

# TOWN AND FARM IN WARTIME

**Reminders**  
Meats and Fats—Red stamps A8 through 28 and A5 through K5 good indefinitely. No new stamps until October 29.

Processed Foods—Blue stamps A8 through 28 and A5 through R5 good indefinitely. No new stamps until November 1.

Sugar—Sugar stamps 30, 31, 32 and 33 each good for five pounds indefinitely. Sugar stamp 40 good for five pounds of channing sugar through February next year.

Gasoline—In 17 East Coast states A-11 coupons good for three gallons each through November 8.

Fuel Oil—Period 4 and 5 coupons and new period 1 coupons good throughout coming heating year.

Shoes—Airplane stamps 1 and 2 good indefinitely.

Plentiful Food—Onions.  
Overseas Christmas Package Mailings—October 14 last day.

U. S. Will Buy 1944 Wheat

The War Food Administration through the Commodity Credit Corporation will buy all unredemmed 1944 crop wheat under loan May 1, 1944, at parity prices (1944 loan rates plus 15 cents a bushel) less all carrying charges to the end of the storage year. In addition, Commodity Credit Corporation purchase prices for wheat in store in terminal and sub-terminal elevators, which is being acquired to meet feed wheat and other government requirements, will be advanced from time to time during the season.

Cotton Goods Will Be "Tight"

The supply of cotton goods is "tighter" now than it has been any time during the war and is expected to remain "tight" for from one to two years after the collapse of Germany, the Office of War Information reports, on the basis of facts supplied by the War Production Board and the Foreign Economic Administration. Production is insufficient to meet military and civilian demands, and the market is short in basic types of cotton fabrics used in low-cost garments. The Pacific war will require more cotton as the basic military clothing staple, whereas wool has been heavily used in Europe. Cotton fabrics such as certain denims and chambrays will continue to be needed by the military, and cotton duck is now on the urgent list. During the first six months after the fall of Germany the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration is expected to ask for 300 million yards of cotton textiles, and the food industry must depend upon cotton bagging due to a shortage of jute from India.

Use Same "A" Coupons Nov. 9

The 17 East Coast States and the remainder of the country will get together on the same "A" gasoline coupons November 9, when "A-13's" in the renewal ration books will be good throughout the country, the Office of Price Administration has announced. The last strip of coupons in the books of East Coast motorists, the "A-12's," will not be used. Only three of the "A-13's" will be good for East Coast motorists, because they will be used only for six weeks. On December 21, all "A-13's" will expire throughout the country, and on December 22, "A-14's" will be good. East Coast motorists will be advised locally to apply for renewal of their "A" rations before November 9. Motorists in the rest of the country already have their new ration books.

Sugar For Small "Jam Sellers"

Sugar for making home-made fruit butters, jams, jellies and other processed foods for sale—even though these products are ration-free—may

be obtained by farm families, housewives and others to the extent that they use sugar for this purpose in 1944 or to the extent of 250 pounds, whichever is greater, OPA says. Prior to September 27, sugar was not authorized for home-processing non-rationed or point-free foods for sale. Application for sugar for this purpose should be made to the local War Price and Rationing Board, OPA says.

**Free Job Choice For Veterans**  
All manpower controls have been removed insofar as veterans of the present war are concerned, the War Manpower Commission announces. Veterans do not need statements of availability in order to change jobs, they may be hired by any employer without referral by the United States Employment Service, they may be hired without regard to employment ceilings and in seeking employment through the USES they are entitled as a matter of right to a referral to any jobs of their choice, without regard to essentiality or priority status of such jobs.

**School For Veterans Overseas**  
After the defeat of Germany, education or practical training for civilian jobs will be offered soldiers in the Army of Occupation and those awaiting shipment home, the War Department says. Soldiers may choose the phases of the program they desire, but they will be encouraged to select activities having a bearing on their individual post-war plans. Academic curricula will range in level from the sixth grade through second year college and will include courses in liberal arts, scientific and pre-professional fields. Special classes will be provided for soldiers whose ability to read and write is below fifth grade standard. In mechanical and technical courses and in practical training for trades and vocations, equipment of the Signal Corps, Quartermaster Corps and Ordnance Department will be used.

