PRISONER ATTACKS AND CUTS LEO FRANK

THROAT WAS SLASHED BY WIL IAM CREEN WHO WAS SERV-ING LIFE SENTENCE.

RECOVERY IS VERY DOUBTFUL

Flow of Blood From Wound is Finally Stopped-Creen Says He Planned Attack Alone.

Milledgeville, Ga.-Leo M. Frank, whose death sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan recently was com-muted to life imprisonment was attacked by another prisoner at the state prison farm here and seriously

injured by being cut in the throat. Te attack on Frank was made William Creen, who also is serving a life term for murder. Frank's recovery is said to be doubtful.

The attack on Frank, which was made shortly after eleven o'olock, was made from behind, a file knife being the weapon used. Frank's left jugular vein was cut, but neither the spinal cord nor wind pipe were injured.

The attack on Frank was made in the dormitory which the prisoners occupy in common at night. All lights were out at the time. Creen is alleged to have had the knife secreted in his prison clothes.

Two convict physicians gave first aid and treated the wound until Doctor Compton, the prison physician, was summoned from his home half a mile away. The three men took 25 stitches in Frank's Neck, Dr. H. J. Rosen-berg, the Frank family physician, arrived from Atlanta with nurses. He said that while Frank's condition is

precarious he has a chance for life.

Mrs. Frank was in Milledgeville at the home of J M Burns She was not told of the attack until after the physicians had finished their work, became hysterical, but later was calmed and was taken to the prison

The cut extends from the front of the neck around the left side to almost the middle of the back of the neck. Neither the windpipe nor the spinal cord is hurt, but the jugular vein is party severed. The physician's greatest fear was that some of the sitches might slip, causing more loss of blood.

Creen said, when taken from soll tary confinement long enough to be questioned, that he planned and executed the attack alone. He was not communicative and gave as his only excuse that he "thought it should be He said, however, that he regretted his act.

BATTLE IN RUSSIAN-POLAND.

Tuetons are Fighting For Control of Lublin-Cholm Railway. London.—The Russians and Austro-

Germans are engaged on several fronts in Russian Poland in desperate battles, the result of which is likely to play an important part on the future of the campaign. The most important struggle is on between the Vistula and the Bug Rivers. The Austro-Germans fighting for control of the Lublin-Cholm Railway which would be of great value in their efforts to advance on Warsaw. The Teutonic Allies are using vast numbers of men, but the Russians are reristing stubbornly and inflicting heavy losses on their adversa-

To the north in the neighborhood of Prasnysz. Field Marshal von Hindenburg is conducting just as deter-mined an offensive, with Warsaw as his objective.

Berlin is celebrating the successes gained by von Hindenburg, which are declared by German army headquarwhile Petrograd, so far as official utterance go, shows no discouragement.

Distress in China.

Washington.-Flood waters in China are receding ,but distress among the population of the inundated district is increasing according to advices to the navy department from Captain Hough, of the gunboat Wilmington at Sha-

Villa Forces Defeated.

Douglas, Ariz.-After a six-hour battle in Anavacachi Pass, west of Agua Priet, General Calles, Carranza com mander in Sonora, was reported have decisively defeated Villa troops under General Jose Maria Acosta. Th Calles force was said to number 3,000 while Acosta's was reported as half that number. In a message received here by A. Garduno, consul-for Car ranza from Gen. Calles at Lamorita, 20 miles west of Augua Prieta, the Villa troops were reported as fleeing in all

Verdict in Lusitania Case.

London,-"Torpedoes fired by a sub marine of German nationality" CAUS ed the less of the steamship Lusitania and its passengers, according to the findings of the court of inquiry. The court, announcing its opinion, held that no blame attached to either Cap Turner, commander of the ves sel or the Cunard line, its owners, "In opinion of the court the act was done not merely with the intention of sinking the ship but also with the intention of destroying the lives of the ople on board," the opinion says

THOMAS A. EDISON



Thomas A. Edison has accepted the invitation to head the new advisory board of the American Navy.

APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT

WANT PAY FOR PRODUCTS SEIZ-ED BY GREAT BRITAIN ON FREE SEAS.

Settlement Offered By Great Britain is Not Satsfactory.-State Department Takes up Work.

Washington,-American meat packrs appealed to the state department to demand that Great Britain stop interfering with cargoes consigned to neutral ports and settle for \$14,000 worth of their products now held in prize courts. They charge the British government with destruction of com-merce in food products between the United States and other neutral Na-

After two conferences between the packers and Chandler Anderson, special counselor of the state department, it was announced the department would make representations to Great Britain. The packers will discuss the difficulties further with Mr.

That to Mattewan seven years ago automatically became inoperative.

The state's lawyers appealed from Anderson. In a statement outlining their case as laid before the department, they declare that the British government purposely delays settlement of their claim for selzed cargoes and that they are not inclined to reopen trade with neutral countries un they can be assured of delivery of their shipments to ports designat

"As reported to the packers their representative in England, Alfred R. Urion," says the statement, "the latest terms for the release of cargoes as laid down by Great Britain are held to be so onerous as to be unacceptable.

"In brief these latest terms are: "That the packers guarantee out of the detention of ships.

"That the packers guarantee points.

Great Britain against claims of buy. Gene ers who have bought and paid for large quantities of produce seized."

EFFORTS TO FEED MEXICANS.

General Gonzales Gixes Provision Train Right of Way.

Washington.-State department adtrains arriving from Vera Cruz with through, food supplies. Stores and banks had not been reopened pending arrangements for currency circulation. Communications between the capital and Vera Cruz by rail and telegraph continued and the Carranza government departments were said to be under process of organization as rapidly as possible. Consul General Shanklin cabled that General Gonzales had given preference to provision trains over trop trains and that arrangements for soun kitchens to relieve the capital's destitute were progressing and that hoped soon to feed from 8,000 to 10,000 persons daily. Additional dispatches confirmed the report that the Carranza forces had recaptured the waterworks from the retreating Zapata army and that there was no danger of a water

Hot in Alaska.

Juneau, Alaska. — Temperatures over southeastern Alaska during the last 10 days have reached a maximum hitherto unknown to the oldest in-The weather bureau mometer has registered as high as 90 degrees in the shade, 100 degrees mark has been reached by street thermometers,

Coal Price Bill.

London.-The text of the coal price limitations bill just issued specifies that coal may not be sold at the pit mouth for more than four shillings (\$1) a ton above the price during the 12 months ending June 30, 1914.

Justice Delaney Dead. New York .- Justice John L. Delaney of the New York supreme court, died at his home here. He was 65 years old. While a member of Tammany Hall he gained distinction as an orator.

HARRY THAW WINS **ANOTHER VICTORY**

JUDGE HENDRICK UPHOLDS DECI-SION OF JURY THAT HE IS SANE.

RELEASED UNDER BIG BOND

Allowed to Go Where He Pleases Under Bond Pending An Appeal. Free From Mattewean.

New York.-Harry K. Thaw was adnitted to \$35,000 bail after Justice Hendrick had upheld the decision of the jury which declared him sane. Later Thaw shook off the grip of the law notored down Broadway to the applause of admirers, crossed the ferry at Jersey City, bade the sheriff goodbye and whirled away toward Philadelphia, with his car throwing dust on a procession of automobiles filled with ewspaper men under orders to stay with him

He reached Newark, 10 mlles away, bout 2 o'clock and stopped for luncheon. A crowd quickly assembled in the street outside the restaurant. They cheered on his exit and Thaw, smil-ing his appreciation resumed his trip. His announced intention was to moto to Philadelphia, about 100 miles roadway and there take a train for Pittsburg. Outside Newark, Thaw lost ome of the cars which followed him. Apparently he headed back for New York as a ruse to elude the newspaper men. This created some speculation as he had previously said he wanted to attend a theatrical performance of Broadway and had abandoned the idea rather reluctantly when he saw the size of the crowd awaiting his departure from the court house.

