

LOOKING AT WASHINGTON

By Hugo S. Sims, Washington Correspondent

Navy Has 40 Carriers To Push Sea Attack

Construction has already begun on two of the Navy's 45,000-ton super aircraft carriers which are designed to carry twin-engine bombers.

Three of the carriers will be constructed. They will be the largest ever built by any nation and will extend by hundreds of miles the striking arm of the fleet. The new carriers are considered especially desirable in the Pacific where great distances require long-range planes.

Secretary Knox recently revealed that the Navy possesses more than forty aircraft carriers of all types. This includes combat and escort ships, but at least seventeen are strictly combat carriers, designed and constructed for aerial warfare at sea.

It is possible that the Navy has more carriers of the combat type. It is known that the new carrier *Wasp* is in commission. It was the sixth 27,000-ton carrier launched. In addition, nine other carriers have been launched, the result of converting cruisers under construction into carriers. There may be others.

The use of carriers, equipped with the more deadly Hellcat planes, is having a profound effect upon the war in the Pacific. Carrier-based aircraft attack Japanese installations, destroying docks and sinking ships. They pave the way for occupation of strategic airfield areas by ground troops and represent the advance front of a reconstructed Navy that is gradually asserting its sovereignty in the waters upon which the existence of Japan depends.

New Negotiable Bond For Private Investors

Another war bond campaign will begin on January 18th, with a goal of \$14,000,000,000 from non-banking sources.

This represents a difficult assignment. It will be necessary for wage-earners and all individuals enjoying increased incomes to purchase bonds liberally, or the campaign will fail.

In this connection, it might be a good idea to recall that General Eisenhower, in predicting victory in 1944, said that the only thing needed "is for every man and woman all the way from the front line to the remotest hamlet of our country, to do his or her full duty."

It is impossible for many Americans to actively participate in the defense of this country. It is given to some individuals on the home front to render services invaluable to the war. It is the privilege of every American to support the war effort by the purchase of war bonds, without which the nation cannot give proper support to its fighting men. We understand that a new form of

war bond will be made available to the general public. It will be transferable, thus subject to sale, or use as collateral. This represents a departure from the Treasury's opposition to a negotiable bond, similar to those issued during the first World War.

Many Americans will recall that the Victory issues of 1917 and 1918, which were negotiable, were thrown on the market at such a rate that shrewd folk bought them at discounts as great as fifteen per cent. In brief, the eagerness of the general public to cash the bonds and spend the money permitted smart people to make fortunes through the purchase of these bonds.

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, has heretofore staunchly opposed a negotiable bond. He has insisted upon the Series E War Bond, non-transferable, which is backed by the promise of the Government to redeem at not less than the full purchase price.

From the above, every individual can decide whether to buy the Series E bonds or the new issue of negotiable bonds. The important thing is for every loyal American to disregard the slackers, grumblers and profit-seekers, who would discourage them, and make a determined effort, even at some inconvenience, to support the financing of the war.

Right To Strike Must Not Injure The General Welfare

The successful strike of the coal miners has been followed by threatened strikes of steel and railroad workers and the comparative ease with which these workers use the strike weapons to enforce wage increases in time of war should be a matter of national concern.

It is not necessary to consider the justice of the demands made by the workers. The apparent truth is that whatever their demands, they can be enforced by a strike which takes advantage of the national emergency. Consequently, the willingness of workers to strike during the war means that their leaders can compel acquiescence in any demands.

Just as the nation could not afford a prolonged cessation of coal mining, it cannot risk the consequences of a shut-down of the steel plants and railroads. As President Roosevelt said, "The war will not wait," and our fighting men across the seas must be assured uninterrupted supplies, equipment and weapons.

The right of workers to strike must be recognized but it is subordinate to the general welfare of the people of the United States.

Use of the strike weapon in times of national emergency and except upon rare occasions, inflicts a serious

injury upon the public. Consequently, it will not be surprising if the people demand the creation of some authority, with power to hear, settle and enforce decisions involving the disputes between labor and capital.

While responsible labor leaders have constantly reiterated the pledge of the unions not to strike during the war, the record shows an increasing tendency to do this very thing.

Obviously, if any economic group possesses the power to enforce its demands, the interests of other economic groups will inevitably suffer. With about twelve million workers included in the ranks of organized labor, it seems reasonably certain that the other 122,000,000 Americans will eventually do something about it.

Invasion Of Europe Means Airpower Cannot Guarantee Nazi Defeat

The biggest business of 1944, so far as the United States is concerned, will be the effort to smash Germany by a determined assault against Europe.

Already the experts have noted the heavy aerial bombardment of the French Channel coast which is taken as the beginning of the preliminary bombardment that will pave the way for actual invasion.