**Danger Season For Forest Fires**

Dry weather in late summer and large amounts of debris left in the woods as a result of war-time logging have increased the forest fire hazard this year, the United States Forest Service warns. It urges special care in smoking, handling camp fires and in using fire arms in the woods this fall. California, for example, has been experiencing one of its worst forest fire seasons in history, its fires drawing hundreds of sailors and soldiers from training camps to fire lines and interrupting war production in lumber operations.

**British Report On Flying Bombs**

First reports that the Germans were developing a long-range bombardment weapon of a novel type reached London in April, 1943, the British reveal in a recently issued "Report on the Flying Bomb." After reconnaissance photographs in November, 1943, revealed that the Germans were building concrete structures all along the French coast from Calais to Cherbourg, British and U. S. Air Forces in December began attacks on these flying bomb sites, forcing the Germans to abandon them and to construct less efficient, camouflaged sites of simplified design. During 80 days of bombardment, approximately 8,070 bombs were launched, of which 2,300 reached London—killing 5,479 persons, injuring 15,934 persons and damaging 149 schools, 111 churches and 98 hospitals. In fighting this menace from August, 1943, the British and U. S. Air Forces dropped 100,000 tons of bombs on launching and experimental stations, losing 450 aircraft and 2,000 flyers.

**Round-up**  
WPB says: Production of bicycles and "B" hearing aid batteries is authorized again on an industry-wide basis. . . . Production of flashlight cases and other portable electric lights is expected to be high enough to supply essential civilian users, particularly in rural areas, and buyers may now get them without any "paperwork" . . . Veterans desiring to establish or re-establish small businesses will get special consideration in priorities assistance, allocations, appeals and applications for special authorizations.

OPA says: To relieve a heavy demand, particularly from farmers, a supplemental quota of truck tires has been authorized. . . . Treble damages totaling \$2,000,000 have been asked in 35 court actions against concerns charged with upgrading southern pine lumber to get prices higher than the legal ceiling. . . . October ration values are unchanged except for butter which has been raised from 16 to 20 points in the face of declining production. . . . Available for October rationing are 3,000 new passenger cars, with a reserve of 600. . . . Less than 20,000 new cars (not quite a two-day supply) are now available. . . . An increase of about two cents in the retail price of a No. 2 1/2 can of Bartlett pears is expected as a result of new cutting prices based on a below-average crop. . . . Ceiling prices for single ammunition shells in the future will be determined by dividing the full box price by the number of shells in a standard box. . . . Leather-soled moccasins of the house-slipper class, previously ration-free, are now rationed.

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# SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

## JESUS' UNDERSTANDING OF MAN

International Sunday School Lesson  
For October 15

Golden Text: "He needed not that any one should bear witness concerning him; for he himself knew what was in man."—John 2:25.

Lesson Text: Genesis 1:27; Psalm 8; Matthew 12:9-21.

It is refreshing in this day, when the worth of practically everything, and everyone is measured in terms of dollars and cents, to get down to fundamentals and consider what the Bible has to say about true worth. So often, we have heard and read, following the death of a prominent man, a discussion of how much he was worth. A rich man, in the eyes of the world, is worth much and a poor man, very little. How does Christ and how should the Christian judge a man's worth?

While the true value of a human being is not fully appreciated anywhere except in lands where Christ is known, even in these lands, this is not true often in the truest sense. In the Bible we find many teachings that help us to understand the true value of man.

In Genesis, in its first chapter, we learn that, after God had created all other living things, he made man and breathed into him the breath of life. This man, whom God created in his own image was given domination over all other living creatures and things which God had before created. Unto man was all animal life subject. Some were to be for his food and others were designed to save man from drudgery, such as plowing and hauling. God was and is mindful of all these things he has created, but first in his heart and affection is man.

When you and I consider the vastness of the universe and the wonder of the forces of nature, we cannot help but join with the Hebrew psalmist, who, in the long ago sang: "When I consider the heavens, the work of thy fingers, the moon and the stars, which thou hast ordained, what is man that thou art mindful of him? and the son of man, that thou visitest him?" Then, the psalmist continues: "For thou hast made him but little lower than God, and crownedst him with glory and honor. Thou makest him to have dominion over the works of thy hands; thou hast put all things under his feet."

We also find that the Bible, in Genesis tells us that God intended that man should also have power over property. He told Adam and Eve, in the Garden of Eden, to subdue the earth. Property and all material things were meant to be servants of man, to exist in order to make man's life a happier, better one. Some of us, however, have this intention of God's all turned around to the place where we, in our covetous desire to accumulate wealth, have become the servants of our possessions.

