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SHOW CASES. For Dry Goods and Notions. High Point Show Case Works, High Point, N. C.

Soy Beans. Manmuth yellow, black and brown. FAIR VIEW SEED FARM, Gum, Rock, N. C.

TRIAL TRIP BY MOONLIGHT. Engineer Wanted Secrets of Locomotive Kept, and He Didn't Know How to Run It.

An interesting incident of the first Canadian railway, which ran from Larrabee on the St. Lawrence river to St. Johns on the Richelieu, under the name of the Champlain & St. Lawrence railway, is related in Prout's Railways of Canada.

The first locomotive used on the line came from Europe, accompanied by an engineer who, for some unexplained reason, had it caged and secreted from public view.

Meanwhile, the railway officials called in a practical engineer from the United States, who announced that the engine, which was thought to be hopelessly unmanageable, was in good order and required only plenty of wood and water.

The Glory of Science. The University of California scientists are said to be making important strides in the invention of machinery and the compounding of chemicals between 20 and 30 men being constantly engaged on intricate problems of this nature.

Not a Clean Task. "Can Grace take the high G?" "Not without knocking off some of the bars."



Women whose sensitive nerves often yield to coffee's harmful stimulation, appreciate the change resulting from a ten days trial of INSTANT POSTUM INSTEAD OF COFFEE.

Such a delicious drink makes the change easy and better nerves make it a permanent one. There's a Reason.



Sergt. G. Morini of the Italian Bersaglieri while on patrol stopped a German motorcar carrying General von Berger, an adjutant and two chauffeurs.

THREE ROADS ARE AFFECTED. APPLIES TO ALL FREIGHT EXCEPT FOOD, FUEL AND MUNITIONS.

Embargo Will Remain Effective Until Congestion Has Been Relieved, Resulting from Intense Weather.

Washington.—An unofficial embargo on all freight except food, fuel and munitions is in effect east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac rivers, as a result of Director General McAdoo's authorized embargo on three eastern trunk lines.

This situation probably will continue for several days, until milder weather permits railroads to begin to move the great quantity of general freight accumulated during the past two weeks of winter storms.

Factors contributing to the unofficial eastern embargo were the priority of movement for coal and foodstuffs, and the continued preference in coal deliveries given to domestic consumers, ships and certain industries which were exempted from the fuel administration's closing order.

The ban on coal consumption was officially lifted but scores of manufacturing plants, unable to divert coal from the stream flowing to the more essential industries, remained closed or prepared to suspend operations in a day or two when their available coal stocks are gone.

To reduce railroad mileage in hauling of coal, some sort of a zone system of coal distribution probably will be put into operation by the railroad and fuel administrations within a week.

AN AMERICAN FRONT IN FRANCE SOON.

Washington.—While declining to comment directly upon the statement attributed to President Wilson, that there will be no more American soldiers shipped next June as had been originally planned, Secretary Baker said:

The program of the department has been a constantly developing one and many difficulties and limitations have been removed or overcome. I cannot discuss numbers of men in France or anticipated to be in France at any particular time, but we have made substantial progress.

100 MEN ENTOMBED IN A MINE EXPLOSION.

Halifax.—Nearly 100 men were entombed by an explosion in the Allan shaft of the Acadia Coal company's collieries at Stellarton, N. S. Seven have been brought up alive.

RUSSIANS REJECT GERMAN'S TERMS.

FURTHER INROADS INTO RUSSIAN TERRITORY THREATENED BY GERMAN DELEGATES.

WANTS MUCH TERRITORY.

Bolsheviks Amazed at Audacity of Demands—Asks Time to Consider, Which Was Reluctantly Given—Russia's Last Chance.

After weeks of vacillation the Germans at last have made their demand at the peace conference at Brest-Litovsk and the Russians have declined to accede to them.

Notwithstanding the fact that the imperial German chancellor in his many times postponed speech to the main committee of the rebekak announces that he still holds the hope that an early and satisfactory conclusion of the Brest-Litovsk conference will be reached, the terms of the German proposals as enunciated by General Hoffman, one of their chief delegates to the peace conference, so far form an insuperable barrier for the bolshevik government, which has expressed a determination to carry out a policy of no annexations and no indemnities.

Courland in its entirety and all of Russia's Baltic provinces are to be retained by Germany, according to General Hoffman in what is termed as Germany's last proposal to the Russians, and if the Russians failed to acquiesce in the demands, further inroads into their territory would follow and the important port of Revel, near the mouth of the gulf of Finland, would be occupied.

In theatrical fashion Hoffman delineated on a map before the astonished Russian delegates the new Russian frontier as the Germans intend to run it—from the shores of the gulf of Finland eastward to the Moon sound islands and then to the west of Minsk and thence to Brest-Litovsk—leaving within German boundaries some of Russia's choicest territory.

