

Mountain Herald



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\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

36,000 PRISONERS TAKEN IN PICARDY

IN ESTIMATES OF CAPTURED ARE 1,000 OFFICERS FROM GEN-ERAL TO CORPORAL.

OVER 500 CANNON IN SPOIL

Enemy Resistance i la Stiffening Against Advance of Allies; Desperate Stand Expected.

The number of prisoners taken so far in the allied offensive in Picardy is now estimated at 16,000, including more than 1,000 officers. More than 500 guns have been captured, according to the latest advices.

The pivot of the German resistance at this stage of the battle, it now apmidway between Montdidier and Soissons. The enemy is throwing in re-serves from this base in an effort to entered the war. In private life he prevent, regardless of cost, the alites from gaining control of the Novon Ham road, which is choked with material, guns and troops.

The Germans are expected to make a desperate stand on the Roye-Neyon to permit the columns which are retreating in the direction of Nesle and ALL

Ham to reach safety.

The resistance of the Germans stiffening against the fourth British army under General Rawlinson They are reacting violently in the region of Lihons, which changed hands twice British Premier Praises Part Taken during the night but which was firmly held by the British.

All the bridges across the Somme between Peronne and Ham, a stretch of about 15 miles, have been destroyed by allied aviators. The Germans have been attempting to throw tem porary bridges across the stream and the allied airmen are now systematically bombing these improvised struc-

All morning reports show extreme confusion among the enemy forces their precipitate retreat.

Among the prisoners taken are gen erals, colonels and officers of all other grades Eleven divisions of Generals von Huties and von Marwitz have been identified by prisoners taken.

GERMANS DIGGING IN ALONG THE VESLE RIVER

With the American Army on the Veale.-Allied aviators have reported that the Germans are digging in opposite the Franco-American line along the Vesle. The observers also have reported that the enemy is stringing barbed wire along the hills northwest Allied officers express the belief that the Germans will not give ground here unless they are deliber stely pushed off the plateaus.

The Americans learned from Ger-man prisoners that the enemy was using an old rock quarry cave in the region of Longuval, large enough to it as a refuge for troops to rest. The Franco-American heavy artillery shelled the cave all day and the Germans were finally compelled to abandon it as a hiding place.

The guns of the Franco-Americans got the range of the entrance to the cave and kept up a continuous fire Observers reported that the cave had been considerably damaged and was rendered very untenable. The Germans are digging trenches val and also in the valley of the

COAL SHORTAGE IS SOURCE OF DANGER

Washington.-Coal miners and operators were called upon in a proclamation by President Wilson to give their maximum et al. to the production of coal to the end that the threatened hortage next winter may be averted. The president asked miners particularly to work full time and urged those who are essential to the industry to accept deferred classification in the

BEVERAL VILLAGES TAKEN BY THE FRENCH TROOPS

Paris.-Notwithstanding rest stance of Germans, French troops gained further ground between the Avre and the Oise rivers, taking several villages from the west and south of Roye to the Oise. Further south on the line. the French have penetrated the wood ed area between the Rivers Matz and Olse, reaching in this region the envi rons of LaBerliere and Gury, Moreull LaMotte has been captured. ALONZO E. TAYLOR



A new photograph of Dr. Alonzo E. Taylor, a member of the war trade board and also of the House mission to Europe. He was in charge of the feeding of French and English ranks as one of the leading food chem-

IS PRAISED BY LLOYD-GEORGE

GAINED STEADILY HELD BY STIFF FIGHTING

in Present Offensive by the American Troops,

The allied armies have obtained urther successes over the Germans in fighting in the Solssons-Rheims sector and to the north in the Montdidler region and still further north in Flanders between the Laws and Clarence rivers.

East of the town of Braisne on the Vesle River, midway between Soissons and Rheims, American and French troops after the stiffest kind of fighting have crossed the river and held all the positions gained. In addition all the positions previously gained by the ailied troops throughout the entire Rhelms-Soissons salient have been solidly held, notwithstanding counter-stacks and the heavy ar-tillery fire the enemy has poured down from the heights north of the Vesle upon their antagoniats. Near jet into line; over the millions of where the Vesle enters the Alsne other Americans "on the way." east of Soissons the French bave overcome the resistance of the enemy and taken the village of Ciry-Salsogne

In the Montdidier sector the French south and southeast of the town have further advanced their line on important sector which represents the junction point of the armies of the German crown prince and of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria.

it remained for the Britsh, how-ever to deliver- the hardest blow conceal two regiments. He employed ugainst the Germans. Following up a previous advance in the famous Lys sector northwest of LaBasse, Field Marshal Haig's mun pushed forward their line over a front of nearly five miles to a depth of a thousand yards.

