RTH'S MOST LONELY SPOTS

da Where Communication With the Great World is at Rare intervals-Tristan da Cunha.

ugh scientific progress has made possible to do a double journey benight, there remain many islands with OR AT LEAST THEY WILL BE it takes years to communicate.

Of the scottish coast are the of islands known as the Hemost isolated island is St. Orkneys and Shetlands. three miles long and two ad. The inhabitants lead lives to great loneliness, for it takes a month to get to the next Island, and the sea often makes any communica tion with St. Kilda impossible for

The group of eight Phoenix Islands the Pacific has a total population of only 158, while another little bit of th British empire is Panning island, This is a landing place for the Pacific submarine cable, and usually there are about one hundred people in the place

The lonellest of all parts of British territory is the Island of Tristan Da Cunha, in the South Atlantic, which is also the smallest inhabited island in the empire. It is 1,800 miles from land, has a population of 71 Scottish Americans, and the inhabitants get news of the outer world usually once every two years.

Route No. 3, Dadeville, Ala -"I was troubled with a terrible breaking out from Southern States.

between my shoulders and down to The independent tobacco manufacmy hips. It came in pimples and my back looked very red and raw. It for the last two days attempting to itched and burned so that sleep and prevent the levy of an internal reverest were impossible and I could not less any hardly for weeks. My clothes irritated my back till it got so sore I had to have a soft cloth

pinned to my shirt. "As I heard of Cuticura Scap and Ointment for years I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment and to my surprise and joy my itching and burning had disappeared. My back had been so raw and inflamed I could not lie on it and the first application brought relief. I washed my back twice a day with a atrong lather of Cuticura Soap and then applied the Cuticura Cintment. weeks I was sound and well have never been troubled since." gned) J. D. Abernatty, Jan. 26, 1914. Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book, Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L. Boston."-Adv.

TOO FREE WITH HIS COMMENT

Little Incident May Explain Why mobilists So Often Fail to Proffer a "Lift."

I noticed in a paper the other day, said the man at the wheel, "that somebody calls automobilists to account for not being more willing to offer pedestrians a lift. I gave a pe destrian-an entire stranger a-lift other day and he certainly made the most of it. The first thing he said was: 'Why don't you get a tire that lasts? They tell me there's nothing like Poppleton's Gumelastic. And, say I see you are using a Plinker cyclo ter. Friend of mine says he wouldn't take it for a gift. He has a Hicken-

Blamed if the fellow didn't go on in that strain all the way down town. And what do you think? When he got out he said: 'Why don't you get a good car?" "-Cleveland Leader.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Cart Hitchira. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Castoria

A Loyal Friend. ition between two of his dusky ly.

"Jim, you bettah come here an he'b I's talkin' up fer you."

W'y, dis here man say you ain't fit de dawgs, an' ah tole him you you.

RUB-MY-TISM

cure your Rheumatism and all s of aches and pains Neuralgia, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts. amps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cu Sores, Burns, etc. Antisep odyne. Price 25c.—Adv.

The Stomach's Function. er was examining the class y, you tell us," she asked, "wha

tion of the stomach? he function of the stomach," the girl answered, "Is to hold up the

od in 6 to 14 Days refund money if PAZO cure any case of Itching, s or Protruding Piles in 5 to 14 days, outlon gives Ease and Rest. 90.

Ita Kind.

Belgian hare, so to speak,"

TOBACCO FARMERS TO RECEIVE HELP

TREATED AS WELL AS COTTON GROWERS.

DISPATCHES FROM RALEIGH

Doings and Happenings That Mark the Progress of North Carolina People Gathered Around the State Capitol.

Rnieigh.

Was ington.-People interested in the federest market have succeeded a thin the last few days in securing the assurance of legislators and heads of the government departments, that whatever relief measures are extended to cotton growers and growers of other commodities would be afforded tobacco growers also. If there is special legislation tobacco will have share in it, if the treasury department perfects plans for assistance, the tobacco growers would be benefited as much as anybody else. The tobacco PIMPLES ITCHED AND BURNED interests will be represented at the conference which Secretary McAdoo will hold with bankers and others

> turers who have been in Washington for the last two days attempting to nue tax on tobacco to raise revenue, can hardly be said to have met with the same response. C. D. Harris, formerly of Raleigh, now with a large independent tobacco firm in Louisville, Ky,, is one of those who have been interviewing various members of congress and treasury department officials. Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, is openly opposed to a tax on tobacco. Mr. Harris says he believes Commissioner Osborne is opposed to it also, but that Representative Underwood, chairman of the ways and means committee, he thinks, is for the tax.