Jesus certainly taught that a man's life is of much more value than property possessions. The Pharisees who were so severely critical of Jesus for healing a lame man on the Sabbath day would have made every possible effort to save a sheep that had fallen into a pit on the Sabbath. Jesus himself asked the question, "How much then is a man better than a sheep?" How would you answer that question?

How shall we apply the truth that the Bible teaches that man is made in the image of God and that every individual has immense worth in the sight of God? First, we think, everyone should realize that we should consider our importance in God's sight and seek to develop in ourselves every talent and potential.

ity to live the highest possible kind of life.

Then, we should have a deeper respect for other persons. The real Christian has a sympathetic understanding of the value of others and tries to promote their welfare. He subjects every act of his to the test: Is this beneficial or harmful to those with whom I come in contact? He participates actively in all things which undertake to enrich, not only his own life, but the lives of those around him.

George Butterick says: "Every life will be tested finally by this appraisal—does it see faces, or only things? Some business men see nothing but things—price lists, profits, sales resistance; while other business men see faces—the faces of those who work for them, and the faces of those who have no work. Some statesmen see nothing but things—battleships, voting booths newspaper headlines. Other statesmen see faces—the faces of the poor, the faces of little children, the myriad faces of those slain in war. Some preachers see nothing but things—church buildings, year books, card catalogs. Other preachers see faces—faces wistful and sin-scarred, faces lonely, yet brave. The Master saw nothing but faces, nothing on earth but faces, nothing in heaven but faces, nothing in hell but faces."

What is your valuation of man?

## Less Row Crops

### When Labor Short

North Carolina farmers who have planted a greater acreage to small grains, alfalfa and other legume and sod crops this fall say that this is the answer to farm labor shortage.

There is a definite trend towards the growing of those crops which may be planted, cultivated and harvested with machinery and even the men who own small farms are rearranging their management plans to meet the emergency.

An example of this can be seen in the case of V. S. Simpson of Monroe, Route 3, who has planted a larger than usual acreage to barley, wheat and oats this fall. He intends for this grain to replace his need for corn.

T. J. W. Broom, county agent in Union County for the State College Extension Service, says Mr. Simpson has 400 Barred Rock and 400 Hampshire Red hens. These along with a few head of beef cattle and some dairy cows make it necessary for him to grow a good supply of grain and hay.

As a result, the farmer had only one acre in cotton this past season and only six acres in corn. But with his disc plow, his combine and his tractor, he is growing much more small grain. Last June he harvested 700 bushels of barley in two days and has an excellent crop of lespedeza for hay and seed on the same land.

Poultry is the most profitable enterprise on the Simpson farm considering the labor involved and the dairy cow is second. For that reason, the production of feed for these two is becoming the major effort as it is on hundreds of other farms in that part of the State, Mr. Broom said.

## Kill Rot Germs In

### Sweet Potato House

Fumigation of sweet potato houses and crates with formaldehyde and potassium permanganate will greatly reduce storage troubles, says How-

ard Garriss, Extension pathologist at State College.

He points out, however, that diseased potatoes should be culled out in the field and that the crop should be carefully handled so as to prevent bruising of the potatoes. Rots carry over from year to year on storage crates and houses and therefore disinfecting is necessary.

Garriss recommends three pints of commercial formaldehyde and 23 ounces of potassium permanganate for fumigating 1,000 cubic feet of space. Put the potassium permanganate crystals in containers at equally distributed points on the floor of the house and the required amount of formaldehyde beside each container in an open can.

Start with the container farthest from the door and pour the formaldehyde on the crystals as fast as possible. Move quickly as the gas given off is very irritating to the eyes. Keep the house closed for 24 hours before it is thoroughly aired and the potatoes put in.

Sulphur fumigation may also be used, and the effectiveness of this method is increased by spraying the inside of the house and the crates with water two days before applying the treatment.

A solution of one pound of copper sulphate (blue stone) in 10 gallons of water can be used for disinfecting. The crates should be removed from the house and dipped in the solution. The inside of the house

should be sprayed thoroughly and the treatment repeated in two days. This method of disinfection can be used where the house is not tight enough for fumigation.

Recent experimental work has shown that chloropicrin, or tear gas, has promise of satisfactory fumigant for sweet potato houses and crates.