David Lloyd-George, the Britain prime minister, addressing the house of commons, spoke optimistically the status of the war from the allied standpoint. He characterized present offensive on the Aisne-Marne front as the most brilliant in the an nals of the war and praised the part taken in it by the American troops

TO HURL ENTIRE STRENGTH AMERICAN ARMY ON GERMANS

Washingon,-Backd by a reservoir of 5,000,000 American troops. Field Marshal Foch, supreme comander of the American and alied armies, is preparing to harl the entire united milistrength of France, Great Britain and the Unfted States against the Germans on the western front in time to bring the war to a victorious con clusion in the shortest possible time Next spring will see the terrific conflict, already in progress on the Foch's armies striking with all their

This was the impression gained by members of the senate military committee who heard General March, chief of staff, explain in executive session the war department's reasons for ask-ing extension of draft age limits to include all men betwen 18 and 45 years of age. They learned also that the definite decision to enlarge the American military program to an army of five million men was reached about July 30 and is in acordance with an agreemnt reched in Paris shortly before that time.

GERMAN ARMIES STILL SWEPT BACK

TANKS, CARS, CAVALRY AND INFANTRY ALL COMBINE TO OVERWHELM FOE.

GREAT NUMBER OF PRISONERS

Allies Capture 17,000 Prisoners, More Than Two Hundred Cannon and Other War Munitions.

Over a curving front of more than 20 miles the British and French troops are continuing to sweep back the Germans eastward across north of the Somme east of Morlan court to the eastern bank of the Avre northwest of Montdidier.

As on the first day of the offensive material progress was made over the entire battle front. Many additional villages were captured; the bag of rous guns and great quantities of war stores were taken, and heavy by tanks, armored motor cars, the GERMAN LOSSFS ARE HEAVY cavalrymen and the infantry. The POSITIONS PREVIOUSLY forces are declared to be relatively ALONG BATTLE FRONT CONDIsmall.

To the ailied forces there have fallen 17,000 German prisoners and between 200 and 300 guns, many of them of heavy caliber and innumer machine guns, trench mortars and kindred smal weapons.

Already having penetrated the Picardy salient to a depth of nearly 13 miles in the center toward the vicinity of the important railroad junction of Chaulnes, and at other points along the arc, pushed forward between five and seven miles. the been resisting desperately, gave way the British and French

A CORRESPONDENT SAVE

London, England.-Germany is scared white.

She's scared, first of all over the turn of things on the west front; over the thousands of Americans regularly outfighting her; over the hundreds of thousands of Americans waiting to

This information comes from an al-lied source whose business it is to

She's frightened about Austria She known and conceded in official allied been since the opening of the war and

tied warships and American troops time even turned back the gas against up north have puffed out her hope the enemy. The French also have anof getting her hands on the hundreds swered the Germans in kind. military revolution; she can't take a step toward Petrograd or the northern railthese allies forces swoop south; and for all she knows they quered and that 200 villages had be going to swoop south without waiting for that menace; she can't spare men from the west front.

GOVERNMENT, NOT DRAFTER, WILL DO THE SELECTING

Washington-New draft regulations under which the government would do the selecting rather than leaving it to the registrant, are under consid eration by the war department.

The war secretary made it plain that he is not satisfied with the present system under which the regis-trant must claim deferred classification, as many men with dependents hesitate for patriotic reasons to make such a claim. In this connection Mr. Baker said, he was inclined to the opinion that the marriage rela-tion will in itself constitute deferred classification.

VILLAGE AND PRISONERS CAPTURED BY AMERICANS

Paris (Havas Agency) .- American troops have captured the village of Avre River between Braches and Mori-Fismet, on the north bank of the sel, Vesle river, a short distance northwest of Fismes.

The official communication says the British and French troops continued their advance and won new victories. French troops took 4,000 prisoners. besides a large quantity of war mateMISS MARION DAVIES



Mise Marion L. Davies, a graduate of the University of Wisconsin, it one of the first women to be appointed examiner under the federal trade commission. She is doing research work in the congressional library, investiprisoners was largely increased; nu- gating facts about the manufacture of various articles

TIONS UNCHANGED BUT AN-TICIPATION RUNS RIOT.