> Mr. Harris says the tax would be a neavy burden on the independent manufacturer who will have to bear the greater part of the tax, while placing part of it on the consumer and a part on the man who sells the lenf: The trusts, he says, make more profit on their goods and are in position to bear all the tax on their goods themselves thus gaining an advantage in sales on their rivals. Still, he believes the trust people are also opposing the tax.

> Mr. Harris states that if the United States were at war the independent would not be here, but would bear their share without a murmur. As the United States is not involved and s tobacco has borne a great share of revenue taxes heretofore, however, he thinks other commodities should be taxed. He suggested several articles that could be taxed, including coca-cola, automobiles, chewing gum, theatre tickets and like articles

Appoint Delegates to Road Meet.

The Fourth American Road Con-gress will be held in Atlanta November 9th and 10th, and Governor Craig recently appointed the following dele gates to represent the state of North Carolina at the congress:

Thirty delegates were appointed, from the several congressional districts, as follows: John H. Small, Washington: J. S. McNider, Hertford; Mark Majette, Columbia; W. S. Fal-lis, Henderson; John L. Patterson, Rosnoke Rapids; N. C. Hughes, Jr., Weldon; G. D. Canfield, Morehead City; William Dunn, Jr., New Bern; Convey C. Poysil, Goldshore; John C. George C. Royall, Goldsboro; John C. Drewry, Raleigh; James A. Wellons, Smithfield; John A. Mills, Raleigh; Joseph Hyde Pratt, Chapel Hill; A. W. Graham, Ox ton-Salem; W. D. McMillan, Jr., Wilmington; T. G. McAlister, Fayette-ville; Ira B. Mullis, Lumberton; H. B. Varuer, Lexington; John W. Lambeth, Thomasville; Henry A. Page Biscoe; H. W. Horton, North Wilkesboro; A. H. Boyden, Salisbury; N. E. Pepper, Danbury: F. M. Shannon-house, Charlotte: Z. V. Turlington. Mooresville: R. R. Clark, Statesville: C. F. Toms, Asheville: T. T. Ballan-ger, Tryon; F. W. Miller, Waynes-

Monazite Trade in Brazil.

Washington.-Representative Webb received a letter from the Pan-American Union notifying him that the United Monarite Company of Germany is no longer shipping monarite Brazil and that there is a large man ket there for that product. There is a large quantity of this product in North Carolina, and the Ninth district congressman hopes the people of his section of the state will take advantage of this opportunity to develop a good trade with Brazil.

Governor Pardons Roy Haynes.
Governor Craig recently issued a conditional pardon to Roy Haynes of Robeson county, convicted at the December term of Robeson county superior court and sentenced to twelve months on the chain gang, his offense being forcible trespass. The reasons for the pardon are given herewith: The defendant will be released upon condition that he he hereafter a good citizen and observe the law. The defendant was sixteen years old at the time of the commission of the some Governor Pardons Roy Haynes

Governor Talls of Visit to Camp Many reports having been circulat-

ed throughout the state that the con victs at work for the Sonthern Aluminum Company, in Stanly county were being grossly mistreated, Governor Craig went to the camps at Whiney several weeks ago and made a per sonal investigation. He was accompa nied by Dr. W. S. Rankin, of the State Board of Health; C. J. John S. H. nderson, of Salisbury; Cha'rman H. B. Varner, of the board of directors of the state prison; Editor J. F. Hurley, of the Salisbury Post, and Mr. J. S. Mann, superintendent of the state prison

Since the governor's visit, Rev. Sidney Love, secretary of the North Car-olina Prisoners' Aid Society has come forth with a statement which was published in these columns Monday in which he again charges that the convicts at the Stanly county tevelopment are badly treated.

Superintendent Mann, of the state prison, in yesterday's paper, bad communication, making a denial of Mr. Love's charges, declaring that conditions at Whitney are good and otherwise taking issue with Mr. Love as to the several charges preferred by that gentleman.