## BUY WAR BONDS!

**When Your Back Hurts**  
And Your Stomach and Energy Is Below Par  
It may be caused by disorder of kidney function that permits poisonous waste to accumulate. For truly many people feel tired, weak and miserable when the kidneys fail to remove excess acids and other waste matter from the blood.  
You may suffer nagging backache, rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness, getting up nights, leg pains, swelling. Sometimes frequent and scanty urination with smarting and burning is another sign that something is wrong with the kidneys or bladder.  
There should be no doubt that prompt treatment is wiser than neglect. Use Doan's Pills. It is better to rely on a medicine that has won countrywide approval than on something less favorably known. Doan's have been tried and tested many years. Are at all drug stores. Get Doan's today.  
**DOAN'S PILLS**

**From where I sit... by Joe Marsh**

**Recipe for a Perfect Marriage**



Dee and Jane Cuppers celebrated their Golden Wedding Anniversary last Saturday. Having so many friends, it seemed like half the town stopped in that evening to pay their respects.

Little Ida Moffat brought a home-made poem to read, called *Love Enduring*. Bert Childers fiddled "Silver Threads Among the Gold." Will Dudley made a speech and proposed a toast.

And as I watched that toast—Dee with his glass of beer, Jane with her buttermilk—I thought to myself: There's a recipe for

happy marriage. Two folks with different tastes—no doubt an honest fault or two—who through the years have learned to live in tolerance and understanding.

From where I sit, Dee and Jane are a mighty good example to young married people of today—an example of how moderation, tolerance and understanding can build lasting happiness and solid homes.

*Joe Marsh*

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Edgar H. Bain, State Director, 606-607 Insurance Bldg., Raleigh, N. C.

**Home of a REAL Farmer**



**HE PAINTS TO CONSERVE PROPERTY AND INCREASE ITS VALUE**

A wise property owner knows that a good paint job is more than a beautifying measure. He considers it a real investment which pays dividends in increased values and adds to the life of his buildings. That's why he's careful to use only top quality paints.

We carry a complete line of ATHEYS' 100% PURE PAINTS for interior and exterior painting.

Varnishes Enamels Paint Brushes

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You can't afford to be careless about your home and outbuildings NOW. Bad weather is ahead, so check repair needs and fix up your buildings before it's too late.

See us for Roof Coating, Roof Cement, Window Glass, Putty and Putty Knives. Do the small repair jobs now and have your home in shape to resist bad weather and conserve heat this winter.

**Hertford Hardware & Supply Co.**  
"TRADE HERE AND BANK THE DIFFERENCE"  
HERTFORD, N. C.

**NOTICE**

**To All Water Customers**

For the past several years, especially during the winter months, when water pipes freeze, customers have called upon this Department to come to their homes and cut off the water until pipes are fixed.

Due to the shortage of labor, and the necessity of making a service charge for cutting off water, we urgently request all water customers to inspect water pipes now and to install new cut-offs in places easy to get at, in order that customers may do this service themselves. If you now have a cut-off, see that it is in good condition or install a new one.

Winter is not far away, and when it comes it will mean frozen water pipes. Be prepared to cut off leaking pipes. It will save this Department trouble and will save you money.

**Town Of Hertford**  
**WATER DEPARTMENT**

**TAYLOR THEATRE**  
HERTFORD, NORTH CAROLINA  
WE HAVE THE SHOWS

Friday, Oct. 13—  
Bud Abbott and Lou Costello in  
"IN SOCIETY"  
Bugs Bunny — Latest News  
Musical

Saturday, Oct. 14—  
Smiley Burnette and Sonny Carson  
in  
"BORDERTOWN TRAIL"  
Chapter 14 "Hound of Harbor"  
Comedy

Sunday, Oct. 15—  
George Sanders and  
Linda Darnell in  
"SUMMER STORM"  
Also Latest March of Time

Monday-Tuesday, Oct. 16-17—  
William Bendis, Helen Walker and  
Dennis O'Keefe in  
"ABROAD WITH TWO YANKS"  
Act - Travelogue - Latest News

Wednesday, Oct. 18—  
Oliver and Johnson in  
"GHOST CATCHERS"  
Chapter No. 14 "The Phantom"

Thursday-Friday, Oct. 19-20—  
Pauline Godard and  
Roney Talla in  
"LOVE A SOLDIER"

**BUY MORE WAR BONDS**