

#### MILITARY AID TO EUROPE ESSENTIAL

The Congress of the United States is considering the proposed \$8,500,000-000 military and sconomic foreign-aid program, but there is every indica-tion that congressmen will make sub-stantial reductions in the funds re-

quested. The United States is engaged in a multi-billion dollar program of de-fense. Its strategy in regard to Rus-sian aggression includes a program designed to put the free peoples of Western Europe on their feet so that they may contribute to the fight against Communism. It is well known that costs in Euro-pean countries are lower than in the United States. The same amount of a formal report.

United States. The same amount of a formal report. money, spent in Europe, will produce greater military strength. In addi-tion, assistance from the United conclusion, including a scathing at-United States. States permits other countries to make more substantial expenditures and greater exertions in their defense efforts

The Economic Cooperation Administration, a business men's group, points out that the contest with Soviet Rus-sia involves political and economic sta-bility and greater productivity as well as armed might. It says that one dol-tragic mistakes may have been made

sis of rearmament efforts of two recrimination." North Atlantic Treaty nations, which received about \$565,000,000 of the \$2,-000,000,000 economic aid proposed, can account for about thirty per cent of Europe's rearmament effort. They

Our military officials in this counrather than in the military and eco- What had been done could not be

ic assistance to European nations ir reasoning is about the same as their reasoning is soon the same as that of the E. C. A. While we think it would be inadvisable to make any substantial reduction in the assistsubstantial reduction in the assist-ance proposal, we are somewhat fa-miliar with the processes of Congress and, despite the talk of economy, the chances are that any reduction will be temporary. A supplementary ap-propriation will likely come up later. TIME FOR THE NATION TO LOOK AREAD The majority of the Congressional committee which conducted the hear-ings on the diamissal of General Mac-

conclusion, including a scathing at-tack on President Truman's Adminis-tration, within the framework of a democratic country and once again, demonstrated the right of a minority to call public attention to what they

lar of American aid produces four dollars worth of essential strength in Europe and thus tends to protect the United States against maintaining its own strength indefinitely. The E. C. A. reports that an analy-to look backward in anger and with

This is undoubtedly the course of wisdom. The confronting mass of testimony in the MacArthur hearings, voluminous in detail, offers ample bits to prove almost any theory that any propose to spend about \$4,000,000,000 for defense. Without our assistance, they will spend about \$2,800,000,000. ings stand for themselves rather than attempt to report a conclusion, retry have urged congressmen to make flects sound judgment for the simple cuts in our own defense spending reason that nothing could be gained.

BUROPE RESENTS THREAT FROM UNITED STATES

It is always difficult for the peo-ple of one country to understand the official position taken by another, particularly when an adament stand by one side produces serious conse-quences for associated powers.

This observation applies rather strongly to the attitude of some Con-gressional extremists, who would force the Western nations of Europe to cut off all trade with Soviet Russia and its satellite nations, upon pen-alty of loss of all aid from the U. S. alty of loss of all aid from the U. S. This might be all right, as a trade policy for the United States, but when we threaten the demonstrates but when we threaten the democratic nations of Western Europe, we fail to realize the important part that East-West trade plays in European economics.

European leaders are concerned ocer the apparent intention of Con-gress to tell them how they should trade with Eastern Europe. They point to the fact that the entire Marshall Plan was constructed on developing trade between the two divided parts of Europe and that for five years af-ter World War II, the United States urged them to develop East-West trade as a means of overcoming the European dollar shortage.

European governments points out that Western Europe imports coal, coarse grains, bread grains, timber, meat, eggs and steel from Eastern Europe. In return, Western Europe exports machinery, chemicals, steel and vehicles to Eastern Europe. The total imports in 1950 were valued at slightly more than \$1,000,000,000 and exports at slightly less. Exports last year were less than half the figure for 1938 and imports much less than one-third.