The decision to launch an all-out offensive indicates that our military leaders are convinced that such an offensive is necessary to defeat Germany. By implication, it recognizes the improbability of winning the war by an unrelenting air attack in cooperation with the heavy fighting being done by the Red Army.

Effectiveness of Bombing Known It is inconceivable that this decision would have been made except after careful study by our military leaders who are in a position to know the full effects of aerial attacks upon Germany. Certainly, if they believe that Germany can be defeated within a reasonable time without a cross-channel invasion they would not order such an attack.

Unfortunately, there will be heard voices in the United States, insisting that Germany "cannot endure our bombings past March or April," as Senator Sheridan Downey asserted in Washington this week.

Senator Downey is an exponent of unrelenting air attack, having expressed the opinion that full scale aerial warfare can defeat the Nazis so that only a "token" land force will be necessary to occupy the country and mop up scattered resistance.

Invasion Considered Necessary It would be regrettable if American mothers, fathers, wives and relatives of our soldiers should get the idea that invasion is premature or that it expresses the impatience of professional military men over the tardiness of victory.

There is nothing to support this view except the enthusiasm of the advocates of air power who continually advance the date by which Ger-

many's collapse can be assured. In this connection, it is interesting to call attention to the appointment of General Dwight D. Eisenhower as the Supreme Commander of Allied forces in the West. In his Mediterranean campaign, General Eisenhower's strategy was marked by considerable accomplishments with an extremely low cost in lives.

Civilian Impatience Foolish Valuable lessons about the impatience, being expressed by many Americans over the slow progress of the Allied armies toward Rome and German-occupied Northern Italy, can be learned. Much the same impatience was manifested during the last days of the Tunisian campaign in Africa. The final result of General Eisenhower's strategy in Africa was the complete defeat of the enemy, without a great many casualties.

It seems safe to assume that General Eisenhower will display the same regard for human life in operations across the Channel. This should reassure and comfort all Americans and convince them that he will not send his soldiers into bloody combat unnecessarily.

Certainly, if the aerial offensive can eliminate the necessity of an invasion, General Eisenhower has sense enough to comprehend the fact. He is in a better position to judge the type of operations necessary and the nation should place its confidence in his skill, disregarding the voices of political strategists in this country.

BURGESS CLUB MEETS

Burgess Home Demonstration Club met Monday evening at the home of Mrs. Tommie Matthews. The meeting was called to order by the president, and Audrey Copeland read four verses from the second chapter of St. Luke. Mrs. J. B. Basnight gave a Christmas prayer. A flute solo, "Jolly Old St. Nick," was given by Thomas Jones and Hugh Copeland recited "Christmas Wish." Mrs. Josiah Proctor and Mrs. Sidney Layden sang "Joy to the World." Miss Mary Gaither gave a Christmas reading and a chorus sang "Silent Night." During several enjoyable contests, prizes were won by Mrs. Sidney Layden, Miss Mary Gaither and Mrs. Josiah Proctor. Gifts from under the Christmas tree were presented each member.

Ice cream and cake were served to the following: Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Layden and sons, Sidney and Bob; Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Proctor and two children, Joe and Annette; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Copeland and children, Hugh, Audrey, Sidney and Una; Mr. and Mrs. Tommie Matthews and children, Thomas and Whit; Mr. and Mrs. Winston E. Lane and children, Winston and Annie Lou; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Basnight, Mrs. R. G. McCracken, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ward, Sr., Nan Ward and Will Williams, Misses Mary Gaither, Frances Maness, Della Overton and Linda Overton.

ENTERTAINS AT DINNER

Mrs. R. A. Perry was a delightful hostess on Christmas Day at her home on Route 1, Hertford, when she entertained the members of her family at dinner. The house was beautifully decorated with holly and evergreens.

Mrs. Perry's guests included Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Sutton and son, Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Hobbs and daughter, of Elizabeth City; Mr. and Mrs. Odell Baccus and son, of Hertford; Mrs. Fred Evans, Mrs. Charlie Dail and daughter; Hallett, Joseph and Louise Evans, all of near Hertford; Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Perry, of Elizabeth City; Jay Perry, of Sunbury; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Stallings and Mr. and Mrs. Raleigh Perry, all of Richmond, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Perry, of Hertford.

WHITESTON NEWS

Allison White and son, of Bladenboro; Mr. and Mrs. Murriell Winslow and son, of Petersburg, Va., spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Winslow.

Miss Sybil Winslow, of Washington, D. C., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Winslow. Miss Esther Mae White, a student at E. C. T. C., Greenville, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest White.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie White and children were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Paul J. White, in Elizabeth City, on Christmas Day.

