.

Vehicle Registration Down

Although the registration of private and commercial motor vehicles in 1942 was 5% percent less than in the peak year 1941, it exceeded the registration of 1940 by more than half a million, Public Roads Administrator of Federal Works Agency reported after completing its annual compilation of motor-vehicle registration statistics.

Army Offers Military Scholarships To Youths

Qualified high school graduates between 17 and 18 years of age will be granted military scholarships at selected colleges and universities, under the new Reserve section of the Army Specialized Training Program, Headquarters Fourth Service Command announced today.

The Reserve Program will be limited to those volunteers who receive qualifying scores on the pre-induction test administered last April 2, and to those who qualify in similar tests given in the future.

The military scholarship will provide for payment of tuition, messing, housing and such medical services as is customary in the institution.

Special notices of eligibility will be mailed by the War Department soon, to those who made satisfactory scores on the April 2 pre-induction test, who will not have reached their 18th birthdays prior to August 15, 1943.

If the boy who receives this notice is not already in the Enlisted Reserve Corps, he will be required to get in it before he can be granted an AST Reserve Program Military scholarship.

Unlike ASTP trainees, the Reservists will not be on active duty, or receive basic military training before entering the Reserve program. They will attend college on inactive duty, in civilian clothes. At the end of the term in which the trainee reaches his 18th birthday, he will be placed on active military duty, sent to an Army Replacement Training Center for basic training, and if qualified, he will be assigned to an Army Specialized Training Unit, to continue in his particular field of study.

In general, qualified candidates must: have a high school education; have passed their 17th birthday, but their 18th birthday must not occur prior to August 15, 1943; have passed the A-12 pre-induction test; be voluntarily enlisted in the enlisted reserve corps; meet physical requirements for general service enlisted men.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

GOD DELIVERS HIS PEOPLE

International Sunday School Lesson for August 1, 1943.

GOLDEN TEXT: "Call upon Me in the day of trouble; I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me."—Psalm 50:15.

Lesson Text: Exodus 5:22-23; 6:1-7; 12:51.

In order to refresh our minds, following the break in this series of lessons which occurred last Sunday, let's review a bit.

Moses, having accepted the divine call to lead the children of Israel out of Egypt leaves Midian. Meeting his brother Aaron by the sacred mountain, he performs the three miracles to confirm his authority, namely the rod changing into a serpent, the hand turned leprous and then healthy, and the bloody water.

The two brothers journey into the Hebrew colony and at a public gathering reveal their mission and perform their wonders to persuade the people. In this they were successful, the Israelites hearing the news gladly and turning to a renewed worship of Jehovah. While leading the people, Moses took them into his confidence in the hopes of securing a full and loyal support.

Various appeals to Pharaoh then followed. At first the plea of the two octogenarians were rejected and the taskmasters were instructed to make the burden of labor heavier upon the workers. The Israelites, forecasting their fickleness through the ages, turned upon Moses with recrimination because his efforts had only brought them harder tasks.

Again the two brothers appeared before Pharaoh, and with their miracles sought to induce him to allow the departure of the children of Jacob from Goshen. Aaron's rod be-

came a serpent, but the court magician duplicated the feat in some jugglery and Pharaoh was not convinced even though Aaron's serpent consumed those of the magician.

In his hardness of heart, Pharaoh inquired, "Who is the Lord?" The answer came in ten plagues, each driving home an answer to this question and finally resulting in the exodus of the Hebrews.

Some question the authenticity of the entire account, maintaining that it was exaggerated by subsequent generations, and saying that it would be hard to conceive of any king remaining adamant after repeated punishments such as Pharaoh passed through.

Others call attention to the fact that these plagues are all calamities which might be expected in the Egyptian country, but that the divine hand can be seen in their intensity, the prophesies of their coming, and the localization of some so as only to harm the Egyptians. The ten plagues were as follows:

First, the waters of the Nile were turned to blood for seven days.

Second, innumerable frogs came at the command of Moses, interfering with ordinary living.

Third, insects (gnats, lice or some such pest) visited the land producing great annoyance.

Fourth, flies in vast numbers, perhaps a biting, stinging beetle.

Fifth, Murrain, an infectious disease fatal to cattle and domestic animals.

Sixth, boils, festering and burning man and beast.

Seventh, hail, thunder and lightning; unusual natural occurrences.

Eighth, swarms of locusts devouring the country's green plants.

Ninth, darkness sweeping over and consuming the country for three days.

Tenth, the death of the first-born throughout Egypt, man and animal.

Interesting features to notice at these plagues are:

(1) The fact that the court magician apparently copied some of them, but later suffered with everyone else.

(2) The Hebrews were included in the discomforts of some but the great majority of the disasters left them without harm. To escape the last plague of death certain religious ceremonies had to be observed by the Israelites as if Jehovah was giving that people a final test before their departure.

(3) The religious ideas of the Egyptians were assailed; the Nile was sacred, one of their dieties had the head of a frog, darkness overcome the sun-god, Ra, and out of the worshipped soil came disease and affliction.

