

South Africa is a country which controls a group of people through nate, brutality, force and oppression. The suffering of nonwhites who are subjected to the strong hand of apartheid is commonplace. That was very

apparent at a recent rally. upporters of the anti-apartheid movement had gathered to attend a memorial service, appropriately held in front of the South African embassy, for two young black youths, killed by a South African patrol as they attempted to cross the border to freedom in neighboring Botswana (countless black South Africans are shot and killed while fleeing the country across the border; most of the ties are never recovered, according to speakers).

Thokazile, 6, and Mandla, 8, were the children of Phillip and Virginia Dlamini, a black South African couple living in Washington. Phillip's aunt, Anna Ramosime, was also kill-

ed in the escape attempt. Phillip and Virginia were luckier than their children. They had traveled over the same route over a year ago to freedom. Before their successful escape, the Dlaminis were not spared from the South African government's brutality. For helping to organize peaceful anti-apartheid demonstrations and working to improve the education of blacks, Phillip, 41, spent six months in a Johannesburg jail. While incarcerated, lice poured melting rubber down his back, sliced off his ear with a razor, and whipped him mercilesly. Virginia, now 26, was jailed and subjected to repeated blows to her head and face. The Dlaminis made their way to a refugee camp in Botswana then to the United States, where they've been granted political

asylum. John Dear, 29, who works at the McKenna Center for the poor at St. Aloysius Catholic Church here, said Phillip came to the center on Thanksgiving Eve last year and ask-ed for his help. Dear, who is studying for the priesthood, was able to find housing for the Dlaminis at a Catholic-run shelter in Northwest Washington, obtained medical and antal care (Virginia, whose teeth were knocked out, was recently fitted with dentures) and legal assistance for the couple. They have applied for and are expected to obtain perma-

nent residency status. The Dlaminis' excitement about a nion with their two children, reported in a recent newspaper arti-cle, were dashed when word arrived of the tragedy. According to several anti-apartheid activists interviewed by NNPA, the news came three weeks after the children and Phillip's aunt were killed. There are unconfirmed reports that a 14-year-old boy, who was shot with the others, managed to reach a refugee camp in

Botswana.

# INSIDE Dr. King Statue Gets G. ACQUISITIONS DEP INSIDE Dr. King Statue Gets G. ACQUISITIONS DEP INSIDE Dr. King Statue Gets G. ACQUISITIONS DEP Gaining Momentum With Commun.,

A community-wide effort to raise funds to erect a life-size bronze statue of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. is gaining momentum day by day, accor-ding to the leaders of the Raleigh-Wake MLK Celebration Committee, Inc

Extensive plans were announced on March 11 seeking small contributions from community residents. The planning committee developed the King Statue 10-10 Plan. This plan asks residents to commit a modest amount

of \$10 per month for 10 months, April through January 1990. The King statue is slated to be unveiled on Jan. 15, 1990, King's official holiday.

Since the announcement of the 10-10 Plan, 114 area citizens have mailed in their first contribution for April, giving the first month's fund drive \$1,740. According to the overall master plan of the drive, there should be a minimum of 125 people participating in the plan by the end of April with the ultimate goal of 500

participating per month by July. Dr. Clifton E. Buckrham, im-mediate past president of the Raleigh Interdenominational Ministerial Alliance, stated, "This is something we think the total church community, large and small, black and white, can support. It is not self-serving to anyone or any group, it is a total com-munity effort. This project tends to monumentalize in a very concrete way King's dream and legacy. I am very proud to be associated with this

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> committee and what it's doing." After a nationwide search for an artist to develop the King statue, the planning committee recently approved and commissioned Ms. Abbe Godwin of Colfax. Ms. Godwin is a sculptor of international acclaim who is recognized in artistic circles as a creator of "profoundly moving and emotional work." She is considered among the top sculptors in realistic work and shows unusual artistic maturity. She has done independent study in England, Belgium, Holland, Austria, Nigeria, Italy, France, Spain, the Virgin Islands and Puerto (See DR. KING, P. 2)



#### **The Modern Bounty Hunter:** White Or Black, I Bring 'Em Back!' Is His Promise **ELSEWHERE 30¢**

#### Special To The CAROLINIAN

Probably the most famous group of bounty hunters in the United States right now is the Special Bureau of Investigation. This unit is run by Odell Jones, J. Maxx and Larry Sharp. They work out of Cleveland, Ohio in the Cuyahoga County area, and their car is quite distinctive in that the license plate says "BOUNTY."

Odell loves the action and excitement of bounty hunting, and he said that the ultimate thing to hunt is people. He's not looking to kill people, but he likes to stalk them and he likes to catch them and he likes to make money off them, because the people he specializes in hunting and catching are felons who have skipped bail and he works with bail bondsmen.