For the first time since he killed Stanford White at the Madison Square Roof Garden more than nine years ago, Thaw was free to go and come as When Supreme Court Justice Hendrick who presided at the jury proceedings which ended a few days ago with a cerdict that Thaw was sane, announced from the bench short-ly before noon that he had adopted the about: jury's verdict the writ committing

Justice Hendrick's decision and Thaw was released in \$35,000 bail pending the result of the appeal. Under the terms of the bond he is to hold himself amenable to the court's orders until the appeal is finally decided

RUSSIANS ARE PUSHED BACK.

Germans Give Them Little Time to Re Organize Army. London.—The Austro-German armies

which appear to be working in perfect concert as the result of the German organization are giving the Russians little rest or time to reorganize after ther retreat from Galicia.

Simultaneously with the German effort to reach Warsaw ,the Austrians Great Britain against claims arising have attacked along the Dniester and have crossed that river at several

General von Mackensen's army, which doubtless had been waiting for Field Marshal von Hindenburg to to move in the north, also has come to life again and fighting has been reumed in Southern Poland.

In fact, there is fighting of more or less severity all along the Russian front except in central Poland, where the Russians are in such strong posivices from Mexico City reported the tions, that in the opinion of military capital quiet with order prevailing men, it would be impossible to break

Mrs. Ellen White Dead.

St. Helena, Cal.—Mrs. Ellen G. White, one of the founders of the Seventh Day Adventists, died here many she was regarded as their

Elks Meeting Closed.

Los Angeles, Cal.—The Grand Lodge secting of the Elks closed, a ball marking the end of the festivities. The new board of grand trustees elected Cary L. Applegate of Owensboro, Kv., chairman

Liberty Bell at San Francisco, San Francisco.—Top-hatted reception committees, policemen, station porters and guards were swallowed in a tumultuous throng which gathered to greet the Liberty Bell on its arrival from Philadelphia. The multitude seemed to present a fitted climax to the tempestuous welcome

ping place since it entered California at dawn. The bell was installed in the Penn sylvania pavillion at the Panama Pacific Exposition.

which greeted the bell at every stop

Urged to Purchase Wireless.

Washington. - Government pur-chase of the wireless control for torinvented by John Hays Hammond, Jr., probably will be recommended to Congress by Secretary Garrison. The appropriation com mittees during the closing days of the last congress were urged to provide for securing the new device for coast protection, but no action was taken. Officials of the ordinance and fortifications divisions believe a con-cealed shore station may absolutely control a submerged torpedo. DR. J. A. HOLMES



Dr. Joseph A. Holmes, director of the Federal Bureau of Mines, died re-cently in Denver, Col. He was a South Carolinian.

REPLACE GERMAN DYES

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS FAIRLY SUCCESSFUL IN EF-FORT TO MEET SITUATION.

Many of the Southern Mills Which Expected to Shut Down Will Probably Not Have to Do So.

Washington.-An official of the Department of Commerce was asked what had become of the manufacturrs who said three months ago that their mills would have to stop if dye-stuffs could not be brought from Germany. The answer was that Ameri cans have gone to making dyes and are succeeding very well. Some of the dyestuffs desired cannot be had but various sorts of substitutes are being used.

The situation outlined in the following forecast has already come

"The most important intermediate is aniline. The equipment of a large plant for the manufacture of this product by the Benzol Products Company has been the most important factor in the situation. The output of the works at Frankford and Marcus Hook, in Pennsylvania, is now sufficient to meet the needs of American dyestuff makers. The Edison ompany has likewse established a large plant for the production of ani-line at Orange, N. J. It is in active operation and will be enlarged.

