S BRIEFS

ERIT BADGE DAY

The response to "Boy Scout Merit Badge Day" held at Carolina Power and Light Co.'s Harris Visitors Center in ovember of 1987, was so great as a second Merit Badge Day as been scheduled for Saturday, arch 26.

Boy Scout troops in the county Occoncechee Council ad meighboring areas are again invited to take part in the special workshops and activities to be of-fered during the day-long event.

ESC FINDS JOBS

In February, 10,616 North Carolinians found jobs through the 78 Job Service Centers and six

the 75 Job Service Centers and six branch offices operated by the Employment Security Commis-sion of North Carolina. Statewide totals released show that employers listed 20,716 job openings with the agency during February, and ESC staff filled 12,881 of those seminure

February, and ESC staff filled 12,861 of those openings. Figures released for individual Job Service centers show the greatest number of placements was made in Raleigh with 524, Winston-Salem with 447, Charlotte with 357, Chapel Hill with 322 and Gestenic with 500 Charlotte with 357, Chapel Hill with 322, and Gastonia with 203. Greensbore placed the greatest number of individuals, 54, in jobs paying more than \$15,000 per year, followed by Raleigh with 92, Charlotte with 81, Winston-Salem with 71, and Salisbury with 49. In February, the greatest number of jobs listed by employers with ESC local offices was Raleigh with 1.387, Winstonwas Raleigh with 1,307, Winston-Salem with 816, Durham with 792, Greensboro with 738, and Charlotte with 734.

MINISTER RECEIVES DEATH THREATS

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa-A clergyman who is a leading anti-apartheid activist said Friday he received two death threats in the past week and that his house and office were

The Rev. Allan Boesak, presi-ent of the World Alliance of Reformed Churches, said he received a call on his private received a call on his private telephone line from a map who said, "We are going to kill you." Boesak said a sione was thrown through a window of his office near Cape Town while he was at a mosting there. Thursday night. His children called 15 minutes Inter from the family home near-by to say a brick had been thrown through a front window. Boesak ald

Boesak, Anglican Archbis Desmond Tuta and other church leaders have pledged to lead op-position to the white-led government's recent crackdown on black and anti-apartheid BY HOWARD BARNETT

Dead Heat For The Lead

Beyond The Classroom

sse. ack

The Rev. Jesse Jackson moved into a dead heat for the lead in the Democratic presidential nomination with his second-place showing in the Illinois primary Tuesday, but many viewers of the major media may not be aware of it.

The "teasers" on major television

network coverage and headlines in newspapers proclaimed Paul Simon's "impressive" victory in his and Jackson's home state, flashing vote totals which showed Simon with about 43 percent of the popular vote to Jackson's 31 and 17 percent for Massachusetts Gov. Michael Dukakis, the erstwhile Democratic

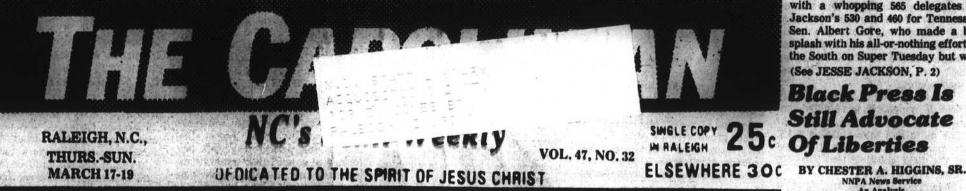
'frontrunner'' who staked a major campaign. The significant aspect of

The real story, however, was not vention delegate, while Jackson pickthat Simon had won in his home state. ed up between 40 and 45.

amount of money and prestige on tak-ing at least a second-place finish in the sixth most-populous state in the nation.

son Moves to Fron

It was expected that he would win Il- Just exactly what that meant in linois-and no other state-in the terms of the overall race, however,



depended largely on who you were watching. CBS, which had actually called the race closer than it turned out to be (41 percent to 37 percent, Simon/Jackson), still showed Dukakis with a commanding 40-vote lead in the delegate count, while Cable News Network's official count showed the contest neck-and-neck. CBS estimates showed Dukakis

with a whopping 565 delegates to Jackson's 530 and 460 for Tennessee Sen. Albert Gore, who made a big splash with his all-or-nothing effort in the South on Super Tuesday but was (See JESSE JACKSON, P. 2)

Black Press Is Still Advocate

NNPA News Servi

Come March, the month we set aside to commemorate the black press, the things done-and not quite done—the annual question is raised: Is there a need for the black press? You mean now, 135 years after the Emancipation Proclamation? And after the adoption of the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments to the Constitution of the United States-34 years after Brown, and more than 20 years after the passage of some of the most significant and sweeping civil rights legislation in the history of this country?

Really, is the black press still needed?

Like a noxious weed in a fertile and pristine garden, the question sprouts-unneeded, uninvited, intrustive and obtrusive. It is sometimes asked subtly, or abrasively, in contemplative fashion or barely restrained rage. It is never asked carelessly or with an air of indifference.