(4) Certain Egyptians were protected from the evil effects of the seventh plague, that of hail. "He that feared the Lord among the servants of Pharaoh" was warned and allowed to escape this punishment. Were there followers of Jehovah among the Egyptians?

The Israelites were given particular instructions as to how they should avoid the terrific toll of death in this last plague. The passover lamb must be killed and eaten, but that private religious ceremony would be insufficient. A public profession of Jehovah must be made, the blood of the sacrificed animal must be sprinkled on the door and posts.

So was instituted the ancient feast of the Passover, commemorative in

later years of how the God of Israel delivered them from the Egyptians. So important was the event that it was to be the first day of the year thereafter. It stands today as the greatest religious event of the orthodox Jew, having come down the centuries and being one of the oldest religious observances of man.

Centuries later, the Christians found in this ancient rite, the prophesy of the sacrifice of Christ for the salvation of man. The human soul, in bondage of sin, a slavery more permanent than that of Egypt, was to be rescued. The Lord's Supper, a communion of the Christian church, was instituted by the Saviour during the Jewish season of the Passover.

Total Loss

Vicar—Ah, Mrs. Tompkins, we never realize the value of anything until we've lost it.

Widow—No sir, but I shan't realize anything—my husband wasn't insured.

No Wonder

"What kind of watch have you?"
"A wonder watch."
"Wonder watch? Never heard of that before."
"Well, it's like this. Every time I look at it I wonder what time it is."

LEGAL NOTICES

WANTED—TO BUY GREEN CORN stalks for Silo. Can take immediate and daily delivery. Write or call Lakeside Dairy Farms (near Great Bridge on road to Norfolk). July 23, 30c.

NOTICE

By virtue of a deed of trust executed to me by W. G. Newby, for certain purposes therein mentioned, which said deed of trust bears date of March 1st, 1911, and is registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of Perquimans County in Book 7 (M. D.), page 547, at the request of the holder of the note secured thereby, I shall on Friday, the 20th day of August, 1943, at 11 A. M., offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash at the Court House door in Hertford, Perquimans County, N. C., the property conveyed to me in said deed of trust, to-wit:

All that certain lot or parcel of land, or town lot, situated in Town of

Kidneys Must Work Well-

For You To Feel Well

24 hours every day, 7 days every week, never stopping, the kidneys filter waste matter from the blood. If these people were aware of how the kidneys must constantly remove surplus fluid, excess acids and other waste matter that cannot stay in the blood without injury to health, there would be better understanding of why the whole system is upset when kidneys fail to function properly.

DOAN'S PILLS

STATEMENT Federal Life (Accident Dept.) Insurance Co. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Condition December 31, 1942, As Shown By Statement Filed
Amount of Capital paid up in cash \$ 375,000.00
Amount of Ledger Assets Dec. 31st of previous year,

\$13,082,089.43;
Increase of Capital during year Total, 18,082,089.43
Income—From Policyholders, \$1,620,525.58; Miscellaneous, 4,980,997.79
\$3,360,472.21; Total 4,980,997.79
Disbursements—To Policyholders, 785,818.61; Miscellaneous, 3,900,241.20
\$3,114,422.59; Total 3,900,241.20

ASSETS
Premiums in course of Collection 31,836.01
Bills Receivable 30.07
Life Dept., Ledger Assets 19,127,706.59
Life Dept., Non-Ledger Assets 782,568.41
All other Assets, as detailed in statement 3,273.35
Total \$ 19,895,409.43

Less Assets not admitted 38,157.96
Total admitted Assets \$19,857,251.47

LIABILITIES
Unpaid Claims \$ 1,157,670.00
Expense, Investigation, and Adjustment of Claims 30,099.42
Unearned Premiums 399,193.14
Commission, Brokerage, and other charges due 4,741.92
Salaries, Rents, Expenses, Bills, Accounts, Fees, etc., due or accrued 3,104.24
Estimated amount of Federal, State, county and municipal taxes 28,782.64
Life Dept., including reserves 16,313,272.82
All other Liabilities, as detailed in statement 645,387.59

Total amount of Liabilities except capital \$18,582,251.47
Capital paid up \$375,000.00
Surplus over all Liabilities 900,000.00

Surplus as regards Policyholders 1,275,000.00
Total Liabilities \$19,857,251.47
BUSINESS IN NORTH CAROLINA DURING 1942

| | Premiums Rec'd | Losses Paid | Premiums Rec'd | Losses Paid |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| Accident | | | | |
| Health | 14,109 | 5,575 | | |
| Non-cancellable accident and health | | | | |
| Auto Liability | | | | |
| | | | 14,109 | 5,575 |

President: L. D. Cavanaugh
Treasurer: A. F. Willard
Home Office: 168 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

I, William P. Hodges, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of the Federal Life (Accident Dept.) Insurance Company, of Chicago, Ill., filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1942.

Witness my hand and official seal, the day and date above written.
(SEAL) WILLIAM P. HODGES, Insurance Commissioner.