Thirty-Five Thousand Prisoners in Addition to Supplies and 700 Cannon Fall to Allies.

Conditions on the battlefront along the Vesie river betwee Sotssons and Rheims remain unchanged, and, relaconthern and southern flanks of the tively speaking, there have been no battle front where the Germans had developments of outstanding importthe pressure respectively of ance on the line running from the region of Montdidier toward the English channel. In both regions, however, there is a tenseness which seems GERMANY IS SCARED WHITE to forecast the approaching dawn of big events.

> The Germans have been shelling heavily the American and French soldiers who have made their way across to the northern bank of the Vesle or delivering heavy counter-attacks against them, but everywhere they have met with a stonewal of resistance that has not permitted them to counter-balance their losses of ground. But the Germans have not been

know conditions in the enemy coun-tries.

permitted by the allies to have a monopoly of the initiative. Where they have thrown shells against the doesn't know what moment Austria Americans in the Fismes sector, Amer-may blow up. She knows what is lean missiles have been returned with ican missiles have been returned with added interest. This particular secsources—that the Austrian economic situation is worse now than it has against the Americans, who, with their gas masks adjusted, were virhe people are bolder.

She's frightened about Russia. Al. A kindly switch in the wind at one

stores at Archangel, there since the 700 cannon have been captured," said the premier, who added that Paris no longer was in danger, that Solssons and Chateau Thierry have been recondelivered through the formidable Soissons-Rheims alient.

FINE RECORD IS MADE AMERICAN SHIP BUILDERS

Washington.-With the launching of 123 vessels, totaling 631,944 deadreight tons, and the delivery of 41 others of 235,025 deadweight tons, new world shipbuilding records were established in July by American shipyards, the shipping board announce The July launchings alone were greater than those of any single year

in the past. The launching included 67 steel vessels of 43,244 deadweight 53 wood ships of 187,70 deadweight tons, and three composite ships of 11,000 tons.

FRENCH CROSS AYRE RIVER THREATEN GERMAN JUNCTION

The French north of Montdidger ave crossed to the west side of the Here a fairly deep penetration in to the German line would become a direct menace to the junction point of the armies of the German crown prince and of Crown Prince Rup-precht. On both sides of Amiens, where the Germans have given ground they are now heavily shelling British positions, using quantities of gra-

SURPRISE ATTACK RENEWS RETREAT

FOCH'S NEW OFFENSIVE GIVES PROMISE OF SERIOUS MEN. ACE TO GERMAN FRONT.

CHANNEL PORTS NOW SAFE

Evident That Rupprecht Must Deter Campaign to Cut Off the Cross-Channel Service.

The historic battle ground between Andens and Montdidier again is the scene of a mighty contest. This time the British and French are pressors and under their ficted onslaughts in the first day's battle they have penetrated deeply into the German positions over a front of more than 20 miles, reaching from the region of Brackes to the neighborhood of Moclan cort

Following short but intensive arithlery preparation and aided by misty weather, the affied attack took the Germany concidencts by surprise and before the tanks, motor machine gun hatteries, cavairy and infairty s against them. Al the dejectives set for the Australians anadians. English men and Frenchmen were attained in remarkably quick time, and at last accounts the allied forces were still making progress. Wherever the enemy turned to give battle he was decisive ly defeated

Large numbers of guns prisoner. were cantured, great quantities of war materials were taken and a score or more of villages and hamlets were reoccupied. In addition, heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy.

At its deepest point the penetration of the German line was about seven and a half miles eastward from Villers Bretonneux to Framerville, while from two to five miles were gained all along the front from northwest of Montdidler to the region around Morlancourt. The fighting extended north of Morlancourt to the Albert sector. but no official details concerning it have been received.

Well out on the plains and pressing forward, seemingly with great rapidity, the present offensive of the French and Britsh gives promise of seriously menacing the entire German front from near the sea to Rheims. If the drive should proceed eastward to any great depth it cannot but affect the armies of the German crown prince now fighting betwen the Alane and the Vesle and possibly make impracticable a stand by them even

north of the Aisne Under the pressure of the offensive the menace to the channel ports also seems for the moment at least. to vanish. Already there have been signs to the northward from the positions where Crown Prince Rppreche had formed his men for a drive toward the channel that a retrograde movement by the Germans was not improbable. It is apparent that Rupprecht will have to defer his campaign to cut off the cross-chanel serivce

GOVERNMENT TO TAKE OVER COLD STORAGE PLANTS, ETC.