The "SBI" works under an old law that allows a bail bondsman to have his agent enter a house without knocking any time of the day or night and drag out the suspect. It's based on the philosophy that the bail bondsman actually owns your body by virtue of putting up the money for your bail, he is your custodian, and he has to guarantee your appearance in court. If you don't show in court, he's out a lot of bucks. And if he's out money, there's going to be a problem.

There have been some states like Oregon which have virtually knocked out the bail bondsman system and the governor of Oregon

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has been quoted as saying that's probably been a big mistake because thy don't have enough police to be involved in chasing down people who have skipped bail. If you can get out of a \$2,000 bond and you just make it, the chances of you being caught are relatively slim unless you run into people like Odell Jones or you get caught for some other criminal activity and your fingerprints are run.

"Why should these people who are dangerous to the community be allowed to run around loose and perpetrate more and more crimes? Most of these people are career criminals who are not going to be rehabilitated, and the fact that they're out on bail is a unique aspect of the American justice system, which some may agree with and some may not. I personally think that it's not a perfect system, but it's by far the best in the world," Jones said. Jones has all kinds of tricks to catch people. He has a near

photographic mind: He can look at wanted posters, and then nail people. The people he works with are good. Jones, being black, has an advantage in that he can go into many areas where white bounty hunters would have a difficult time. "Let's face it, with the prison population being 30 to 40 percent black nationally, there are a higher percentage of blacks who skip bail than whites," Jones said. He has no objections to going after white "skips," and in Jones' words, "White or black, I'm bringing them back."



AWARD PRESENTED-The Quarter Back Award was presented by 'Y' CEO Norman E. Day to YMCA membership chairman, John P. Greene. The award presented on behalf of the Garner Road YMCA board of directors was for Greene's edicated and committed service as chairman.

### **Child Abuse Problems Growing Across U.S.**

Child abuse is a serious and growing national problem. More than two million suspected cases of abuse and neglect are reported each year. Several thousand children die as a result of abuse and neglect annually. Hundreds of thousands of cases are unreported.

In North Carolina 35,000 suspected hild abuse and neg reported last year.

Prevention of Child Abuse. This year marks the 10th anniversary of the National Exchange Club Foundation.

In operation since May 1988, the local center uses professionally trained and supervised volunteer parent aides to work with families where abuse has occurred as well as families considered "at risk." The

THE CAROLINIAN RALEIGH, N.C. SINGLE COPY 25¢ N.C.'s Semi-Weekly DEDICATED TO THE SPIRIT OF JESUS CHRIST VOL. 48, NO. 35 MONDAY APRIL 3, 1989

# **Nursing Issue Studied** Attracting Personnel

**Eliminate Shortages** 

**To The Area** The Legislative Study Commission on Nursing has issued a report which proposes a multifaceted approach to eliminating the nursing shortage in North Carolina. The major emphasis of the recommendations is to attract

more persons to the nursing profes-

sion.

Rep. Martin Nesbitt, co-chair of the study commission, said that last spring the General Assembly was made aware of the critical nature of the nursing shortage at North Carolina Memorial Hospital in Chapel Hill. An ad hoc committee on nursing was formed which studied the problem statewide and determined that part of the shortage was caused by noncompetitive nursing salaries in state institutions. In June 1988, the General Assembly appropriated \$3.5 million to increase nurse salaries in these institutions. Another bill also established the Legislative Study Commission on Nursing.

The 14-member commission is cochaired by Sen. Marvin Ward and Rep. Martin Nesbitt. Members of the General Assembly serving on the commission are senators Wanda Hunt, William Martin and Kenneth Royall and representatives Ed Bowen, Jack Hunt, and Barney Woodard. In addition there are six public members including four nurses and two administrators representing hospital and long-term

As the group of demonstrators (See INSIDE AFRICA, P. 2)

(See NURSING, P. 2)

## **Chairman Asks Entire CR** Commission To Quit

### BY CHESTER A. HIGGINS, SR.

NNPA News Editor WASHINGTON, D.C.-In one of the most bizarre activities of an organization that has had more than its share in recent years of loony, offthe-wall events and personalities, the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights was asked by its chairman, William Barclay Allen, to resign en masse from this "badly fractured" commission that has been "rendered impotent.

Allen's startling invitation came after he had replied to 38 questions in a 23-page document concerning his arrest at gunpoint on the White Mountain, Ariz. Indian Reservation after allegations that he kidnapped a 14-year-old Apache girl in a celebrated adoption case, and ueried her "as to where she wished

to live." The case was brought to Commissioner Allen's attention last year, and he journeyed to the reservation with an NBC-TV camera crew and a commission consultant, Barry Goodfield, a psychologist, it was reported.

The case involves Lalita Altaha, 14, who had been adopted as an infant by a white couple, Nadine and Normand Desrochers. She had been returned, however, under court order last year to live with her natural mother, Thurza Altaha, Allen learned that the little girl had lived with her adoptive parents off the reservation nearly all her life, and he wanted to know whether she had been given a chance to say where she preferred to live.

