

CURRENT EVENTS IN REVIEW

By Edward W. Pickard

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Sanctions Against Italy Now in Effect

SOMETHING new under the sun is now being tried out—an economic war to put a stop to a military war. Fifty-two nations are united in the imposition of sanctions against Italy, which became an outlaw nation on November 18 by decree of the League of Nations. Four league nations, all unimportant, refused to participate. They are Austria, Hungary, Albania and Paraguay. Indirect support is given the league by two nonmember nations, the United States and Germany. Nearly all the world's chief ports are closed to Italian goods, and exports to Italy of arms, war materials and a long list of key products has stopped. Loans and credits for the Italian government, public bodies, corporations and individuals are forbidden.

Should this momentous action succeed, it would seem that the end of Benito Mussolini and the Fascist regime in Italy is in sight. Should it fail, the League of Nations falls, the British communications in the Mediterranean would be threatened, and the peace of the world would be menaced.

Standing steadfast against the sanctions, Premier Mussolini proclaimed the day on which they were established "a day of ignominy and iniquity," as had been declared by the Fascist grand council. The day was made a holiday, flags flew from all buildings and there were numerous angry demonstrations against the member nations of the league. The frontiers of Italy and its ports were closed to goods of those nations except for certain necessities. Restrictions of food, fuel and light were put in force.

As for the Ethiopian war itself, Mussolini announced an important change in commanders. Gen. Emilio de Bono was recalled with warm praise for having achieved his mission "under extremely difficult circumstances" and was to be elevated to the rank of marshal. Gen. Pietro Badoglio, chief of staff, was appointed to succeed De Bono as commander in chief of the invading armies. The Italian forces in northern Ethiopia were preparing for a new forward movement, their objective being Amba Alaji, 40 miles south of Makale. It was learned that Emperor Haile Selassie had sent to his men in that region an order not to retreat further, so there were prospects of a real battle. Ten thousand well trained and well armed warriors from the rich province of Walega arrived at Addis Ababa to fight the Italians, and it was reported that thousands of fierce desert fighters were coming in from French and British Somaliland to join the emperor's armies.

Treaty With Canada Is Made Public

AMERICAN business generally is pleased with the terms of the new trade treaty with Canada, made public simultaneously in Washington and Ottawa. Farmers and the lumber men of the northwest will not like it. High tariff advocates in congress are sure to attack the pact, but its terms cannot be affected for three years, even were congress to repeal the reciprocal trade act under which President Roosevelt acted in negotiating the agreement. It is considered a trade agreement rather than formal treaty, and goes into effect January 1 next.

Government officials, foreseeing adverse reaction in some quarters because of some of the sliced American duties, sought to show the pact would lead to greatly increased trade and employment which would benefit the country.

President Roosevelt stressed that while duties were lowered on Canadian cattle, cream, seed potatoes and certain kind of lumber, quotas placed on these articles would prevent serious interference with the American market.

An analysis of the pact shows that the United States grants concessions to Canada on 79 major commodities, including: Tariff slash on four-year-old whiskey from \$1 to 50 cents per fifth of a gallon.

Reduction in duties on specified quotas of beef cattle (from 3 to 2 cents per pound on animals over 700 pounds); dairy cows (2 1/2 to 1 1/2 cents); cream (50.6 cents to 35 cents per gallon); white or Irish seed potatoes (75 to 45 cents per 100 pounds); Douglas fir and western hemlock (50 per cent).

Reduced duties on lumber and timber of other kinds; cheddar cheese, turnips, apples, hay, maple sugar, live poultry, horses, halibut and some other fish; some leathers and ferro-manganese.

A pledge to keep on the free list

Canadian pulpwood, newsprint, unmanufactured wood, shingles, lath, lobsters, certain furs, crude asbestos, artificial abrasives and fertilizers.

A promise to maintain the present 10 per cent duty on feedstuffs for animals. On the part of Canada the duties are cut on 180 commodities, some of the leading concessions being: Reductions on wheat (from 30 to 12 cents a bushel); off-season fresh vegetables (50 per cent); vegetables imported in marketing season (35 per cent); most classes of farm machinery (50 per cent); industrial machinery (35 to 25 per cent); mining and textile machinery; radios (30 to 25 per cent); electric refrigerators; tinplate manufactures; dressed lumber; building materials; motor vehicles; cotton fabrics, fur, chemicals, silk fabrics, cotton manufactures, electrical apparatus.

