



WHO'S NEWS THIS WEEK

By LEMUEL F. PARTON

NEW YORK.—Mrs. Ella A. Boole, the iron chancellor of prohibition, goes into action again, with Sen. Morris Sheppard of Texas and several other famous old-time dry leaders who think they see a new and arid day dawning.

The massive and deliberate Mrs. Boole is 80 years old and looks much less. In New York, she addresses the luncheon of the state W. C. T. U., commemorating the centenary of the birth of Frances E. Willard, founder of the W. C. T. U.

For more than 50 years she has been fighting alcohol. With her husband, the late William H. Boole, pastor of the Willett Street Methodist church, she waged war against the Bowery dives, away back in the eighties.

In 1925, she became national president of the W. C. T. U., and, in 1931, world chairman. During the prohibition years and in the preceding years of strife, she was the head of the combined prohibition board of strategy, shrewd, resourceful, tireless.

IN THE last 14 years, Dr. Donald A. Laird of Colgate university has written 14 books and 500 articles, but has inspired many more than that.

Horizontal thinking is best. It is quite possible that a new stage of evolution is setting in which will take us back to all-fours.

When you feel jittery, snap up some red meat.

Some cases of second sight are explained by an odorless scent which almost, but not quite, wells up into consciousness.

If you feel rotten today, you will be happy in just 28 days, as that is the life-ordained cycle of hope and despair.

The Dionne quint are in danger of growing up to be man-haters—on account of women nurses and governesses.

Brains are sluggish in summertime.

Eat candy to fight off sleepiness at work.

Never count sheep to put yourself to sleep. It doesn't work.

Noise makes city people smaller than country people.

Women employees are more adaptable than men and stay longer on the job.

Many of these discoveries have been made by Dr. Laird in his research as a consultant for concerns in heavy industries, in which field he has been busy and distinguished. He is a world authority on noise and sleep.

ARMY—Current increases in the U. S. army will boost the nation from tenth to eighth ranking in world military forces.

Weekly News Analysis U. S. May Force Orient Peace Through Guam Defense Gossip

By Joseph W. La Bine

Said Foreign Minister Hachiro Arita: "What Japan desires is the creation of a new order which is to secure the permanent peace of east Asia, that is to say, the construction of a new east Asia upon an ethical foundation wherein Japan, Manchukuo and China, while each preserving her independence and individuality, will stand united and linked together for active collaboration and mutual aid . . ."

What Foreign Minister Wang forgot is that neither the U. S. nor France nor Britain yet feels obligated to beg for peace with Tokyo. But if Japan would make the overture—and that is precisely what the U. S. state department now seems bent on making Japan do.

As the crow flies, Guam lies 1,500 miles southeast of Tokyo. This 150-square-mile tract has belonged to the U. S. since 1898, lately becoming a potentially important base for Pacific commercial aviation.

Official Washington thinks Japan is using outlaw tactics in her Chinese invasion, her illegal fortifications and—of less importance to the U. S.—by threatening to fish Russian waters whether Moscow approves or not.

President Roosevelt has remained free of the controversy by pointing out that congressional authorization for rearmament is one thing, but that authorization is worthless without appropriations.

Meanwhile the game of democracy vs. dictator became still more bitter as Japan at once tightened her belt and stuck out her tongue. As the diet opened its new session in Tokyo, Premier Kiichiro Hiranuma announced (1) that wartime control measures would be placed on a permanent basis and (2) that Japan has no alternative other than to "exterminate those who fail to understand" her aim in China.

Until the New Deal, socialized medicine received little publicity. Last spring President Roosevelt appointed an inter-departmental committee to investigate health programs, this group subsequently clashing with the American Medical Association and bringing to a head monopoly charges now pending against the association.

Money—Idle credit resources of federal reserve bank members have reached an all-time record high of \$3,580,000,000.

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Germany Dr. Hjalmar Horace Greeley Schacht gained a good world name by rescuing the German mark during post-war inflation. He has headed the Reichsbank ever since, switching over to Nazidom despite its unorthodox policies of self-sufficiency which are diametrically opposed to recognized economic and political principles.

But this has been a personal victory, won not through Nazi merits but through Schacht friendship. Because he held such a good name, Doctor Schacht was able to travel in select foreign circles where Nazis would not be accepted.

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Treasury

In 1934 congress gave President Roosevelt two broad monetary powers. Under one he could reduce the dollar's gold content by 50 per cent, though since 1934 the rate has been 59.06 per cent. Under the other power the President created a currency stabilization fund with increment accruing from the government's revaluation of gold holdings.