Washington.-Investigation of the packing industry of the country by the federal trade commission culminated in an announcement that the commission had recommended President Wilson that the government commandeer and operate for the public benefit stockyards, cold storage plants, warehouses and refrigerator and cattle cars.

Monopolistic control of the essential food supply not only of the United States and its army and navy, but also of the entente countries was charged by the commission against the five great packing companies-Swift, Ar our Morris, Cudahy and Wilson, The last named company the committee's report said, is controlled by three of the strongest banking groups in the United States-Kuhn, Loch & Guaranty Trust Co. and Chase National bank

ICE FAMINE BLAMED ON NORFOLK MANUFACTURERS

Norfolk, Va -Rear Admirel Harris, chairman of the war industries comthe of the fish naval district, notion Company that he would take ever and direct the distribution of all ates tric current. In order '- conserve and the supply for the more imut!"Ize portant lines of industry and transporation. The step was decided upon in order to relieve the present acuse

OVER THE LAND OF THE LONG LEAF PINE

SHORT NOTES OF INTUREST TO CAROLINIANS

Asheville Harrison Hart was shot and perhaps fatally wounded here by Arnold Prunt at the Zimmerman daughter house in West Asheville Prutit fired twice, the first bullet strikto Harr in the abdomen and passing nitrely through the body. The shot skewed Hart to turn, the second buffet triking him in the back we in an such of the exit of the first built-

Lumberton The premium h : for the annual Robeson courty but to be held in Lumberton October 15, 16, 17 and 15 has pure been resent. The list te are most affirmmented on assued and hundreds of dollars are offered for exhibits of all knots of turn proctors.

Hickory - Prof. H. W. Carver superintendent of the Hickory city schools, has amounted the teaching force for the on-coming residen. Bespite that lemand for too hers. Superintendent farver has successfully obtained Hickory's required number

Kinston Its operating economically the numericality of Kinston will get along on along \$100,00 during the 12 months The mayor's annual leadget, subject to a few slight changes calls for a sum \$200 or \$200 short of \$100,000. The tax rate will be reduced 16 cents in spite of the fact taut nearly everything else is going

Rutherfordton - Deputy Collector Thousands of Germans were made. Rhype and posse made a raid in upper Rutherford county on the night of August 2 and discovered an illicit distillery with full equipment in opera-Grover McDaniel was captured tion. at the still and taken before United States Commissioner R W Legan, and upon hearing the evidence Commissioner Logan bound McDantel aver to the October term of federal court at Charlotte. Will Lisle has also been arrested upon warrant and was tried before Commissioner Logan

> Oxford -Five gallons of whiskey was found concealed at the fair grounds. W. H. Tillotson, Jr. a prominent farmer of Granville county was arrested on charge of selling whiskey and after arrest and prelim nary trial, was bound over for appearmuce at court on \$5,000 lend.

> Winsten Salem . Lieu F. Carlton of the United States navy electrical angineering department was here on route to North Wilkeshore to spend a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Carlton. Lieutenant Carlton has just returned from a trip to France made aboard a transport as aesistant electrical engineer. He says the trip over was made in twelve days but coming back only seven days were required. Every precaution was taken to protect the boys on the trip

High Point -- Despondent because he had been informed that he was affected with a dread diseases. Albert made a determined effort to end his life at the home of William Holton, near Jamestown, by slashing his throat and forearm with a razor. The throat was cut from left car to the front center. The blade of the razor penetrated the windpipe. The razor was then used on the left forearm in an effort to severe the artery.

Charlotte.-Of the 8,000 negro soldiers ordered entrained August 22 for Camp Greene 2.738 vill be sent by benl bearns of No th Carolina according to a call received by the lofice of the adjutant general of North Carolina. Charlotte's quota under this call is 111, Mecklenburg county 16 and among others are Anson county, 27: Gaston county, 8; Iredell county, 9; Union county, 40; Starly county, 30; Cabarrus county 20; Lincoln county, 212; New Hanover county, 11; Burke county, 7; Rowan county, 44; Robeson county, No. 1, 59; Robeson county No. 2, 36.

Favetteville -- Pierre Mallett son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Mallett, of Washington, D. U has been decorated by a French communder with the Croix de Guerre, for distinguished conduct in operation in No Man's Land, according to information received by relatives of Mr. Mallett here. Mr. Mallett is a member of the American Expeditionary Force Both his parents are North Carolinians. He is a great-grandson of General Peter Mallett, of the Revolution, and a grandson of Col. Peter Mallett, of the Confederate States army.