Also rates cuts on oranges, grapefruit, nuts, iron and steel manufactures.

Place magazines and potatoes on the free list.

A pledge to grant the United States, on 767 articles, the lowest rates paid by any non-British country.

A promise to seek legislation to permit Canadians visiting the United States to carry \$100 in American goods duty free back to their homes each month.

A pledge to liberalize the system of establishing arbitrary valuations on American products.

A promise to keep raw cotton on the free list and to put tractors on that list.

United States Will Not Interfere in Mexico

REQUESTS made by the Knights of Columbus that the United States government make an investigation of alleged religious persecution in Mexico have been denied by President Roosevelt in a rather sharply worded letter to Supreme Knight Martin H. Carmody. Mr. Roosevelt said: "I decline to permit this government to undertake a policy of interference in the domestic concerns of foreign governments and thereby jeopardize the maintenance of peaceful conditions."

He declared his abhorrence of religious intolerance and made it clear that his refusal was not due to indifference.

Carmody made the letter public, by permission.

Filipino Commonwealth Is Established

SELF-GOVERNMENT became a reality for the Philippines on November 15, according to schedule, and it is now up to the islanders to utilize their independence wisely and safely, with only general supervision by the United States. In the presence of a great throng of distinguished persons in the magnificent legislature building at Manila, Manuel Quezon, veteran advocate of independence, was inaugurated as the first president of the commonwealth. Representing the United States were Vice-President Garner, Speaker Byrns and a large party of senators and representatives with their wives. Many foreign governments and leading statesmen of the islands were present.

After Quezon had taken the oath of office, Sergio Osmena, vice president, and the members of the new unicameral legislature were sworn in.

President Roosevelt was personally represented by Secretary of War Dern, who made a pleasant speech and read the proclamation, simultaneously issued in Washington, terminating the old government of the islands and establishing the commonwealth government which is to lead to complete independence of the archipelago in 10 years. A cablegram of congratulation also was received from Mr. Roosevelt.

Because of the danger of outbreaks by the extremist followers of Emilio Aguinaldo who have opposed Quezon, the constabulary was out in full force, thousands of its members being brought in from all over the archipelago.

The day before the inauguration the legislature held its final session and Frank Murphy, the last of the governors general, appeared before it to review the accomplishments of the American regime that lasted 36 years. "Having found democracy good for itself, America believes it will be good for the Filipinos," he said. Mr. Murphy was then sworn in as high commissioner of the new government.

The entire American delegation attended a grand reception and ball given by Mr. Quezon in honor of Mr. Murphy.

Clash in North China Is Imminent

WITH everything prepared for the proclamation of autonomy of North China, there was almost the certainty of serious fighting in that region between the troops of the Chinese National government and the forces of autonomy movement leaders. It was reported in Tokyo that Gen. Chiang Kai-shek, virtual dictator of the National government, had mobilized 300,000 soldiers in the northern provinces, chiefly along the Lunghai railroad in Shantung. The Japanese officials would not say what action Japan might take if Chiang Kai-shek should move his forces further northward, but they admitted there probably would be a serious battle.

Dispatches from North China said Gen. Han Fu-chu, governor of Shantung province, was expected to join in an autonomy declaration and was prepared to resist with his celebrated "broadsword legions" and other troops any attempt of the Nanking government to interfere.

Shanghai heard that several Japanese troop ships had reached Taku, 27 miles southeast of Tientsin, to block the approaches to that city. Japanese forces already were massed at Shanhaikwan, main gateway to northern China at the east end of the great wall.

Baldwin's Government Wins Elections

PRIME MINISTER STANLEY BALDWIN and his Conservative government party won an impressive victory in the British parliamentary elections, although the Laborites succeeded in decreasing the Conservative majority in the house by about 60 seats.

Baldwin himself was unopposed for re-election, but Ramsay MacDonald, lord president of the council and former prime minister, was badly defeated, as was his son, Malcolm, who has been minister of colonies. The elder MacDonald left the Labor party to form the national government, and the Laborites had been after his scalp ever since. The government party will have a majority of about 250 in the next house of commons.