Governor Craig since his visit to the camp at Whitney, has made no public statement of conditions there, but since the controversy his arisen between Mr. Love and Superintendent Mann, issued a statement as to conditions as he found them at Waitney, said statement as the governor expressed it, being made to the "sov erign people of North Carolina."

ere are 208 prisoners in the camp at Whitney. Recently two have died from overheat; one has been killed; one has had his foot crushed, so that it was necessary to amputate his leg below the knee; one had knocked out; and two or three others received minor injuries

Republicans Will Probably Unite. Republicans of North Carolina in tate convention left nomination of candidates to oppose Lee S. Overman for United States senate and E. L. Travis for corporation commissioner to the state executive committee, with the understanding that the Progressives who conferred recently in Greensboro will come in with the committee and share in the nominations, which will include ratification of a judicial ticket. The motion for this course was made by Clarence Call, while E. C. Duncan was trying to get recognition to make a similar motion Failing in getting in his motion, Mr. registered a most hearty second and the Call motion carried with

great enthusiasm. A significant closing feature of the convention was the adoption by rising vote of resolutions of thanks to J. M. Morehead as state chairman and Gilliam Grissom as state secretary prefaced by a hearty statement from E. C. Duncan seconding the resolu-tions and declaring that in the light of past conditions he could best speak for the resolutions as demonstrating the united front Republicans are to present in the coming campaign. said the action in leaving nominations for the senate and corporation com-missioner and judges would give op-portunity for those of the party not represented in the convention (meaning the Progressives of the Greens por conference) to come in and have their full share through co-operation with the state committee.

Crops Fine in Northeast.

Mr. T. E. Browne, in charge of the Boys' Corn Club work in the state, has just returned from a trip to the northeastern part of the state, having come in to attend the meeting of ounty demonstration agents and corn club boys. He joins in the universal chorus of wonderment at the surpass ing quality of the crops. "I never saw finer crops at this season of the year"

Dr. H. B. Battle Here.
Dr. H. B. Battle, of Montgomery,
Ala., for a number of years state
chemist here, spent one day recently in Raleigh on his way to Chapel Hill to visit his father, Dr. Kemp P. Battle. Dr. Battle married a daughter of the late Maj. James W. Wilson of Morganton, and his family is spending the nummer in that town with relatives.

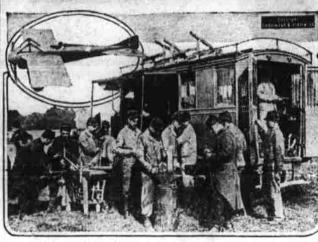
Commissioner Young in Mountains. Commissioner of toe trance James R. Young is away from his office for a few days spending the time in Ashe ville and Montreat,

Chaleman Warren Making Ready.

Democratic State Chairman Thomas E. Warren was here from Newbern a few days ago, conferring with state officers and party leaders with reference to the impending campaign and preparing to open Democratic head quarters here early in September. He has rented and is having put in order rooms on the street floor of the Yarmany days he will be ready to receive Democrats from every quarter of the

Completing Charlette-Asheville Road Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, state geolo gist, here on his way to inspect the gist, here on his way to impect the work being done by state convicts in the construction of the seven-mile Hickory Nut Gap section of the Charlotte-Asheville highway and the Madison county section of the North Carolina Central Highway. He save the general progress to standardining the Charlotte-Asheville and the Coutral Highways is most satisfactory and that within the year both will be in most satisfactory condition for automobile and offer travel.

REPAIRING AEROPLANES ON THE FIELD



The machine shop on wheels which follows in the wake of the French aeroplane fleet. Inset is one of the speediest of French zeroplanes, with a record of 125 miles an hour.

WAR SPIRIT IN ENGLAND AROUSED

PEOPLE UNANIMOUS IN APPROV-AL OF COUNTRY'S ATTITUDE.

ALL CLASSES SEEK SERVICE

Shopkeepers Organize Clerks Into Fighting Ferces and All Are Enthusiastic Over Prospect of Going to War.