"The E. I. du Pont de Nemour Powder Company of Wilmington, Del., has acquired the large works of the Bayway Distilling Company at Elizabeth, N. J., used for rectifying and preparing pure benzol and toluol, and has arranged for manufacturing aniline from such benzol as may not be required in the production of high

MYSTERIOUS "PEARCE" LETTERS

Two More Letters Threatening Brit-

ish Ships Are Received New Orleans—Two more letters signed "Pearce" in which the writer threatens disaster to British mer-chant and mule vessels as in the one received by a local newspaper sever al days ago, were delivered here One was sent through the mails to a local afternoon newspaper and the other to the chief of police. In both demands the release of Hans Halle, a confessed bomb maker, held in connection with the receipt of the first letter a few days ago.

The writer stated that Erich Muenter had "taught his explosives from aged 88. She was widely known among A to Z and that by one of his own members of that denomination and by methods he could blow up the most of New Orleans within a few hours. wrote that he would start at the criminal courts building.

Dr. Holmes Dies in Denver

Denver, Col.-Joseph Austin Holmes director of the Federal Bureau of Mines at Washington and a widely known geologist, died here of tuber-He came to Denver four months ago in the hope of regaining

Doctor Holmes was 55 years old and was a native of South Carolina. He had been director of the Bureau of Mines since its creating by Con-eress in 1910. Previously he had Previously been chief of the technological branch of the United States Geological Survey in charge of investigation of e accidents. His service to the Federal government began in 1904 when he was placed in charge of the United States Geological Survey laboratories for testing fuels and strucural materials at St. Louis

Postoffice Building Plan

Washington-The treasury department hereafter will construct postoffices and other federal buildings in accordance with the needs and importance of places where they are located instead of spending all that congress appropriates. It long has been a criticism that unimportant places often got expensive federal buildings out of proportion to their needs. In some instances, expensive postoffices have been built in towns where pos-fal receipts were not sufficient to sustain them. KAISER WILL PAY

FOR NEBRASKAN

ADMITS VESSEL WAS TORPED-OED BY A SUBMARINE AND LIABILITY.

VESSEL WAS NOT MARKED

German Note Says the Nebraskan Showed No Flag Nor Markings of Any Kind Till After Shot.

Washington.-Germany's admission f liability and expression of regret for the German submarine attack the American steamer Nebraskan. pleased officials here, but it was the general opinion that legal points raised would require the dispatch of a note further to conserve American rights in the war zone. A memoran-dum stating Germany's position reached the state department through Ambassador Gerard at Berlin.

Legal officers of the American government who examined the German memorandum pointed out that many respects the case resembled that of the William P. Frye, the American ship sunk by the Prinz Eitel Friedrich. In toth cases Germany has expressed regret and has offered to compensate American citizens, but the action of the German command ers has been declared justified. To admit this, officials here say, would

establish a dangerous precedent.

In the Frye case Germany contended that it was a fair inference from the language of the Prussian-American treaty of 1828 that an American ship carrying contraband could destroyed if there were no other way to stop transportation of contraband The United States objects to this construction of the treaty and in the case of the Nebraskan probably will place on record its view that the attack, even though payment is assumed and regrets expressed, was an illegal act.

THOUSANDS HAVE DROWNED.

Widespread Famine in Canton, China, Involves Millions.

Honk Kong.—Tens of thousands of natives, it is estimated, have been drowned by the floods in the Chinese provinces of Kwantung, Kwangsi and Kiangsi, and the desolation in the devastated districts is terrible, cording to the latest reports reaching

A fire-swept area of one mile and raging floods are handicapping rescue work in Canton.

The city was in darkness, the water having inundated the electric light plant.

The state department at Washington summarized its dispatch on the flood situation as follows:

"Canton is isolated except to power ful steamers. On Shameen (an Island in Canton harbor) the foreign settlement is under 10 feet of water. sands have been drowned. Tens of thousands are taking refuge upon the house tops and other high places and are starving.

"Thousands of homes in Canton have burned. American mission property in the region between Canton, Kongmoon and Wu Chow is either destroyed or badly damaged. "So far as is known no American

lives have been lost."

Big Fire in Alaska.

Asldez, Alaska,-Fire destroyed the usiness section of Valdez, loss \$500,-000. United States troops from Fort Liscum aided in checking the flames with dynamite. No rain had fallen for weeks and the wooden buildings were dry as tinder.