Miss Kathryn White, a student at E. C. T. C., Greenville, is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Winslow.

Mrs. Mary Williams and son, Herbert, were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Winslow, at Belvidere, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dempsey Winslow and sons, Gale and Dolan, were the guests of Mrs. Winslow's mother, at Winfall, on Christmas Day.

Little Jesse Ray Lane, of Elizabeth City, is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. DeWitt Winslow.

Miss Martha Lane, of Charlotte;

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Baker, of New York, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John T. Lane.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph White, Evelyn and Thurman White spent Christmas in Norfolk and at Ocean View, Va., visiting relatives. They were accompanied home by Mrs. White's sister and her son who are visiting them for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Lane were supper guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Matthews, Christmas Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Julian Matthews and children, of Hertford, visited Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Lane, Monday evening.

Kidneys Must Work Well

For You To Feel Well

24 hours every day, 7 days every week, never stopping, the kidneys filter waste matter from the blood. If more people were aware of how the kidneys must constantly remove surplus fluid, excess acids and other waste matter that cannot stay in the blood without injury to health, there would be better understanding of why the whole system is upset when kidneys fail to function properly.

Burning, scanty or too frequent urination sometimes warns that something is wrong. You may suffer from backache, headaches, dizziness, or other pains, getting up at night, swollen feet, or a modicum of kidney trouble. Doan's is the only kidney medicine that has been used by the thousands and has been found to be the most effective. Get Doan's today. Use it and you will feel better.

At all drug stores.

DOAN'S

Conserve Your Car

★ ★ FOR VICTORY ★ ★

An important step in caring for your car is to care for your tires. Let Joe and Bill's inspect your tires often.

When in need of tires, and if you have the proper certificate, come to Joe and Bill's for your new tires. We have a large stock of tires, all sizes.

GOODYEAR and U. S. ROYAL
TIRES and TUBES

JOE AND BILL'S SERVICE STATION

"Where Service Is A Pleasure"

BILL WHITE, Prop.

PHONE 8601

NOTICE!

Beginning January first, all Tax Listers of Perquimans County, North Carolina, will sit at the following places and on the dates mentioned below for the purpose of listing your PROPERTY TAXES for the year of 1944:

List In January and Save the Penalty

Belvidere Township

CARROLL V. WARD, List Taker

January 20, At Whiteston, R. M. Baker's Store
January 27, At Whiteston, Ralph White's Store
January 18 and 25, At E. L. Chappell's Store
Every Saturday during the month of January at E. L. Chappell's Store

Bethel Township

R. S. CHAPPELL, List Taker

January 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, At J. C. Hobbs' Store
January 5, 12, 19, 26 during P. M., At J. C. Hobbs' Store at Night
January 19, 22, At Court House in Hertford
January 20 in afternoon, At M. T. Griffin Store
All other days during January, at home.

Hertford Township

J. O. WHITE, List Taker

January 5, 8, 10, At Court House in Hertford
January 5, 12 and 15, At Court House in Hertford
January 17 through to 31, At Court House in Hertford
All other days during January at home

New Hope Township

CARSON SPIVEY, List Taker

January 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, 31, At Community House, New Hope
January 19, At S. F. Harrell's Store
January 26, At Woodville, Bogue's Store
January 12, At J. B. Webb's Store, Durants Neck
All other days during January at home

Parkville Township

G. W. JACKSON, List Taker

January 19, At Parkville
January 12, At Chapanoke
January 15, 22, 29, At Winfall
January 26, At Winfall
All other days during January, Jackson's Store (Hertford Highway)

Each farmer, owner or his agent, must come forward to report the acreage of each crop to be harvested, or has been harvested, on his own, or his tenant's farm of the year of 1943, also the number of acres to be cultivated, lying out, number of bearing fruit trees, and tons of fertilizer used for all crops.

Prepare your lists now, and save time in listing, also avoid PENALTY for being delinquent after January 31st, 1944. This is required by the State Law. See Chapter 310, H. B. 45, Public Laws of North Carolina, Session 1939.

J. W. WARD, Tax Supervisor
PERQUIMANS COUNTY, N. C.

This Newspaper Wins Pulpwood Campaign Award of Merit

AWARD OF MERIT

TO THE PERQUIMANS WEEKLY
HERTFORD, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR AN OUTSTANDING CONTRIBUTION

to the nation's war program... and for the effective effort of this newspaper to increase the production of pulpwood during the 1944 Victory Pulpwood Campaign.

PRESENTED BY NEWSPAPER PULPWOOD COMMITTEE OF THE
AMERICAN NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION
NEW YORK CITY

AT FIRST SIGN OF A
COLD
USE
666
666 TABLETS, SALVE, NOSE DROPS