The British, German and Scandinavian people are vitally affected by the decline in East-West trade. Britain particularly is seeking markets for its exports in order to avoid spending dollar exchange for what it can get from the countries that it sells. Moreover, Western defense and civilian economy depend upon con-tinued shipments of Polish coal. If this is cut off, the economic experts of the Continent say that there is nothing that the West can deprive the East of that ,in the long run, would do as much damage.

The policy of the United States, as expressed in Congress, was affected by the Korean War. Repeatedly the outery was raised that any country, selling materials to an enemy, doesn't deserve our aid and should not get it. The cry against "war materials" naturally arose when the casuality list came home, but the term is not easily defined. Moreover, in considering the value of things sold to the enemy, one must also take into consideration the benefit obtained from goods received in return.

The Europeans, according to newspaper correspondents, are somewhat irritated because of the belief, apparent in Congress, that they are not interested in keeping down the Soviet war potential, although constantly in the shadow of Russian military power and that, even if interested, have not the intelligence to decide when they obtain a balance of advantage in trading with Communist Russia or its satellite nations. INDIA WON'T SIGN

TREATY WITH JAPAN

### THE PEROUTHANS WEEKLY, MERTFORD, N. C., FRIDAY. SEPTEMBER 21, 1951

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county agent, vocational teacher, PMA office, or Cotton Cooperative Association." farmer in North Carolina desiring to put his cotton under loan," the state-ment said. "The Government loan is

have dictatorship. Political campaigns may be bad but without them there would be no free elections without which we would TRY A WEEKLY CLASSIFIED AD

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# The postman paid my doctor bills

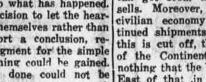


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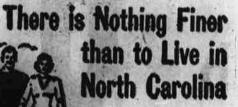


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Big doings in November in North Carolina-Home Demon-stration Agents meet in Durham, Nov. 2-9; Ryder Cup Professional Golf Matches Finsharst, Nov. 2-4; National United Daugh tens of Confederacy, Asheville, 8-9; 49th North and South Open Golf, Pinehuzst, Nov. 7-12, and Hunting Season, subbits, suffed grouse, guail and wild turkey, opens Nov. 22 on Thankegiving Day.

All over Month Carolina, this is the season for doing the outdoor chores and repairs about the house and barn. November has its quick hanges in weather, too. Some call it "Octombrasy," and with good reason. Average date first killing frost Raleigh, November S.

But after work or play almost everyone can relax over a temporate glass of beer-cold under our State ABC system of legal control that is workig so well.

North Carolina Division NITED STATES BREWERS FOUNDATION, INC.

The Government of India will participate in the conference at San Francisco, where the treaty of peace with Japan will be signed.

Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru, of India, thinks that the treaty vio-lates his concept of "Asia for the Asians" by providing arrangements to permit foreign troops, expected to be American, in Japanese territory. He also takes the position that the exclusion of Communist China is wrong and insists that the Peiping regime must be universally recogniz-ed as a solidly founded Asian power and be taken into all councils affecting the Far East and the Pacific.

There are two other principal objec-tions to the final draft of the text: He thinks that the treaty should return Formosa to China 'and that the Ryukyu and Bonin islands should be returned to Japanese sovereignty. These territories are occupied by the United States but so far as is known, the Indian leader does not suggest that the Russians evacuate Southern Sakhalin and the Kurile islands, which also formerly belonged to Japan.

### Cotton Loan Risk "Relatively Small"

The risk taken by farmers who place their cotton under loan and hold it for a more favorable marketing seanon is "relatively small," members of the State Cotton Committee asserted recently. The committee, haded by David S

Weaver, director of the State Col-lege Extension Service, held a called meeting to diacuss the cotton situa-tion. As a result of the session, the group issued a statement advising farmers "to put cotton under the Government loan, hoping that when it is finally sold the price will be much more favorable than it is at the presot time?

The committe expressed "deen con-cern" for prices being received by farmers while the harvesting, ginning, and marketing season is under way. They pointed out that the huge 1951 crop will not result in a burdensome surplus of cotton for domestic use and for war purposes, but that orderly marketing is necessary to prevent temporary market gluts and falling

Appreciation was expressed to farmers "for their all-out effort in

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