

PUnder Bush Attracks New BlackVoters

BY JESSICA LEE Special to The CAROLINIAN Rick Williams, owner of Milwaukee's Famous Amos Cookie Studio, persuaded nine of his friends to spend \$500 apiece to dine on a lunnch of cold cuts. A selling point: seats right in front

of the guest of honor, President Bush. Traditionally, many blacks have favored the Democrats. But Williams, 38, his friends and other black, upwardly mobile professionals are taking a new look at the Republicans.

Americans in this town who have said we are no longer going to let it be taken for granted that all African-Americans are going to be Democrats," Williams says. Williams' comments-echoed by

"There's a nucleus of African- black professionals at other Bush stops—are seen by Republicans as a reflection of Bush's popularity.

"He's clearly well received in the black community," says Mary Matalin of the Republican National committee. "I do think we're (the party) making great strides." Bush is trying to broaden that appeal. In Chicago, where Democrats have dominated politics, he made a special pitch to minoritics: "I am

here today to throw open the doors to

the two-party system. I am inviting

Chicago to return to the party of Lincolnt

Republican lawyer Todd Miles, 36, says Bush's appeal is working for two reasons:

(See GEORGE BUSH, P. 2)

Public Hearing Requested Judge Defends Conduct Charge

Violating Lawyers' **Ethics** Code

A Wake County District Court judge who testified before the Judicial Standards Commission on an improper conduct charge waived confidentiality and became the second judge in the commission's history to

request a public hearing. Judge Stafford G. Bullock defended himself against a charge of improper conduct during a trial when he ordered a lawyer, Richard N. "Gus" Gusler, into custody. Because the courtroom lacked a holding cell, the bailiff handcuffed Gusler to a chair for about 45 minutes.

Testifying before the commission, Bullock said that if he had to do it over he would issue formal contempt proceedings against the lawyer. During the proceedings in Wake District Court, in March 1969, Bullock never issued a contempt citation before ordering the bailiff to take custody of Gusler.

Bullock said Gusler provoked the incident by asking to withdraw from a case and repeatedly refusing to give a reason and telling the judge "do what you have to do."

Gusler said that giving a reason would have meant disclosing confidential information about his client and violating the lawyers' ethic code. Bullock said he had not asked for lentails, but for a reason. He said he needed a reason to allow the attorney w and aft impasse ordered Gusler into custody and warned he wouuld take other measures against him Bullock told Gusler that he would not in the future grant continuances for him, appoint him to represent indigents or accept his recommendations and would require his clients to plead guilty or not guilty as charged. The county's chief District Court judge, George F. Bason, later ed that none of Gusler's cases be taken before Judge Bullock. The order remains in effect and the Judicial Standards Commission continues disciplinary proceedings against the judge initiated by special counsel, James J. Coman, who said the judge's actions amounted to conduct prejudicial to the administration of ju stice



CONGRATULATIONS—Friendly officer, Clarence Willia of the Raleigh Police Dept., is seen giving congrate to proud father Linwood Chavis and son Gareem. Wi

is riding Mr. McGoo, named by Wille York, the father of the former Mayor Smodes York and developer of the first center in this area, Cameron Village. (Photo by Hes. Sr.)

States Making Cuts In Programs Needed For Women, Infants

BY BENJAMIN F. CHAVIS, JR.

To our dismay, many states are now following the lead of the federal government in cutting more programs that provide direct assistance to poor women and children. A large percentage of these women and children are from the African-American, Latino-American, Native American and other racial and ethnic communities. This emerging situation is another example of how our society inflicts cruelty on "the least of these" in our midst.

The new targets of federal and state budget axes are women and children who are already considered to be "high-risk" for malnutrition. The official name of the program to be cut drastically is the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants and Children.

The Bush Administration concluded that cuts in WIC were necessary because of increases in food costs. Yet the Department of Agriculture has food surpluses in some food items.

Of all the public welfare programs in the United States, the WIC-program has been evaluated to be one of the most successful. The program has provided millions of low-income families with vouchers to buy basic food items such as milk, cheese, infant formula, cereal, eggs and orange juice. The Reagan administration was not able to cut the WIC program

because of its effectiveness in saving lives and helping to prevent cases of infant mortality. According to recent reports, nearly half of the states have responded by eliminating hundreds of thousands from the WIC program. This nation has its priorities in the wrong place. The WIC program currently serves one-third of all babies born in the nation and the cuts in this program will have fatal after-

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necessary because of increases in food costs. Yet the U.S. Depart-

ment of Agriculture has food surpluses in some food items. Also, now

(See WIC DEFENSE, P. 2)

N.C. Counties Eligible For \$1 **Million Grants To Ease Poverty**

WINSTON-SALEM-The Z. Smith Reynolds Foundation recently announced a major new initiative, the Opportunities for Famililes Fund, designed to help move poor families in services exist, and how better to Following a two-stage, year-long grants competition, the foundation will select up to five counties for grants up to \$1 million each to implement structural reforms and improvements in their comprehensive efforts to help poor and dependent

gram, the foundation is offering county governments the chance to rethink how public and private services are

cy all run rampant," Ms. Mountcastle said. "The human tragedy is in the housing projects of every city, the back roads of every farm community, and hollows of every mountain Poverty a everywhere around us in North Carolina. They extract a growing toll on the lives of our citizens and on the (See GRANTS, P.2)

The proceeding became the first for the commission in public in a decade an Bullock requested a public when Bahearing.