"It was a splendid result," Baldwin said in a statement. "The country has renewed its support of the national government. It has expressed decisively its confidence in our will and ability to continue our work for national restoration and world peace."

The newly elected members of parliament meet at Westminster on November 26 to take their oath of allegiance to the crown. This procedure will occupy three days after which commons will adjourn until December 3 when King George will open the new parliament.

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Business Is Encouraged by Secretary Roper

ADDRESSING the Associated Grocery Manufacturers of America in New York was speaking with authoritative knowledge of the intentions of the administration, business may feel considerably reassured. He said "the breathing spell which we are now enjoying is to be the end of governmental regimentation." He declared business was the "scapegoat" of the depression and he upheld the profit system. Of Mr. Roosevelt's announcement of a "breathing spell," the secretary said: "This declaration of the President is clear-cut and concrete. It means specifically that the basic program of reform has been completed. It means that business no longer needs to feel any uncertainty as to what may come in the future with respect to governmental measures."

According to a Washington dispatch in the New York Times, informal orders have been issued by President Roosevelt to administrative officials to cut federal expenditures under the 1937 budget to \$500,000,000 less than the newly estimated total for 1936.

As a result, the dispatch says, the lives of many federal bureaus and agencies were reported to be hanging in the balance.

Bar Committee Upholds Liberty League Lawyers

NO CANON of ethics was violated by the lawyers' committee of the American Liberty league when it offered to defend gratis the constitutional rights of any citizen unable to pay fees for such defense. Moreover, the lawyers' committee is justified in preparing and disseminating "opinions upon legislation with particular reference to the constitutionality of such legislation."

Such is the opinion of the American Bar association's committee on professional ethics and grievances, given in response to a complaint made by C. N. Davie of Atlanta, Ga. The bar committee emphasized that it expressed "no opinion as to the soundness of the conclusions reached by the national lawyers' committee," and added: "This group has organized and appears on the one side; a similar group may well organize and function on the other side. Such an eventually is more to be desired than feared."

"OH WAD THE POWERS—"

An elegant young woman strolled down the main street of Skopje, Yugoslavia, attracting admiring glances from all she passed. Suddenly a man dashed out of a shop, lifted her off her feet, took off her shoes and set her down again to walk home in her stocking feet. The assailant, a shoemaker, explained that the shoes had not been paid for, and he was tired of seeing his clients going about in comfort while he was on the verge of bankruptcy.

How Calotabs Help Nature To Throw Off a Bad Cold

Millions have found in Calotabs a most valuable aid in the treatment of colds. They take one or two tablets the first night and repeat the third or fifth night if needed. How do Calotabs help Nature throw off a cold? First, Calotabs is one of the most thorough and dependable of all intestinal eliminators thus cleansing the intestinal tract of the germ-laden mucus and toxins. Second, Calotabs are diuretic to the kidneys, promoting the elimination of cold poisons from the system. Thus Calotabs serve the double purpose of a purgative and diuretic, both of which are needed in the treatment of colds. Calotabs are quite economical; only twenty-five cents for the family package, ten cents for the trial package. (Adv.)

"Better baking at a saving—that counts in this family!"

SAYS MRS. W. W. HICKEY, OF CHICAGO, ILL.

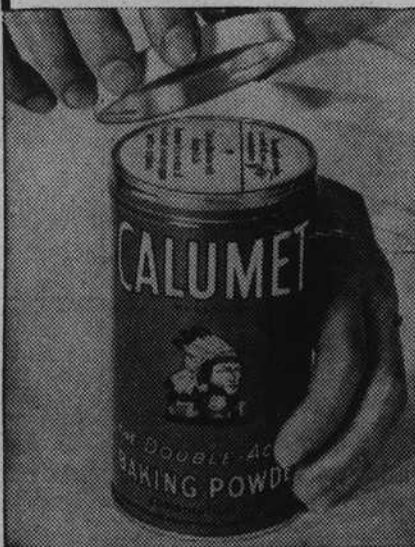
"I'm paying the lowest prices ever for Calumet Baking Powder!"