The biggest loss was that of the Valdez Dock Company, placed at about \$100,000. Fifty buildings were burned.

Turkish Lines Captured.

London.-Two strongly held Turkish lines defending the Dardanelles have been captured by the Anglo-French forces on the Gallipoli Penin sula, says the announcement by the British official press bureau.

Bids on Submarines.

Washington. -Bids for 16 marines authorized by the last Congress will not be opened until Sep tember 29, Secretary Daniels nounced a few days ago, in order that two shipbuilding companies have obtained patent rights to build boats of a successful type now used by two or more of the European belliger ents, may have a chance to compete. Mr. Daniels acted, it is understood. upon the strong recommendation of his advisory council, which discussed the matter.

Strike Threatened at Krupp Works. Geneva, Switzerland, via Paris.-A report has reached Basel that a big strike is threatened in the Works at Essen, Germany. It is said the union of metallurgical workers and the association of mechanics demand higher wages, because of the cost of shorter hours because of the great strain under which they work. The workmen according to these advices are in an angry mood and threaten destruction of machinery unless their demands are granted at an early date.

LAND OF THE LONG LEAF PINE

short Paragraphs of State News That Have Been Condensed for Busy People of the State.

North Wilkesboro has voted a 15 per cent increase in school taxes.

J. A. Whitiey, aged 74 a Confederate veteran, died records at his home in Rocky Mount.

Naval Constructor W. B. Ferguson. permitted to resign by Secretary Daniels, is a native of Waynesville, and a brother of H. L. Ferguson, a high official of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company.

The safe in the freight office of the Southern Railway at Mount Airy was burglarized and \$200 taken. The door of the safe was blown open. No clue has been found as to the Burglars. Detectives are on the ground

Thomasville is well pleased with the city manager plan of government which went into effect the first of July. Mr. Jones, the manager-elect, came from Hamlet, where he successfully managed the affairs of that place for some time.

The big lumbering company at the junction of the Southern and Mt. Airy & Eastern Rallway are getting in shape for a big business. The Mt. Airy & Eastern Railway penetrates a fine timber region and the quantity seems almost inexhaustible.

A special from Spray announces the letting of contracts by the Marshall Fields interests at that place for a 3,-000 horsepower steam plant, a bleachery and two mills for the manufacof ginghams and sheetings, the new investment totaling \$500,000

S. W. Miller, who had charge of John Lambeth's farm near Thomasville the past year, recently threshed on the farm 1,363 bushels of wheat, 477 bushels of oats and 151 bushels of mixed grain. The average for the wheat was about 25 bushels an acre.

About 70 orphans from the Kennedy Memorial Home, the Baptist orphanage near Kinston, were taken by Capt. W. L. Kernedy, who gave the site for the home, on as pecial car to Morehead The little folks spent the day at City. the seashore at Captain Kennedy's ex-

The Azalea Woodworking Company, near Asheville, one of Western North Carolin'as biggest industrial concerns will build on the site of the building which recently was destroyed by fire with a loss of more than \$40,000, a plant 50 per cent larger than that burned, according to President W. O. Riddick.

That in spite of the effects of the war Wilson has made continuous headway is shown by the tax books for this year. The figures for this year for Wilson county are \$10,166,226 real and personal property against \$8,656,418 for last year. The figures for the town of Wilson are for this year \$5,002,281 against 4,125,121 last year.

Electing as their officers the same officers who have served during the past year, the members of the North Carolina Good Roads Association brought to a close at Asheville the most successful meeting in the history of the organization. The officers are: President Henry B. Varner, of Lexington; Secretary Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt. of Chapel Hill; Treasurer Joseph G. Brown, of Raleigh; Director D. Tucker Brown, Raleigh.

NORTH CAROLINA MARKET.

Prices of Cotton, Corn, Oats, Peas, Butter, Eggs, Etc., on North Caro lina Markets During Past Week.