In a Keystone Cops-'n'-robbers caper, Allen, Goodfield and some

'The first step in preventing child abuse is education, so we make an extra effort to inform the community during Child Abuse Prevention Month in April," says Vera Khayrallah, director of the Exchange Club Child Abuse Prevention Center.

"Citizens can help prevent child abuse by knowing the warning signs and how to report a suspected case of abuse or neglect-it's up to each of us to help stop child abuse," said Ms. Khavrallah.

"Through cases such as the highly publicized Lisa Steinberg death, we have seen the result of people looking the other way when it comes to child abuse. We must each do our part to restitution, community service, and ensure that this does not happen in our community. Individuals are not held criminally liable for reporting a suspected child abuse case if the report is made in good faith—mean-ing without malice," she said. The Exchange Club Center is one of

a network of 49 Exchange Club Centers in 26 states and one in Puerto Rico coordinated by the National Exchange Club Foundation for the

volunteers visit the families at home to demonstrate proper parenting (See CHILD ABUSE, P. 2)

## **Just 'Locking 'Em Up' Means** Throwing Away More Than Key

BY LAO RUBERT Special To The CAROLINIAN **An Analysis** 

Convicted last year of a lengthy list of forgeries, Deborah W. prepared to serve out her punishment outside a prison cell instead of in one.

Her sentence-a "Community Penalties" plan involving financial close supervision-was a wise one. Deborah, a 35-year-old mother, is a non-violent offender. So, clearly, no one would benefit by locking up Deborah and throwing away the key. Taxpayers wouldn't benefit, since

putting Deborah behind bars would cost a steep \$12,000 per year. The victims wouldn't benefit. And neither would Deborah herself-because prison could delay but not defuse her old patterns.

The reason is that Deborah was shoplifting and writing bad checks purely to support a drug habit. For Deborah, prison would be unlikely to end that habit, and out on the street

again-still drug-dependent-she could be expected to return again to her former crimes.

What Community Penalties offers Deborah is a new life and ways to change the old one. Through mandatory attendance at Alcoholics Anonymous meetings and counseling at a mental health center, Deborah today is drug-free and starting college. Lest anyone doubt that she is being "punished," she is still under daily Intensive Probation. And she is performing unpaid community service and paying the victims financial restitution.

For taxpayers, a Community Penalties plan costs one-sixth the price of prison.

Currently, Community Penalties programs-and happy endings like Deborah's—are under way in 13 judicial districts. Judges are expected to approve some 468 such plans for non-violent offenders like Deborah this fiscal year. And in Raleigh legislators have recently ap-

proved \$29 million for expanded community penalties programs, plus funds for added probation officers, electronic house arrest and other prison alternatives.

I hope constituents will join me in congratulating our lawmakers for this important step. They have made a major commitment to communitybased sanctions. Prison construction. however, continues to be the primary solution to our corrections ills. In response to a lawsuit that challenged prison conditions in 49 state prisons, legislators have voted \$48 million for new prison construction.

They have agreed to a settlement requiring the state to stop stacking prisoners three bunks high and to provide 50 squre feet per inmate rather than face costly federal takeover of our system.

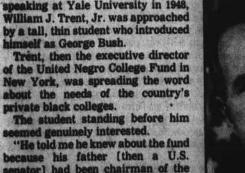
That \$48 million expenditure is just a start. "Over an eight-year period we will spend \$600 million," predicted Senate Democratic leader Henson (See LOCKING UP, P. 2)

**Educator Puts Faith in Bush As President And A Friend Of UNCF** 

GREENSBORO (AP)-After speaking at Yale University in 1948, William J. Trent, Jr. was approached by a tall, thin student who introduced

because his father [then a U.S. benator] had been chairman of the hund in Connecticut," Trent recalls. The conversation was the beginn-ing of a friendship. Trent and Bush visited in each other's homes. In 1987, when Trent received an honorary doctorate from Livingstone College in Salisbury, Bush sent a personal note of congratulations.

e Bush has become president



GEORGE BUSH

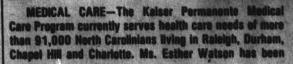
of the United States.

Right after Bush's election last fall, the United Negro College Fund invited him to address its annual meeting March 9 in New York. When the fund received no reply, its leaders turned to Trent, long retired to Greensboro.

Trent jotted off a note to Bush. Trent jotted off a note to Bush. Trent doubts the note had anything to do with it, but one thing is certain: On March 9, Bush delivered the keynote address at the fund's dinner. Trent and his wife, Viola, were seated nearby

A few days before the Bush speech, a White House staff member called to invite the Trents to the White House and to fly with the president on Air Force One to New York for the

The Trents had lunch at the White House, toured the big house and pos-ed for photos with the president in the (See EDUCATOR, P. 2)



ce and re Carolina region. Me. Jan Carter is the new hip services supervisor and Greg Lee is the Ship Services supervisor and Greg Lee is the ry buyer for the North Carolina region.