So each year it is answered with a chorus of resounding editorial 'yeas." A joker or two might play the devil's advocate and say "no." But they are jumped and pummeled quickly into submission.

Yet, the question comes up and, to change metaphors, like a Syssiphian stone has to be pushed laboriously to the top of the mountain of public opinion each year, only to have it roll (See BLACK PRESS, P. 2)

Judaes Bench

TASK FORCE REPORT ON DRUGS

The Raleigh City Council has proclaimed illegal drugs the number one objective in police news and public service announcements. Ralph Campbell, Jr., a member of the City Raleigh section to find what he said were "pushers on the corner, waiting to make a sale." It's this reality that colors Campbell's reaction to a report from the council's Substance Abuse Task Force. After more than a year of observation, the group recommended a community survey to measure the public awareness of drug abuse, coupled with a variety of education and public service campaigns. "There are hot spots in the city where drugs are openly sold, and 1 was hoping the task force would work with the media and police department to try to identify those areas," Campbell said. Council members **Geoffrey Elting and Anne S. Franklin** are reserving judgment on the task force's plan until they get additional information on what funds are needed from the city.

Attainment **Drops** After Integration

Some blacks say North Carolina's school systems are to blame for disparities between the academic achievement of black and white students, but others argue that the problems extend beyond the classroom.

Charles Holland, a member of the Wake County Board of Education, said low teacher expectations hurt the academic performance of black children.

"Some of our teachers are taking a short cut," Holland said. "Rather than challenging our students and working hard with them, teachers push them into the lower-schieving

But Walter Faribault, Jr., vice chairman of the Orange County School Board, said teachers could not be held solely responsible.

"It is fairly easy to point a finger at faculty," he said."But what if the faculty gives instruction to go home and do 10 problems and they go home and do none?"

Black educators, leaders and parents charge that school systems ve failed to educate and chall black students, but others say low family income and a variety of other social ills have led to the poor performance of black students. "It is easy to blame somebody else," Gladys Graves, president of

T. Headen, president of Shaw Divinity School, and Dr. Oscar McLaughlin, paster of St. Francis AME Zion Church, Port Chester, N.Y., in front of the new Shaw Divinity School Chapel at the school's new campus at Rush Street, Boone Trail and Hilliop Drive, near Old Garner Road. Amos is a member of the Board of Associates for the school.

Divinity School Holds

Discipline **Is Key To** Classroom BY R.P. CORNWALL CHUNN

Educating black students in the public school system can be accomplished, according to some retired educators interviewed recentlÿ.

"They did learn when I was working with them," said Ms. Maye Ligon, a former teacher at Washington and Ligon high schools.

Another former teacher, Ms. seashore.

"I taught for 40 years. There is not' ng wrong with that black child's mind. A child is a child, regardless of color." Ms. Turner said.

"When I taught I had around 70 children in the beginners' class. We were expected to teach those children something. We had the parents behind us. The kids wanted to learn.

"We had some brilliant students. They were on the honor roll. Our students are out in their fields now, doctors, lawyers, politicians, very smart students," she said.

Catherine Turner, remembers her years of teaching throughout North Carolina "from the mountains to the

EFFECTS OF RACIAL ATTACK CONTINUE

NEWTON, N.J.--- A 50-year-old lack woman who authorities say black woman who auth was the victim of a racial attack last month has not regained her

last month has not regained her memory and her husband is showing the strain of the incident, a support coalition said. The restless nights and nightmares that have haunted the woman, Hildegarde Smith, have leasened but things have worsened for her husband, lichard, who has a heart co

"Richard is cosentially a 24-hour nurse for Hildegards,' said the Rev. William J. Sadler interim pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. That com-bined with trying to accept the in-cident have led to a couple of flare-ups of his heart condition, said Sadler of Sylvester Fletcher, one of 150 blacks in this Sussex County town of 8,000 people.

ALTERNATIVES TO ICARCERATION

An interagency task force that as been exploring alternatives incarceration will conduct a ublic discussion of the issue on pril 7 in Raleigh.

The task force, an ad hoc com-mittee representing the Division of Adult Probation and Parole in the Department of Correction and the Division of Victim and and the Division of Victim and Justice Services of the Depart-ment of Crime Control and Public Safety, has been meeting since 1985 to discuss various alter-natives to incarceration. The anel also serves as a link beten two programs with similar

The focus of the April 7 me It be on existing alternative will be on existing alternative programs such as the community penalties program, the electronic house arrest program, and inten-sive probation. That meeting is scheduled for 10 a.m. in the con-ference room of the Pre-Relense and After Care Center, 3005 In-instrial Drive, Building E, in Inferit. (See BLACKS, P. 2)



F MISSION—These three African chiefs of mission stand in line to be Idents from the area recently. From left are the ambassador from st, the ambassador of Mali and the chief of mission of Lesotha. CHIEFS OF MISSION-7 grooted by residents from t the leary Coast, the amber (Phote by Tallo Colleway)

African Chiefs Of **Mission Visit Raleigh**

BY MARGARET ROSE MURRAY Special To The CAROLINIAN It was a beautiful day, both physically and psychologically, that brought more than 12 African am-baseadors, ministers and counselors from the countries of Benin, Comfrom the countries of Benin, Com-oros, Congo, Gabon, the Ivory Coast, Lesotho, Liberia, Mali, Nigeria, Rwanda, Seychelles and Zaire, to Raleigh on Friday, March 11. They were here to pay a visit to the predominantly black schools of higher learning, St. Augustine's Col-lege and Shaw University. They also conducted a state visit with Fourth District Rep. David Price at his of-fice.