"CAKES AND COOKIES

just disappear in my big family," laughs Mrs. Hickey. "So it's a big help when I can get a full-pound can of my reliable, standby baking powder, Calumet, for only 25c! As long as I bake, Calumet will be in my pantry!"

Grandfather Rommel, who was a baker for 40 years, says, "Calumet takes the guesswork out of the job nowadays."

LOOK AT THE NEW CALUMET CAN! A simple twist... and the Easy-Opening Top lifts off. No delay, no spilling, no broken fingernails!

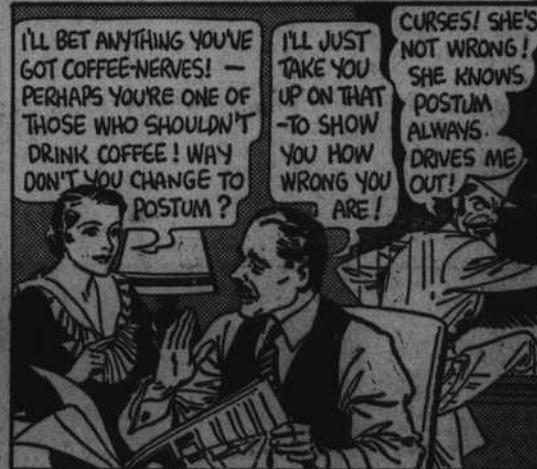


WHAT makes Calumet so dependable? Why is it different from other baking powders? Calumet combines two distinct leavening actions. A quick action for the mixing bowl—set free by liquid. A slower action for the oven—set free by heat. This Double-Action produces perfect leavening.

New! Big 10¢ Can!

Calumet is now selling at the lowest prices in its history... The regular price of the Full-Pound Can is now only 25c! And ask to see the new 10c can—a lot of good baking for a dime—with Calumet, the Double-Acting Baking Powder. A product of General Foods.

A BULL'S EYE FOR DAD



WHY was coffee bad for you, Dad? ... I thought it was bad just for us kids! "Oh, no! Many grown-ups, too, find that the caffeine in coffee upsets their nerves, causes indigestion or keeps them awake nights!" If you are bothered by headaches, or indigestion, or can't sleep soundly... try Postum for 30 days. It contains no caffeine. It is simply whole wheat and bran, roasted and slightly sweetened. It's easy to make... costs less than half a cent a cup. It's delicious, too... and may prove a real help. A product of General Foods. FREE! Let us send you your first week's supply of Postum free! Simply mail coupon.

GENERAL FOODS, Battle Creek, Mich. Please send me, without cost or obligation, a week's supply of Postum. Name: _____ Street: _____ City: _____ State: _____ Fill in completely—print name and address. (This offer expires July 3, 1936)

IRON DOG GROWLS The use to which the photophone, popularly known as the electric eye, put are literally numberless. One of the most peculiar is used by a practical joker to give voice to an iron dog on his lawn. When a visitor approaches he is startled by growls, or on his approach he interrupts a beam of light focused on an electric eye and that sets off the vocal mechanism—a big, raucous buzzer.—Oil Power.

IT WORKED FOR ME



Women should take only liquid laxatives

MORE people could feel fine, be fit and regular, if they would only follow the rule of doctors and hospitals in relieving constipation. Never take any laxative that is harsh in action. Or one, the dose of which can't be exactly measured. Doctors know the danger if this rule is violated. They use liquid laxatives, and keep reducing the dose until the bowels need no help at all.

Reduced dosage is the secret of aiding Nature in restoring regularity. You must use a little less laxative each time, and that's why it should be a liquid like Syrup Pepsin.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and if it doesn't give you absolute relief, it isn't a joy and comfort in the way it overcomes biliousness due to constipation, your money back.

Gloom Is Seasoning Gloom is the seasoning which gives joy its savor, just as failure is the salt which provokes the appetite for success.

Quick, Safe Relief For Eyes Irritated By Exposure To Sun, Wind and Dust —

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Hollywood Stars Do So Can You

But the Man Didn't Indians were once fond of scalping a man, but they had to get over

Laxative combination folks know is trustworthy

BLACK-DRAUGHT

CLASSIFIED ADS

Build Your Own Business

Rid Yourself of Kidney Poisons

Doan's Pills

Doan's Pills

Doan's Pills