By HERBERT TEMPLE, European Manager of the Internation

al News Service. London.—Shopkeepers of London now are organizing their cierks into fighting forces. Every evening in the streets of the business districts may be seen companies of shop employes, earnestly drilling to be soldiers. They are getting ready to change the yard stick for a musket and the counter for the trench. In the big department stores, where there are many employes, whole regiments have been or ganized. In lesser establishments, companies are being formed, and where there are small stores with only a few clerks, two or three employers are putting their men together to form a company.

Apparently, all of the clerks are en thusiastic over the possibility of going to war. They seem to take to the drilling with interest, and when they are being put through their paces, the streets ring with good-natured shouts and laughter

This military organization of clerks is not a haphazard movement. It is being supervised by the government and the men thus entisted will form a fifth line of defense. The companies thus formed are in addition to the thousands being recruited for the reg-ular army and the military organizations in the various cities

From the appearance of the recruit ing stations, it would appear that all male England is trying to get to the fighting front. Men of all classes and besiege the offices, standing half the day in long lines in the silk-hatted peers rubbing elbows with grimy laborers.

Consumer Benefited.

It is an undoubted benefit to the British consumer that war was de layed as long as possible. It did not come until the first sheaves of the home crop were already in stack, while so much wheat land was ripe for the harvester that a scarcity of food could be at least but a matter of days. Had war broken out in June, the matter of harvesting the grain would have been a far more serious

month's supply of wheat and ample reserve of feeding stuff for stock appear to be past, and trade profits in time of peace are now so small that there is now so longer a margin for carrying charges, for paying for the warehousing.

That flour and wheat have risen even slightly in price since the war scare became apparent, shows what might have been expected had war come when the harvest was two months of instead of two weeks.

The first but least important issue of the war is that of the British mar kets being cut off from certain arti-cles much in demand, but not absolutely necessary. Austrian rolls have alble and the fine Hungarian flour, so much in demand for pastry has go up 100 per cent. It is doubtful if Aus tria-Hungary will continue to export flour, for the wheat crop of the dual monarchy, even had there been no eastern part of the empire, that near

Mrs. Margaret F. K. Swift of Lot

and-American steamship Potsdam, which arrived at New York recently.

Mrs. Swift, whose passage had been booked on the steamship Imperator

was so determined to leave war-ridder

was so determined to leave war-ridden Europe, when the salling of the im-perator was canceled, that she resort-ed to the stowaway means of making room for herself aboard the Potsdam when she discovered there was room

est to the seat of war, will barely be

self-supporting.

The hard wheat from Servia, Bulgaria and Roumania, also will be missing from England for a time, but happily there is no reason to fear that confectionery will disappear, for the chief London millers and those of other British cities are now making excellent pastry flour by Hungarian processes, no longer the jealously guarded secret of the mills of Budapest.

Servian exports of silk cocoons, plums, prunes, cherries and liquors already have been stopped by the war, but such things are regarded as luxuries and the British consumers are doing without them without complaint. War Is Approved.

Through England, the people of every class regard the war with one mind. They approve of it because they believe there was no honorable way for England to stay out of the con-Not a man but wants to go to the front and all the people, high and low, are accepting the privations of war, slight as yet but apt to become heavy before long, with great good humor and grace.

Perhaps one of the most unexpected results of the war was the absolute ending of suffragette militancy. For years the British public had been accustomed to the depredations of the wild women" manifested in the smashing of windows, crusades on parllament, burning of houses, mutilation of pictures and explosion of bombs. One of the first things King George did after England declared war, was to pardon unconditionally all the suffragette prisoners who are in the various jails for militant offenses. The militants reciprocated immediately by declaring a cessation of their violent campaign for ballot. The suffragette organizations volunteered to take charge of the work of providing for the needy women and children made dependent by the war, and some of them volunteered to act as nurses at the front.

WAR SCENES IN AUSTRIA

Chicago Girl Gives a Vivid Picture of Experiences at Seat of War.

War scenes in Austria are vividly described in a letter, ripped open and mutilated by military censors, was received from a Chicago girl, Miss Lillian S. Franke, who is touring Eu-rope, as companion to Miss Fanny Mayer, sister of Levy Mayer, the attorney.

"I wonder if this letter will ever reach you," she says in her closing paragraph. "I am afraid it won't, Things are in such a terrible condition over here that I hardly know what to expect."
"But for the time being I am safe.

