PAGE 16-THE CAROLINIAN-THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1992



POWER COUPLES-"Power Couples" such as Illinois executives Desiree and John Rogers (left photo) and California legislature officials Leola (Roscoe) and Ronald Dellums, tell how they juggle "marital bliss and high-profile careers." Desiree, a top Illinois Lottery executive, says she and her husband try to make "efficient use of our weekends"; as John, the founder of Chicago's successful Ariel Capital Management, reports that he tries to find "fun places to go," because of his wife's love of traveling.

Lawmakers Eyes On Loopholes Among **Problems Of Wis. Hate Crimes Law**

MADISON, Wis. (AP)-An Arab and Jew were among the witnesses who asked that lawmakers pass a bill to eliminate problems they say make Wisconsin's Hate Crimes law difficult to enforce.

A black woman, an Asian-American man and a prosecutor also asked Thursday for more teeth in the law that provides greater penalties when a crime is motivated by prejudice.

"We are all citizens under one roof," Fahed Raad of Wauwatosa. representing the Middle East Policy Council, told the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Whenever anyone victimizes someone else because of his or her race, religion or national origin, he said, "Something is wrong and should be treated very strongly."

"We hope our local cooperation will be contagious and will be successful on the international level as well," Mordecai Lee, executive di- Madison, representing the Japa-

Council, said. They and others supported As-

sembly Bill 507, which would make several changes in the law.

The law provides increased prison terms of up to five years and increased fines of up to \$10,000 if a jury finds that a crime was committed solely because of the criminal's prejudice against the victim's race, religion, color, disability, sexual orientation, national origin or ancestry.

One problem with the present law is that it does not apply to someone who attacks another person in the mistaken belief that the victim is of a certain race, national origin or sexual persuasion, the bill's supporters said.

That's what happened in La Crosse when a Japanese man was mistakenly attacked in the belief he was Hmong, said Paul Kasuda of

rector of the Milwaukee Jewish nese-American Citizens League. He said there were assaults on

people of Asian heritage in Madison. Milwaukee and Appleton last year and the attack in La Crosse in 1990. "In tough economic times, race relations also get very tough," said Betty Franklin-Hammonds, president of the Madison Urban League. "It's as though we need someone to blame." The bill also would allow in-

creased penalties even if prejudice is not the sole reason for a crime. Under current law, a defendant can say he beat and robbed a gay man because he needed the money as well as hated homosexuals, said David Feiss of Wauwatosa, speaking for the Wisconsin District Attorneys Association.

"The question here is how much hate is acceptable, and I don't think that's a question that we want to try to answer," Feiss said.

The committee took no immediate action on the bill.

Attack Victim Meets With E. Holyfield

NEW YORK, N.Y. (AP)-A racial attack had at least one ray of sunshine for the 12-year-old victim. He had lunch with his sports idol, heavyweight champion Evander Holyfield.

The two were brought together last Friday after the champion's promoter saw a newspaper photograph of Bryan Figueroa's room and noticed a Holyfield poster hanging on the wall.

When I read about this horrible thing, I thought about what the kid was going through ... and I wanted to talk to him and let him know revenge is not the answer," Holyfield

The seventh-grader was waiting for a school bus Jan. 13 when he was jumped by several white youths, taunted and covered with white paint. It was one of more than a dozen racially motivated attacks that have occurred in the city since Jan. 6.

The youngster, his face hidden behind a red ski mask because his attackers have not been arrested, said he felt embarrassed, humiliated and defenseless after the attack

Holyfield, who grew up in an integrated poor neighborhood in Atlanta, said he has never experienced that kind of racial hatred. "We were

Congratulations

AKA Sorority

all poor, that g

Yet he Bryan didn't feel reve answe

"I told him to try and have a fe giving heart... to forgive the for what they've done and n anyb

"I will follow his words and n out looking for revenge," the ster said. "But I'm a anyway.

The champion gave Bryan a of boxing gloves and "the kid, Holyfield called him, got the che to do what few others have ever give Holyfield a right to the chin



COPELAND'S ELECTRICAL SERVICE, Inc.



BOSTON (AP)- What was once AIDS, welfare and drug abuse. America's vacation on wheels is being rolled out to combat infant mortality.

death rates in the county, health project and a student at Harvard

"To expect one van in a few neighborhoods to reduce the infant remain on the van, offering tests and mortality rate is wrong," said Cheryl referrals, while two others take to the Spurred by one of the worst infant Dorsey, Oriol's assistant on the streets, inviting people to stop by.

centers At each stop, two people will Before they can hope to make a

driving the streets of Boston's inner city inviting minority residents to set a spell in the comfy confines of a 35foot long motor vehicle.

Dubbed the family van, the project assistance to people unwilling or unable to get to the services themselves.

"For people who don't trust the health system, they need some place them can at least meet us," Dr. Nancy Oriol, founder and executive director of the van project, said before the van's maiden voyage Wednesday.

Like the "MOMs Van" in Washington, D.C., the Boston project is both a sad sign of the times and a glimmer of hope.

"At a time when society's under tremendous pressures," including the recession and rising unemployment, "every little project counts," said Dr. Benjamin Sachs, obstetrician-chief gynecologist at Beth Isreal Hospital, had seen a few to have something to celebrate in these hard times."

Oriol's van idea stemmed from a radio report she heard while driving one day nearly two years ago.

Here are the grim statistics she heard on the morning news: In 1989, black babies in Massachusetts died at a rate of 18.8 for every 1,000 live births, 2.8 times the white rate of 6.6 per thousand.

In the city of Boston, the numbers were even worse. Black babies were dying at a rate of 18.2 percent, compared to 5 deaths per thousand for white babies.

Oriol, head of obstetric anethesia at Beth Iseal Hospital, had seen a few close calls herself.

"I saw two pregnant women who had seizures brought into the emergency room. Neither one of them had prenatel care," she said. "If somebody had checked their blook pressure, they wouldn't have been in intensive care."

The Family Van will check blood pressure. It will also offer pregnancy testing and diabetes screening. Most importantly, the 35-foot van, staffed by four health and social service experts, will offer information and education. Staffers will answer questions on housing, insurance,

give out a lot of information on things minority residents. like nutrition and HIV; we'll increase

people's access to services."

churches, soup kitchens and youth services.

officials and community activists are Medical School and the Kennedy dent in infant mortality, organizers School of Government. "But we will want to develop a rapport with

"We want to create a comfortable, safe space so if they want our help The van will roll through the streets we're here," said Doresy. "If we push is an attempt to bring medical of Boston's inner city from 1-4 p.m. too hard, we'll lose them altogether." weekdays, stopping at common To help build trust, the van meeting places such as markets, promises anonymous or confidential