Amazed at the audacity of the German program, the Russian delegates asked for time to consider the demand. This was grudgingly given, together with the announcement that it was the last postponement that could be expected.

MORE TONNAGE THAN ALL OTHER NATIONS.

Declares Charles M. Schwab in Address at New York.

New York.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel corporation, declared in an address at a dinner here that the time is near at hand "when the men of the working class—the men without property—will control the destinies of the world."

"The bolshevik sentiment must be taken into consideration," Mr. Schwab declared, "and in the very near future we must look to the worker for a solution of the great economic questions now being considered. I am not one to carelessly turn over my belongings for the uplift of the nation, but I am one who has come to a belief that the worker will rule and the sooner we realize this the better it will be for our country and the world at large."

"In these times of war," Mr. Schwab said, "we of America should not criticize the actions of our President and our nation. We are behind him and we are behind the nation. When I say 'we' I mean the steel men of the United States. Within the next 18 months we will have more tonnage on the ocean than all the nations of the world."

GENERAL T. H. BLISS REACHES PARIS SAFELY.

Washington.—Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, chief of staff, who arrived in Paris will represent the United States army on the supreme war council. Secretary Baker in so announcing disclosed that the general is accompanied by high officers of every branch of the service to advise him about any questions that may arise.

WORKING ON ZONE SYSTEM FOR COAL.

Washington.—Continued demoralization of railroad transportation throughout the east prompted railroad and fuel administration officials to hasten plans for developing a zone distributing system for coal, and it was stated that some definite announcement might be expected within a few days.

GERMANY REJECTS ALL PEACE OFFERS.

BASIS OF PEACE SET FORTH BY WILSON ARE DECLARED UNACCEPTABLE.

WILL HOLD ALSACE-LORRAINE.

Chancellor Says Fate of Poland and Balkans and Italy's Frontier Lies Entirely With Austria-Hungary.



Paul Hennig, a naturalized German, who had been a trusted foreman of the E. W. Bliss Torpedo works, was indicted for treason, for which the penalty in case of conviction is death.

IS OPPOSED BY MCADOO.

ADMINISTRATOR GARFIELD URGES EMBARGO ON ALL BUT FUEL AND FOOD.

Placing of Embargo is Urged by Garfield at Once, Owing to Deep Snows and Intense Cold, Which is Tying Up Traffic.

Washington.—An urgent recommendation that an embargo be declared for a few days on acceptance by the railroads of any freight except coal and food was submitted to Director General McAdoo by the fuel administration.

This action is imperative, Administrator Garfield said, to assure adequate movement when the general transportation situation east of the Mississippi threatens to become worse daily, owing to the prolonged strain on railroads of deep snows and intensely cold weather.

The five-day period of industrial suspension ended Tuesday, and with the resumption of manufacturing, railroad officials look for a new flood of traffic which the railroads cannot handle until normal weather is restored.

Director General McAdoo was not inclined to look with favor on the embargo proposal. He held that under government operation and consequent pooling of facilities and short haul routing, the railroads would be able to clear all freight offered for transportation without priority and without embargoes. Coal and food already have preference over all other classes of freight, he pointed out, and are being moved to tidewater and to localities where domestic needs are greatest, as fast as is physically possible.

NO SIMILAR BODY HAS EVER LED CLEANER LIVES.

Gen. Pershing Replies to Inquiries as to Reports About United States Soldiers.

Washington.—There has never been a similar body of men to lead as clean lives as the American soldiers in France, General Pershing said in a cablegram to Secretary Baker in reply to inquiries as to the truth of reports of immoderate drinking among the men.

General Pershing's message was made public by Mr. Baker in his letter to Governor Capper, of Kansas.

"You may recall writing to me concerning persistent reports as to the immoderate sale of liquor among our forces in France. My impression was that these rumors were not well founded in fact; but I felt it my duty to spray their content to General Pershing, and to ask him to communicate with me as to the facts. You will be glad to know that I have just received the following words from the commander of the American expeditionary forces:

"There has never been a similar body of men to lead as clean lives as our American soldiers in France. They have entered this war with the highest devotion to duty and with no other idea than to perform these duties in the most efficient manner possible. They fully realize their obligation to their own people, their friends and the country.

PLANS FOR CONDUCTING PROPAGANDA IN RUSSIA.

Washington.—Plans for conducting a propaganda in Russia to acquaint the people there of the friendship of this country and prevent them from falling under German influences have been launched here by members of Congress. As part of the plan, it was learned that labor organizations in many parts of the country are preparing to hold meetings on Lincoln's birthday, February 12, at which speeches

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Germany, through her imperial chancellor, Count von Hertling, and Austria-Hungary, through its foreign minister, Count Czernin, have made replies to the peace terms of the allies and the United States as recently enunciated by David Lloyd George and President Wilson. Although both affect to see the possibility of coming into agreement with their enemies on minor points, the concrete bases essential to peace are declared to be unacceptable.