The sponsoring group, the Interna-tional Visitors Council, and its coor-dinator, Forrest Rogers, as well as five essorts and interpreters, were pleased with the reception given the visitors

Founder's Event DOTE

Divinity School and supporter of the Shaw Divinity School will deliver the Founder's Day Address at the Convocation of the Fifty-Fifth

Dr. Lawrence N. Jones, long time Founder's Day Observance, Shaw Dean of the Howard University Divinity School, to be held at 11:00 A.M., Monday, March 21, 1988, at the new Shaw Divinity School Chapet at Hilltop Drive and Rush Street, near Old Garner Road.

In announcing Dr. Jones appearance at historic Shaw Divinity School, Dr. Gregory T. Headen stated, "Dr. Jones's presence on campus is further confirmation of the Divinity School's commitment to quality and excellence," adding that "only the best is our continuing theme.

Headen said that Dr. Jones, considered the Dean of Deans among black theologians, is a long time friend of Shaw Divinity School, and is well known in the State. He said that the Shaw Divinity School is indeed (See DIVINITY, P. 2)

Appreciation **Feature** Has Three Winners

There were three winners in last week's Appreciation Money Feature, sponsored by The CAROLINIAN and participating busineses. The winners who found their names hidden on the Appreciation Page this week were Ms. Robin Everett, 700 Barksdale; Ms. Yvonne Moore, 4006 Garner Rosd; and Terry Lanier, Rt. 2, Raleigh.

After coming into The CAROLIN-IAN office at 518 E. Martin St. and properly identifying themselves, win-ners were awarded \$10 checks.

(See APPRECIATION, P. 2)

The day started at 9 a.m. with this reporter meeting the party at their hotel. The group took the bus to the campus of St. Augustine's College, (See AFRICAN, P. 2) and a second and a s



They were bad. They did little ugly things, but you could spank them. Even the slowest child could learn and he did learn," she said.

"There was love at home. The teachers loved the kids, the kids loved the teachers, the parents loved the teachers, the teachers loved the parents. Now the kids hate the eachers, the teachers don't like the kids nor parents."

A retired Wake County principal, W.W. Hurdle, does not believe black children are impossible to educate, nor are they academically inferior.

"It's a matter of proper teaching and proper motivation as any other group. You have to understand kids in order to teach them. Many of our schools are not taking that into consideration today.

"There are many problems, backgrounds, tools [needed]. They haven't been properly motivated before they left home to learn. They haven't always been properly motivated before they left home to learn. They haven't always had the tools that you need to work with. They were shortchanged even before my time. I was shortchanged when I went to school," said the former principal of Lucille Hunter School and Jeffrey's Grove Elementary School.'

(See TEACHERS, P. 2)

STUDENTS SUSPENDED FOR WEARING CONFEDERATE FLAG

Last week, Chewning Junior High School confronted students and parents concerning the issue of recent racial violence within the school. A Durham Superior Court judge denied a parent's request Tuesday for a temporary restraining order to (See JUDGES' BENCH, P. 2)

Taxation System Seen As Cause of Poverty

BY R.P. CORNWALL CHUNN

Staff Writer The undertaxation of land and the overtaxation of wealth is the root of involuntary poverty. That has been the cry of Raleigh's

homegrown economist, Wilbur

Johnson, for years. He has now raised his wager to \$15,000 that his theory, as put forth by the 18th-century economist, Henry George, is correct.

"I raised the wager to \$15,000 because nobody would challenge me at \$5,000," he said.

"Under the present system of taxa-tion, the people that produce the wealth get less than those who don't produce it. Does that make sense?" Johnson has raised his arguments

against the present property tax system for years. His newspaper col-umns, letters, radio appearances and confrontations with public officials

and leaders have become legendary. "The solution to poverty should be the first function of government—to eliminate poverty. If government doesn't eliminate poverty, we can assume the government officials are thieves or functional illiterates. If I can see that there is something wrong with the economic something wrong' can see that there is something wrong with the economic system, why can't they see it?"

Johnson points to an account in the Congressional Record in December of 1970 by former U.S. Sen. Edmund Muskie, suggesting that the property tax system needs reforming as evidence of the awareness across the nation that "there is something

"Get those people who are capable of reading to study it, teachers, social workers, lawyers. Eliminate the uninformed and miseducated func-tional illiterates in Congress, the (See TAXATION, P. 2)