I have never in my life experienced such excitement. About six o'clock on July 27, while I was on my way back to Carlebad to rejoin Miss Mayer, our The days when British ports held a train was held up twice by hundreds of soldiers. At every railroad station soldiers were telling their wives and children good-by. It was such a sad alght!

"Thousands of Americans are ficeing from Carlsbad, and Miss Mayer and I will endeavor to get into Germany immediately. We are in a terrible hurry to get back to America before thing get any worse if indeed they could be any worse."

Tells Scene of Carnage. A correspondent who visited at Vise and Liege writes: "Not far from the little Dutch fron-

tler village of Mesch I passed the remains of a big German camp. Dea soldiers, civilians, horses, wagons, carts automobiles and biovoles lay in

"Germans and Belgians lay side by side evidence that they were fighting man to man. Houses had been sacked because the soldiers wished to avenge themselves on civilians who fired upon them from windows.

REFUGEE AS A STOWAWAY for no more on the vessel which arrived at New York safely.

Angeles, Cal., was on deck on the Hol-land-American steamship Potsdam, A fool is unable to see his own faults. A wise man, seeing his own faults, is able to keep other people

from noticing them. One Reason. One reason why there is so much sadness in the world is that somewhere always it is time to get up in

minta.

Sore Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by expo-sure to Sun, Dust and Wind Eyes quickly relieved by Merine fye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50e per Hottle. Murine Eye Salvein Tubes 25c. For Bock of the Eye Freeask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicage



HANFORD'S **Balsam of Myrrh**

For Galls, Wire Cuts, Lamenes Strains, Bunches, Thrush, Old Sores, Nail Wounds, Foot Rot Fistula, Bleeding, Etc. Etc. Made Since 1846. Ask Anybody

Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 All Dealers G.C. Hanford Mfg. Co.;

Constipation Vanishes Forever Prompt Relief-Permanent Cure

CARTER

CARTÉR'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegeta-ble — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE, Genuine must bear Signature

Grent Good





S. Galeski Optical Co., Richmond, Va.

W. N. U., CHARLOTTE, NO. 35-1914,

One Too Many.

The 'bus was rolling up Fifth avenue in a heavy groundswell, on a murky night. Perhaps it was only that the chauffeur and conductor were both sleepy, or maybe it was only the mugginess that deceived them.

On the corner at Thirty-fifth street stood, waiting to cross, a belated delivery boy, holding erect by the waist a dressmakers' dress form. The chauf-feur thought he detected a fare, and slowed his craft in to the curb. conductor looked out through the fog. shook his head, and rang the bell to

"Room for one only," he said, and the 'bus rolled on.-New York Evening Post.

HERE IS A GOOD WAY TO GET RID OF PIMPLES

Bathe your face for several minutes with resinol soap and hot water, then apply a little resinol contment very gently. Let this stay on ten minutes, and wash off with resinol soap and more hot water, finishing with a dash of cold water to close the pores. Do this once or twice a day, and you will be astonished to find how quickly the healing, antiseptic resinol medication soothes and cleanses the pores, removes pimples and blackheads, and leaves the complexion clear and velvety. All druggists sell resinol soapand resinol ointment.-Adv.

Poor Showing. "How's your boy getting on in col-

lege?"
"Not well. They batted him out of the box in the third inning the other day."

No. SIX-SIXTY-SIX

This is a prescription prepared es-pecially for Malaria or Chilis and Fever. Five or six doses will break any case, and if taken then as a tonic the fever will not return. 25c .- Adv.

And the Hearer Is Deceived. Hewitt-Money talks. Jewett-Sometimes it is pretty good at disguising its voice.

Cures Old Seres, Other Remedies Wor't Cure. The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cuved by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oll. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, 81.08.

Some people burn their bridges behind them, and others fireproof theirs.

To Cive Quinine To Children PREBILINE is the trade-mark name struct to a improved Ordinias. It is a Taxteless Strug, priessant to take and does not disturb the moch Children take it and never know it is indias. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot ask ordinary Quinios. Does not measure take ordinary Quinios. Does not measure ask ordinary Quinios. Does not measure ask ordinary Quinios. Does not measure take ordinary Quinios. Does not measure take ordinary Quinios. Does not measure take ordinary Quinios. Does not measure the property of the next time you need Quinios for any measure PEDRILINE is blown in bettie.