The German spokesman was uncompromisingly hostile to a majority of the peace aims as put forward by President Wilson, treating seriatim in his address those upon which Germany would not come into accord. Count Czernin was more moderate in his treatment of President Wilson's ideas, declaring the President's viewpoint, expressed in his latest address to Congress, showed that there was less incompatibility between Austria-Hungary and the United States than had seemed to be the case.

From the German standpoint, according to Von Hertling, the restoration to France of Alsace-Lorraine is beyond the realm of discussion. Regarding Belgium, he declared that its restoration could be settled only in peace negotiations, but that Germany never had demanded the incorporation of Belgian territory "by violence."

Likewise, methods of procedure in the evacuation of Northern France must take account of Germany's vital interests and be agreed upon between Germany and France.

As to Poland and Balkans. The chancellor said the fate of Poland and the Balkans and the readjustment of the Italian frontier lies with Austria, while the evacuation of Russian territory concerns only Russia and the central powers. Germany, he added, considered that the integrity of Turkey and the safety of its capital were closely connected with the question of the Dardanelles, which was of vital interest to Germany.

INTERESTING DISCLOSURES REGARDING THE ARMY.

Lloyd George Earnestly Suggested Wood's Appointment.

Washington.—Some interesting disclosures regarding American army affairs at home and abroad were made through publication of confidential testimony given recently before the senate military committee in executive session.

Statements of nearly all the witnesses heard behind closed doors, except Major General Crozier, chief of ordnance, were given in the usual printed report of committee proceedings.

One that created something of a stir among members of Congress was that of Representative McCormick, of Illinois, who, back from a visit to the allied battle fronts, told the committee allied officers were apprehensive regarding coordination of American war management; that Premier Lloyd George earnestly suggested Major General Leonard Wood's appointment as the American military representative abroad, and that high officers in General Pershing's command urged that Major General Crozier, chief of ordnance, and Quartermaster General Sharpe be superseded.

FORTY ARMED MEXICANS CROSS THE RIO GRANDE.

El Paso, Texas.—Forty armed Mexicans crossed the Rio Grande in the southern part of El Paso. Soldiers and policemen armed with rifles, were rushed to the scene. Fifteen minutes later firing was still in progress. Private Linn, on outpost duty, has been brought in with a bullet wound in his body.

After firing several hundred shots, the Mexicans retreated across the river.

AGAINST MAKING UP TIME LOST ON MONDAY HOLIDAYS.

Washington.—Fuel Administrator Garfield announced that any increase by industrial establishments of the usual working time on other days of the week than Monday for the purpose of making up time lost on Monday holidays will be considered an evasion of the Monday closing order and a violation of the spirit of the decree. A seven hour day has been suggested by Samuel Gompers.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE.

Need Help to Pass the Crisis Safely—Prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Can be Relied Upon.

Urbana, Ill.—"During Change of Life, in addition to its annoying symptoms, I had an attack of grippe which lasted all winter and left me in a weakened condition. I felt at times that I would never be well again. I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it did for women passing through the Change of Life, and I would try it. It soon began to gain its strength and I am no longer annoyed by my troubles. I appeared and your Vegetable Compound has made me a well, strong woman. I do all my own housework. I cannot recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly to women passing through the Change of Life."—Mrs. FRANK HENSON, 1316 S. Duane St., Urbana, Ill.

Women who suffer from nervousness, "heat flashes," backache, headaches and "the blues" should try this first root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



How He Got His Man. One of the best known sales managers in the knit goods field makes a point of never directly approaching a salesman who he thinks would fit into his organization.

He who praises men and flatters women has many fair weather friends. The world will forgive a man almost anything but failure.

Only One "BROMO QUININE".

To get the genuine, ask for full name—L. A. F. F. BROMO QUININE. Ask for signature of W. G. H. C. Cures a Cold in One Day. 50c.

Backache.

Yager's Liniment is excellent for any kind of pain or congestion. It quickly relieves backache and rheumatic pains, and is a splendid remedy for Neuralgia, Sciatica, chest pains, sprains, strains, swellings and enlargements.

Keep a bottle in your home for emergencies—you never can tell when you will require something of the sort.

35c Per Bottle AT ALL DRUG STORES.

Each bottle contains more than the usual 50 cent bottle of liniment.

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Frost Proof Cabbage Plants.

Early Jersey and Charleston Wakefield, for seed and trial. Try express, 50c. 15c. 1,000, \$2.00; 5,000 at \$1.75; 10,000 up at \$1.50. F. O. H. BROS. Delivered parcel post at \$1.50. Satisfaction guaranteed. D. F. JAMISON, SUMMERVILLE, S. C.

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