The commission members include judges, lawyers and non-lawyers and has not announced its decision that could recommend that the Supreme Court censure or remove Bullock.

families. All 100 counties in North Carolina are eligible to apply for the grants, and the grants competition is open only to county governments in North Carolina.

The Opportunities for Families Fund represents one of the largest in-itiatives in the 54-year history of the indation.

"The purpose of the Opportunties for Families Fund is to encourage counties to rededicate themselves to fundamental reform and improvefundamental reform and improve-ment in their efforts to help poor families escape the clutches of pover-ty," said Thomas W. Lambeth, ex-ecutive director of the Z. Smith Reynolds Foundation. Mary Mountcastle, a trustee of the foundation and chair of the commit-tee that developed the OFF initiative, said, "By establishing the OFF pro-

et the rai e of t in poverty have.

"The demographic data are alarm-ing—illiteracy, infant mortality, teen pregnancies, and welfare dependen-

Inside Africa **Mandela Thanks America For Support**

BY LARRY A. STILL Nelson Mandela "is visiting the United States through the generosity of the American people," Roger Wilkins, national visit coordinator, said in Washington at the Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal Church before the world-popular African National Congress deputy president arrived in New York to begin a 10-day, eight-city tour of the country

of the country. He is coming "to thank the American people for their crucial support over the years (and) he is asking for continuations of sanctions until there is a new constitution and until there is a new constitution and one-person, one-vote in South Africa," said Lindiwe Mabuza, chief U.S. representative of the ANC. "A third goal is to raise financial sup-port... to pay for his visit, and for humanitarian projects in South Africa, many of which are currently supported from ANC funds," Mabuza added. She estimated the cost of the trip at \$400,000 to \$500,000. In addition to raising funds for ex-penses, organizers hoped to raise millions of dollars to aid the ANC liberation struggle and support

iberation struggle and support ducational and charitable programs the vistime of racist apartheid, r the victims of racist apartheid, coording to officials. Funds were used at public events costing \$5 to 5 and at receptions and dinners s \$100 to \$2,500, Mabuza said, in ion to sale of licensed Mandela memorabilis and promotional material such as tee-shirts, photos and posters. Ms. Winnie Mandela at-tended most of the receptions. Decisions on the visit were made by a national executive committee

nal executive committee naisted of Mabuza, Wilking executive director I Rev. Jesse Jackson and ader William Lucy, mensurer of the American of State, County and led major labor organizations in help-

ing to sponsor the Mandela tour. After arriving in New York to be welcomed by Gov. Mario Cuomo and Mayor David Dinkins with a tickertape parade, a City Hall reception and Harlem meetings with African-American leaders, Mandela addressed the United Nations, met with President George Bush at the White House, spoke at a joint session of Con-gress and had breakfast with the Consional Black Caucus in addition gre to visiting Boston, Atlanta, Miami,

Detroit, Los Angeles and Oakland. He receptions and union visits. was welcomed by local reception committees headed by black mayors in most of the cities.

The massive activities ranged from ecumenical religious services, a Yankee Stadium rally, meetings with corporate presidents and antiapartheid activists to a visit to Dr. Martin Luther King's grave, receiving honorary degrees from historical-ly black colleges and universities, including St. Augustine's College in Raleigh, and attending Hollywood

However, Mabuza cautioned that the schedule was "subject to change and reduction as health, logistics and security considerations are examined in further detail." A physician travels with the 72-year-old Mandela, but he is not ailing, Ms. Mabuza emphasized.

The national Mandela reception committee comprised prominent Americans from many fields such as

(See INSIDE AFRICA, P. 2)



SELLING OF MANDELA-During his visit to America, the tan Congross, M nt of the Ma

tices from the sophi is solling Mandels model have a or was sol ion, D.C. lest week. (Photo by Talli streets of Wa

VES PLAQUE—Above teft; Dr. Marien Phillips, the ne Antes Dr. Dudley E. Plant, in t for Eto Sigma Chapter, congratulates Dr. I e autosina president, Dr. Fined received a Dir ACCEPTED D from the or