Asheville—Corn, 98c bu; onts, 65c bu; pean, \$1.25 bu; Western butter, 31c lb; N. C. butter, 28-30c lb; eggs, 18c doz. Ashevine—Corn. Sac but only ask soc but peas, 12.5 but Western butter, 31c lb; N. C. butter, 28-30c lb; eggs, 18c dox. Charlotte—Cotton, 8c; corn. 32c bu; peas, 11.75 bu; Irish potatoes, 11.50 bb]; N. C. butter, 32c lb; eggs, 20c dox.

Fayetteville—Cotton, 8kc; corn. 8bc bu; peas, 11.75 bu; Irish potatoes, 51.50 bb]; Western hutter, 30c lb; N. C. butter, 32c lb; eggs, 17-18c dox, 8kc; corn. 11 bu; Greenuboro—Cotton, 8kc; corn. 18 bu; Greenuboro—Cotton, 8kc; corn. 18 bu; osis, 61c bu; Irish potatoes, 11.50 bb]; Western buter, 31c lb; N. C. butter, 32c lb; eggs, 20c dox.

Handle—Cotton, 8kc; corn. \$1.05 bu; peas, 12 bu; Irish potatoes, 82 bb]; Western butter, 32c lb; eggs, 16-17c dox, Hickory—N. C. butter, 30c lb; eggs, 16-17c dox, Hickory—N. C. butter, 30c lb; eggs, 16-17c dox, Hickory—N. C. butter, 30c lb; eggs, 16-17c dox, Maxton—Cotton, 8c; corn, 31.06 bu; western butter, 31c lb; eggs, 16-18c dox.

Maxton—Cotton, 8c; corn, 32 bu; Irish potatoes, 11.50 bb]; Western butter, 35c lb; eggs, 20c dox.

Monroe—Cotton, 8c; corn, 5bc bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 31.25 bb; Irish potatoes, 11.75 bb; eggs, 16-18c dox.

Newton—Cotton, 8c; corn, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.50 bb; Irish potatoes, 11.75 bb; eggs, 16-18c dox.

Raleigh—Cotton, 8-8c; corn, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.50 bu; Irish potatoes, 31.75 bu; eggs, 16-18c dox.

Sallabury—Cotton, 8-8c; corn, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.60 bu; Irish potatoes, 51.75 bb; western butter, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.60 bu; Irish potatoes, 51.75 bb; western butter, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.60 bu; Irish potatoes, 51.75 bb; osis potatoes, 51.75 bb; western butter, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.60 bu; Irish potatoes, 51.75 bb; western butter, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.60 bu; Irish potatoes, 51.75 bb; western butter, 35c bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 11.60 bu; Irish potatoes, 51.75 bb; western butter, 35c bu; eggs, 16.50c.

Stotland Neck—Cotton, 84c; corn, 50c-bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 12.70 cc, corn, 60c-bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, 12.70 cc, corn, 60c-bu; osis, 60c bu; peas, doz.

doz.

Wadesboro—Cotton, 8½c; corn, 99csm;
oats, 55c bu; peas, 52 bu; N. C. butter,
30c lb; eggs, 16-17c doz.

Wilson—Cotton, 8½c; corn, 51 buf oats,
54½c bu; peas, 51.75 bu; eggs, 24-22½c
fox

164% Du; peak, \$1.75 Du; eggs, 20a.72% dox.

Winston-Salem—Corn, \$1 bu; cata, 50e bu; peak, \$2 bu; Irish potatoes, \$1.75 bb; N. C. butter, 25c b; eggs, 15c dox.

Norfolk, Va.—Cotton, \$1.45%.
Chicago, Ill.—No. 2 white corn, 75%—79% (clellwared in Ralegis 20%—25%); No. 2 yellow corn, 75%—72% (clellwared in Ralegis 20%—25%); No. 2 yellow corn, 75%—72% (clellwared in Ralegis 20%—25% (cream, 27%); eggs, 16-15% (firsts).

New York—Butter, 27%—25c (extra); eggs, 22-25c (certra).

Beautiful Contral, 18 butter, 18 butter