Hertford, Hertford Township, Perquimans County, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of formerly W. S. Blanchard, Front Street, Perquimans River and H. C. Stokes. Beginning on the east side of Front Street W. S. Blanchard (now Mrs. R. T. Brinn) line, then northerly along Front Street eighty-one (81) feet, then by a line at right angles to Front Street to Perquimans River, thence along Perquimans River to W. S. Blanchard line, thence westerly along W. S. Blanchard line to Front Street, the place of beginning, containing 1-3 acre more or less.
A deposit of 10% of purchase price will be required of purchaser at time of sale.
This the 19th day of July, 1943.
CHAS. WHEDBEE, Trustee.
July 23, 39, Aug. 6, 13

STATEMENT

Fireman's Fund Indemnity Company SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Condition December 31, 1942, As Shown By Statement Filed
Amount of Capital paid up in Cash \$ 1,000,000.00
Amount of Ledger Assets December 31st, of previous year,

\$12,887,652.87;
Increase of Capital during year Total, 12,887,652.87
Income—From Policyholders, \$9,112,334.70; Miscellaneous, 10,383,033.42
\$1,220,698.72; Total 10,383,033.42
Disbursements—To Policyholders, 2,818,044.00; Miscellaneous, 6,936,238.79
\$4,118,194.79; Total 6,936,238.79

ASSETS
Value of Bonds and Stocks \$ 9,603,976.45
Cash in Company's Office 18,103.79
Deposits in Trust Companies and Banks not on interest 4,329,496.78
Premiums in course of Collection 2,201,790.27
Interest and Rents due and accrued 48,944.73
All other Assets, as detailed in statement 131,080.21

Total \$16,333,392.23
Less Assets not admitted 1,510,811.08

Total admitted Assets \$14,822,581.15

LIABILITIES
Unpaid Claims \$ 5,981,359.61
Expense, Investigation, and Adjustment of Claims 107,189.00
Unearned Premiums 3,370,118.70
Commission, Brokerage, and other charges due 293,880.33
Salaries, Rents, Expenses, Bills, Accounts, Fees, etc., due or accrued 40,500.00
Estimated amount of Federal, State, county, and municipal taxes 262,044.72
All other Liabilities, as detailed in statement 462,348.61

Total amount of all Liabilities except Capital \$10,516,940.97
Capital paid up \$1,000,000.00
Surplus over all Liabilities 3,305,640.18

Surplus as regards Policyholders 4,305,640.18
Total Liabilities \$14,822,581.15
BUSINESS IN NORTH CAROLINA DURING 1942

| | Premiums Rec'd | Losses Paid | Premiums Rec'd | Losses Paid |
|---------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| Accident | 344 | | | |
| Health | 22 | | 90 | |
| Auto Liability | 2,327 | 25 | 609 | 55 |
| Liability other than auto | 4,474 | 75 | 6 | |
| Workmen's compensation | 2,455 | 911 | | 31 |
| Fidelity | 115 | 17 | | |
| Surety | 11,224 | | 21,697 | 1,083 |

President: Charles R. Page
Treasurer: Lewis P. Mansfield.
Home Office: 401 California St., San Francisco, Cal.
Attorney for service: Insurance Commissioner, Raleigh, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

I, William P. Hodges, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct abstract of the statement of the Fireman's Fund Indemnity Company, of San Francisco, Cal., filed with this Department, showing the condition of said Company on the 31st day of December, 1942.

Witness my hand and official seal, the day and date above written.
(SEAL) WILLIAM P. HODGES, Insurance Commissioner.

NOTICE OF SALE!

Under and by virtue of the authority given in the will of the late Dr. J. P. Whedbee, the undersigned shall offer for sale at the court house door in Hertford, N. C., on August 2, 1943, at 11:30 A. M., for cash, the following described property:

First Tract: Bounded on the south by the Albemarle Sound, on the north by Windmill Road, on the east by lands of Mrs. J. C. Hobbs, and on the west and north by Windmill Road, and being the Home Place of the late C. N. Hobbs.

Second Tract: Bounded on the south by the lands of C. T. Smith and Abner Sawyer, on the north by lands of Mrs. J. C. Hobbs, on the east by Windmill Road and on the west by the lands of Abner Sawyer and Jack Sawyer. This second tract was bought of B. F. Gregory. Both of the above described pieces of land containing in the aggregate 100.5 acres more or less and described by deed recorded in deed book 17, page 363, Public Registry of Perquimans County, N. C.

Third Tract: Bounded on the north by lands of J. L. Overton, on the east by Muddy Creek, on the south by land of W. M. Coffield, and on the west by Muddy Creek Road, known as the J. P. Whedbee Muddy Creek land, containing about 85 acres, more or less.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all bids received for the above described property. Possession to be given January 1, 1944.

Dated this 15th day of July, 1943.

FARMERS BANK OF NANSEMOND,
EXECUTORS ESTATE OF J. P. WHEDBEE,
R. M. RIDDICK, Jr., Agent.