Two former U. S. treasury secretaries, Andrew W. Mellon and Ogden L. Mills, condemned the inequity of tax exempt federal, state and local bonds. Since his "soak-the-rich" revenue proposal of 1935, President Roosevelt has fought tax exempt securities and one other unpopular exemption, that on federal, state and local employees' salaries.

As might be expected, state and local groups jumped into the fight overnight. Argued the Conference of State Defense: Tax yield would not approach the immediate treasury estimate of \$70,000,000 a year. Moreover it would work hardship on states and municipalities by increasing financing costs.

Immediately after the house was through with the relief bill, the opponents of spending in the senate started after the appropriation. There were many in that body who wanted to appropriate only for two months, proposing that in the meantime there should be a brand new relief setup devised.

While it seems that a cut of \$150,000,000—which is about one-fifth the amount asked—represents something substantial, this beginning is only a foretaste of what is coming. The spenders have had their innings for five or six years, or since Mr. Roosevelt's "economy act" of 1933 was abandoned as a pattern of government.

People In Rome, Premier Benito Mussolini happily announced that 1,031,000 Italian babies were born in 1938, an increase of from 22.7 per thousand in 1937 to 23.6.

Bruckart's Washington Digest Theory of Spending Ourselves Out Of Depression Seen Unwise Course

Evidence in Congress of Definite Determination to Cut Down on Appropriations; Sound Sense of American People Always Finds Answers to Our Problems.

WASHINGTON.—It always has been my conviction that the American people will find a sound answer to every national problem, if they are given the facts and the time to figure out what those facts mean. They may be swayed temporarily; they may be led or herded or threatened and these conditions may put them in a wrong spot temporarily, but I repeat that if they are given time, the national conclusion, the collective thinking, will be along sound lines.

Notwithstanding the statements, frequently heard from Republican sources, that "you can't beat Santa Claus," or the variation that "you can't beat \$4,000,000,000," there is plenty of evidence to show that there is quite a definite determination to quit that sort of thing. That is, there is a determination in most places outside of the so-called inner circle of New Dealers.

It will be recalled how the opponents of President Roosevelt's philosophy of spending showed their mettle in the house of representatives when that body voted to cut \$150,000,000 off of the deficiency relief appropriation. Mr. Roosevelt asked for \$875,000,000. The cut was accomplished despite some hair-raising stories from official sources in the administration that elimination of any of the requested funds would mean suffering, maybe starvation, maybe quick death, for many thousands of persons.

Well, the house members (or a majority of them) did not believe those stories, and thus they made a start at cutting governmental spending. They gave an indication at the same time that there must be a general revision of the federal government's machinery for relief of the unemployed. During the debate and in the corridors, one heard frequent expressions that congress had appropriated last year the funds the administration thought necessary to maintain relief until the end of next June.

Beginning Only Foretaste Of What Is Coming While it seems that a cut of \$150,000,000—which is about one-fifth the amount asked—represents something substantial, this beginning is only a foretaste of what is coming. The spenders have had their innings for five or six years, or since Mr. Roosevelt's "economy act" of 1933 was abandoned as a pattern of government.

Another thing likely to happen in some of the states is added taxes. The state legislatures are due for an awakening as to the actual condition of their state finances. Some may dodge it this year, but facts will have to be faced. When new taxes come, what a howl there will be! That howl will be heard in congress, too, both concerning state and county and city taxes on the one hand and national taxes on the other hand.



THE ISLAND OF GUAM Mr. Lippmann stated the case.



GERMANY'S WALTHER FUNK Will Dr. Schacht become a salesman?



TREASURY'S HANES "The time for action has come."

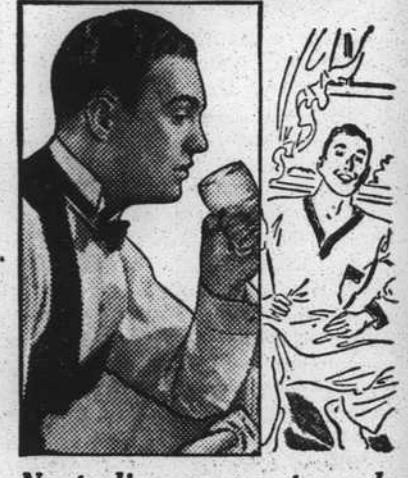
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Use this cross stitch and crochet on scarfs, towels and pillow cases and have linens you'll be proud of. Pattern 1872 contains a transfer pattern of eight motifs ranging from 5 by 13 1/2 by 7 3/4 inches; directions and chart for the filet crochet; materials required; illustrations of stitches.

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To relieve the effects of over-indulgence—escape "acid indigestion" next day—do this: Take 2 tablespoonfuls of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in a glass of water—AT BEDTIME.

PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA * IN LIQUID OR TABLET FORM

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